

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2015 二零一五年三月三十一日

1. 公司資料

泰昇集團控股有限公司為一間於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司。

本公司之註冊辦事處位於Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda。本公司之主要營業地點位於香港黃竹坑香葉道2號One Island South 20樓。

於本年度內，本集團經營下列主要業務：

- 地基打樁
- 物業發展
- 物業投資及管理

本公司之母公司為Tides Holdings II Ltd.。Tides Holdings II Ltd.於英屬處女群島(「英屬處女群島」)註冊成立。本公司之最終控股公司為The Blackstone Group L.P.，其股份於紐約證券交易所上市。

2.1 編製賬目之基準

該等財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(包括所有香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)及詮釋)、香港公認會計準則及香港公司條例之披露規定(由於本公司未有提早採納香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)發出之經修訂證券上市規則(「上市規則」)，故為前香港公司條例(第32章)所載者)。其採用歷史成本法編製(投資物業及衍生金融工具按公平值計算除外)。除另有註明外，本財務報表以港元為單位，而所有價值均調整至最接近之千位數值。

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Tysan Holdings Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda.

The registered office of the Company is located at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda. The principal place of business of the Company is located at 20th Floor, One Island South, No. 2 Heung Yip Road, Wong Chuk Hang, Hong Kong.

During the year, the Group was involved in the following principal activities:

- foundation piling
- property development
- property investment and management

The holding company of the Company is Tides Holdings II Ltd., a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands ("BVI") and ultimately controlled by The Blackstone Group L.P., which is listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, which because the Company has not early adopted the revised Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") issued by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"), are those of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32). They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investment properties and derivative financial instruments which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.



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2.1 編製賬目之基準(續)

綜合賬目基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度之財務報表。附屬公司與本公司之財務報告的報告期間相同，並採用一致會計政策編製。附屬公司之業績由本集團獲取控制權當日起綜合賬目，直至該控制權終止之日為止。

本公司擁有人及非控股股東權益應佔損益及其他全面收益各組成部分，即使由此引致非控股股東權益結餘為負數。本集團成員公司之間交易所產生的集團內部資產及負債、權益、收入、開支及現金流均在綜合賬目時全數對銷。

倘事實及情況顯示下文附屬公司會計政策所述的三項控制因素之一項或多項出現變動，本集團會重新評估其是否控制被投資公司。附屬公司的所有權權益變動(沒有失去控制權)，按權益交易入賬。

倘本集團失去於附屬公司之控股權，則終止確認(i)附屬公司之資產(包括商譽)及負債，(ii)任何非控股股東權益之賬面值及(iii)於權益列賬之累計匯兌差額；並確認入賬(i)已收代價之公平值，(ii)任何保留之投資之公平值及(iii)計入損益之盈餘或虧絀。本集團過往於其他全面收益確認之所佔部分重新分類至損益或保留溢利，視何者適用而定，倘本集團已直接出售相關資產及負債則須以同一基準確認。

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (Cont'd)

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2015. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributable to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described in the accounting policy for subsidiaries below. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

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2.2 會計政策及披露之變動

本集團已於編製本年度財務報表時首次採納下列經修訂準則及新詮釋。

香港財務報告準則 投資實體
第10號、
香港財務報告準則
第12號及
香港會計準則
第27號
(二零一一年)之修訂

香港會計準則第32號 抵銷金融資產
之修訂 及金融負債

香港會計準則第39號 衍生工具之
之修訂 更替及
對沖會計
之延續

香港(國際財務報告
詮釋委員會)
— 詮釋第21號 徵稅

香港財務報告準則 歸屬條件
第2號之修訂本 之定義¹
(載入二零一零年
至二零一二年週期
之年度改進)

香港財務報告準則 業務合併中
第3號之修訂本 或然代價
(載入二零一零年至 之入賬¹
二零一二年週期之
年度改進)

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following revised standards and new interpretation for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 10, *Investment Entities*
HKFRS 12 and
HKAS 27 (2011)

Amendments to HKAS 32 *Offsetting Financial Assets and
Financial Liabilities*

Amendments to HKAS 39 *Novation of Derivatives and
Continuation of Hedge
Accounting*

HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 *Levies*

Amendment to HKFRS 2 *Definition of Vesting Condition*¹
included in *Annual
Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle*

Amendment to HKFRS 3 included *Accounting for Contingent
in Annual Improvements Consideration in a Business
2010-2012 Cycle Combination*¹

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2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

香港財務報告準則
第13號之修訂本
(載入二零一零年至
二零一二年週期之
年度改進)

短期應收款項
及應付款項

香港財務報告準則
第1號之修訂本
(載入二零一一年至
二零一三年週期之
年度改進)

香港財務報告
準則有效性
之涵義

¹ 自二零一四年七月一日起生效

採納上述經修訂準則及詮釋對該等財務報表並無重大財務影響。

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (Cont'd)

Amendment to HKFRS 13
included in *Annual
Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle*

*Short-term Receivables
and Payables*

Amendment to HKFRS 1
included in *Annual
Improvements 2011-2013 Cycle*

Meaning of Effective HKFRSs

¹ Effective from 1 July 2014

The adoption of the above revised standards and interpretation has had no significant financial effect on these financial statements.

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2.3 尚未採納之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例項下之新披露規定

本集團尚未於本財務報表採用以下已頒佈但未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則。

香港財務報告準則第9號	財務工具 ⁴
香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號(二零一一年)之修訂	投資者及其聯營公司或合營公司之間之資產出售或注資 ²
香港財務報告準則第10號、香港財務報告準則第12號及香港會計準則第28號(二零一一年)之修訂	投資實體：應用綜合賬目之例外情況 ²
香港財務報告準則第11號之修訂	收購聯合經營權益之會計法 ²
香港財務報告準則第14號	管制遞延賬目 ⁵
香港財務報告準則第15號	客戶合約之收益 ³
香港會計準則第1號之修訂	披露計劃 ²
香港會計準則第16號及香港會計準則第38號之修訂	釐清折舊及攤銷之可接受方法 ²
香港會計準則第16號及香港會計準則第41號之修訂	農業：生產性植物 ²
香港會計準則第19號之修訂	定義福利計劃：僱員貢獻 ¹

2.3 NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs AND NEW DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE HONG KONG COMPANIES ORDINANCE NOT YET ADOPTED

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

HKFRS 9	<i>Financial Instruments</i> ⁴
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (2011)	<i>Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture</i> ²
Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28 (2011)	<i>Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception</i> ²
Amendments to HKFRS 11	<i>Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations</i> ²
HKFRS 14	<i>Regulatory Deferral Accounts</i> ⁵
HKFRS 15	<i>Revenue from Contracts with Customers</i> ³
Amendments to HKAS 1	<i>Disclosure Initiative</i> ²
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38	<i>Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation</i> ²
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 41	<i>Agriculture: Bearer Plants</i> ²
Amendments to HKAS 19	<i>Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions</i> ¹



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2.3 尚未採納之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例項下之新披露規定(續)

香港會計準則 第27號 (二零一一年) 之修訂	獨立財務報表 之權益法 ²
二零一零年至 二零一二年週期 之年度改進	修訂多項香港 財務報告準則 ¹
二零一一年至 二零一三年週期 之年度改進	修訂多項香港 財務報告準則 ¹
二零一二年至 二零一四年週期 之年度改進	修訂多項香港 財務報告準則 ²

- 1 於二零一四年七月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效
- 2 於二零一六年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效
- 3 於二零一七年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效
- 4 於二零一八年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效
- 5 適用於就其二零一六年一月一日或之後開始的年度財務報表首次採納香港財務報告準則的實體，故不適用於本集團

此外，香港公司條例(第622章)將影響若干資料於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度綜合財務報表之呈列及披露。本集團正在評估該等變動之影響。

2.3 NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs AND NEW DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE HONG KONG COMPANIES ORDINANCE NOT YET ADOPTED (Cont'd)

Amendments to HKAS 27 (2011)	<i>Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements</i> ²
<i>Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle</i>	Amendments to a number of HKFRSs ¹
<i>Annual Improvements 2011-2013 Cycle</i>	Amendments to a number of HKFRSs ¹
<i>Annual Improvements 2012-2014 Cycle</i>	Amendments to a number of HKFRSs ²

- 1 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014
- 2 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016
- 3 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017
- 4 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018
- 5 Effective for an entity that first adopts HKFRSs for its annual financial statements beginning on or after 1 January 2016 and therefore is not applicable to the Group

In addition, the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) will affect the presentation and disclosure of certain information in the consolidated financial statements for the year ending 31 March 2016. The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of these changes.



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2.3 尚未採納之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例項下之新披露規定(續)

預期將適用於本集團之該等香港財務報告準則之進一步資料載列如下：

香港財務報告準則第15號建立一個新之五步模式，將應用於自客戶合約產生之收益。根據香港財務報告準則第15號，收益按能反映實體預期就交換向客戶轉讓貨物或服務而有權獲得之代價金額確認。香港財務報告準則第15號之原則為計量及確認收益提供更加結構化之方法。該準則亦引入廣泛之定性及定量披露規定，包括分拆收益總額，關於履行責任、不同期間之合約資產及負債賬目結餘之變動以及主要判斷及估計之資料。該準則將取代香港財務報告準則項下所有現時收益確認之規定。本集團預期於二零一七年四月一日採納香港財務報告準則第15號，目前正評估採納香港財務報告準則第15號之影響。

於二零一四年一月頒佈之香港財務報告準則二零一零年至二零一二年週期之年度改進載列多項香港財務報告準則之修訂。除附註2.2所述者外，本集團預期於二零一五年四月一日開始之會計期間採納該等修訂。預期該等修訂概不會對本集團構成重大財務影響。最適用於本集團之修訂詳情如下：

香港財務報告準則第8號經營分部：釐清實體於應用香港財務報告準則第8號內之綜合標準時必須披露管理層作出之判斷，包括所綜合經營分部之概況以及用於評估分部是否類似時之經濟特徵。該等修訂亦釐清分部資產與總資產之對賬僅在該對賬報告予最高營運決策者之情況下方須披露。

本集團正評估此等新訂及經修訂之香港財務報告準則於初步採納時所產生之影響，惟現階段尚未能指出此等新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則是否會對本集團營運業績及財務狀況構成任何重大影響。

2.3 NEW AND REVISED HKFRSs AND NEW DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE HONG KONG COMPANIES ORDINANCE NOT YET ADOPTED (Cont'd)

Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is as follows:

HKFRS 15 establishes a new five-step model that will apply to revenue arising from contracts with customers. Under HKFRS 15, revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The principles in HKFRS 15 provide a more structured approach for measuring and recognising revenue. The standard also introduces extensive qualitative and quantitative disclosure requirements, including disaggregation of total revenue, information about performance obligations, changes in contract asset and liability account balances between periods and key judgements and estimates. The standard will supersede all current revenue recognition requirements under HKFRSs. The Group expects to adopt HKFRS 15 on 1 April 2017 and is currently assessing the impact of HKFRS 15 upon adoption.

The *Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle* issued in January 2014 sets out amendments to a number of HKFRSs. Except for those described in note 2.2, the Group expects to adopt the amendments for the accounting period commencing from 1 April 2015. None of the amendments are expected to have a significant financial impact on the Group. Details of the amendment most applicable to the Group are as follows:

HKFRS 8 *Operating Segments*: Clarifies that an entity must disclose the judgements made by management in applying the aggregation criteria in HKFRS 8, including a brief description of operating segments that have been aggregated and the economic characteristics used to assess whether the segments are similar. The amendments also clarify that a reconciliation of segment assets to total assets is only required to be disclosed if the reconciliation is reported to the chief operating decision maker.

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of these new and revised HKFRSs upon initial application but is not yet in a position to state whether these new and revised HKFRSs would have a significant impact on its results of operations and financial position.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要

附屬公司

附屬公司指受本公司直接或間接控制的實體(包括結構性實體)。倘本集團透過參與被投資方業務而享有或有權取得被投資方的可變回報，且有能力對被投資方行使權力影響有關回報，則本集團擁有該實體的控制權(即現時賦予本集團指導被投資方相關活動的能力)。

倘本公司直接或間接擁有的被投資方投票權或類似權利不及大半，則評估本公司對被投資方是否擁有權力時，本集團會考慮所有相關事實及情況，包括：

- (a) 與該被投資方其他投票權擁有人的合約安排；
- (b) 根據其他合約安排所享有的權利；及
- (c) 本集團的投票權及潛在投票權。

附屬公司之業績(指已收取及應收之股息而言)已計入本公司之損益表內。本公司於附屬公司之權益乃按成本減任何減值虧損列賬。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The results of subsidiaries are included in the Company's statement of profit or loss to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's interests in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment losses.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

於聯營公司的投資

聯營公司乃本集團於其股本投票權擁有一般不少於20%之長期權益及可對其行使重大影響力之實體，惟並非附屬公司。重大影響力指參與被投資方財政及經營決策的權力，但非控制或聯合控制該等政策。

本集團於聯營公司的權益乃以權益會計法，按本集團分佔資產淨值減任何減值虧損，在綜合財務狀況表列賬。

本集團應佔聯營公司收購後業績及其他全面收益分別於本集團綜合損益及其他全面收益內列賬。此外，倘直接於聯營公司的權益確認一項變動，則本集團會視乎情況於綜合權益變動表確認應佔任何變動。本集團與其聯營公司進行交易所產生的未變現收益及虧損均予以對銷，並以本集團於聯營公司的權益為限，惟倘有證據顯示未變現虧損是由於所轉讓資產出現減值所致除外。

若本集團失去對聯營公司的重大影響力，會按公平值計量及確認留存投資。失去對聯營公司的重大影響力時聯營公司的賬面值與留存投資公平值加出售所得款項之間的差額於損益確認。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Cont'd)**Investments in associates**

An associate is an entity in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The Group's interests in associates are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of associates are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated other comprehensive income, respectively. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the associates, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred.

Upon loss of significant influence over the associate, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate upon loss of significant influence and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)**公平值計量**

本集團於各呈報期結算日按公平值計量投資物業、衍生金融工具及股權投資。公平值指於計量日市場參與者之間的有序交易中，就出售資產所收取之價格或轉讓負債所支付之價格。計量公平值時假設出售資產或轉讓負債之交易於資產或負債的主要市場或(在未有主要市場的情況下)最有利市場進行。主要或最有利市場須為本集團能參與的市場。假設市場參與者基於最佳經濟利益行事，資產或負債的公平值使用市場參與者為資產或負債定價所用假設計量。

非金融資產之公平值計量會計及市場參與者將資產用於最高增值及最佳用途或售予會將資產用於最高增值及最佳用途之另一名市場參與者而創造經濟利益的能力。

本集團針對不同情況使用不同估值方法，確保有足夠數據計量公平值，並盡量利用相關可觀察數據，減少使用不可觀察數據。

**2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Cont'd)*****Fair value measurement***

The Group measures its investment properties, derivative financial instruments and equity investments at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

公平值計量(續)

公平值於財務報表計量或披露之所有資產及負債，均基於對計量公平值整體而言屬重要之最低層輸入數據按下述公平值層級分類：

- 第一層— 按同等資產或負債於活躍市場之報價(未經調整)
- 第二層— 按公平值計量而言屬重大的可觀察(直接或間接)最低級別輸入數據的估值方法
- 第三層— 按公平值計量而言屬重大的不可觀察最低級別輸入數據的估值方法

就按經常性基準於財務報表確認之資產及負債而言，本集團透過於各報告期末重新評估分類(根據對計量公平值整體而言屬重要的最低層輸入數據)，釐定公平值層級之間是否出現轉移。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Cont'd)

Fair value measurement (Cont'd)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 – based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 – based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 – based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

非金融資產減值

當有跡象顯示出現減值，或須就資產（發展中物業、持有供銷售之物業、存貨、建築合約資產及金融資產除外）進行年度減值測試時，則資產之可收回金額為資產使用價值與其公平值減出售成本兩者中之較高者，並就個別資產釐定，除非有關資產並無產生大致獨立於其他資產或資產類別之現金流入。在此情況下，可收回金額乃就資產所屬現金產生單位釐定。

減值虧損僅於資產賬面值超逾可收回金額時確認。評估使用價值時，估計未來現金流量按可反映現時市場評估之貨幣時間價值及資產特定風險之稅前貼現率貼現至現值。減值虧損於產生期間自損益表中與減值資產功能相符之該等開支類別扣除。

資產乃於各報告期結束時進行評估，以決定有否跡象顯示先前已確認之減值虧損是否不再存在或已減少。倘出現該等跡象，會對可收回金額作出估計。先前確認之資產減值虧損（商譽除外）僅會於用以釐定資產可收回金額之估計改變時撥回，惟撥回後之數額不得高於假設過往年度並無就資產確認減值虧損而應釐定之賬面值（扣除任何折舊／攤銷）。減值虧損之撥回於產生期間計入損益表內。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Cont'd)**Impairment of non-financial assets**

When an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than properties under development, properties held for sale, inventories, construction contract assets and financial assets), the asset's recoverable amount is calculated as the higher of the asset's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of an asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

關連人士

在下列情況下，任何一方則被視為本集團之關連人士：

- (a) 該方為一名人士或該人士之家屬且該人士
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團；
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響；或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司之主要管理人員其中一名成員；

或

- (b) 該方為符合下列任何一項條件之實體：
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團之成員公司；
 - (ii) 一實體為另一實體(或另一實體之母公司、附屬公司或同系附屬公司)之聯營公司或合營企業；
 - (iii) 該實體與本集團為同一第三方之合營企業；
 - (iv) 一實體為第三方實體之合營企業及另一實體為第三方實體之聯營公司；
 - (v) 該實體為本集團或一家與本集團有關連之實體就僱員的福利而設的僱用後福利計劃；
 - (vi) 該實體受(a)所指人士控制或共同控制；及
 - (vii) (a)(i)所指人士對實體有重大影響或屬該實體(或該實體母公司)主要管理人員的其中一名成員。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Cont'd)**Related parties**

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a); and
 - (vii) a person identified in (a) (i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).



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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

物業、機器及設備以及折舊

物業、機器及設備按成本減累計折舊及任何減值虧損列賬。物業、機器及設備項目之成本包括其購買價及將資產達致運作狀況及地點以作擬定用途之任何直接應佔費用。物業、機器及設備項目啟用後所涉及之支出，例如維修保養，一般於其出現之期間自損益表中扣除。滿足確認條件的重大檢修支出將撥充資本計入資產賬面值或作為重置處理。物業、機器及設備的重要部分需按階段重置，本集團將有關部分確認為個別資產，擁有特定可使用年期，並對其作相應折舊。

折舊乃按每項物業、機器及設備之估計可使用年期以直線基準撇銷成本計算。計算折舊之主要年率如下：

列為融資租約的租賃土地	租期
樓宇	5%
設備及機器	10% - 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ %
傢俬及裝置	20%
汽車	20%
遊艇	10%
租賃物業裝修	10% - 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ %

當物業、機器及設備項目部分之可使用年期不同時，該項目之成本按合理基準在各部分間分配，而各部分將單獨計提折舊。

剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊法均於每個財政年度結束時進行檢討，並作出適當調整。

物業、機器及設備項目(包括初步確認的任何重大部分)乃於出售後或當預期使用或出售將不會產生未來經濟利益時不再確認。於資產不再確認年度之損益表內確認之任何出售或報廢收益或虧損為出售所得款項淨額與有關資產之賬面值之差額。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Cont'd)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the assets to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Leasehold land under finance lease	Over the lease terms
Buildings	5%
Equipment and machinery	10% - 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ %
Furniture and fixtures	20%
Motor vehicles	20%
Motor yacht	10%
Leasehold improvements	10% - 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ %

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately.

Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資物業

投資物業指為賺取租金收入及／或資本增值(而非作為生產或提供貨品或服務或行政管理用途)或為於日常業務過程中銷售而持有之土地及樓宇權益(包括就原應符合投資物業定義之物業根據經營租賃而持有之租賃權益)。該等物業最初按成本(包括交易成本)計算。於首次確認後，投資物業按反映報告期末之市況之公平值列賬。

投資物業公平值變動產生之收益或虧損於產生年度計入損益表內。

報廢或出售投資物業產生之任何收益或虧損於報廢或出售年度在損益表內確認。

發展中物業

發展中物業按成本減減值虧損列賬。成本包括發展期間產生之全部發展費用、借款成本及其他發展中物業直接應佔之成本。

於預售或擬出售並預期由報告期末起一年內落成之發展中物業列入流動資產內。

持有供銷售之物業

持有供銷售之物業乃以成本及可變現淨值兩者中之較低者列入財務狀況表。成本包括土地成本、於發展期間撥充資本之利息及有關物業發展之其他直接成本。可變現淨值乃參考個別物業當時之市價減直至完成為止之所有成本(如適用)及推銷及銷售之成本計算。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Cont'd)**Investment properties**

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings (including the leasehold interest under an operating lease for a property which would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the statement of profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the year of the retirement or disposal.

Properties under development

Properties under development are stated at cost less any impairment losses, which include all development expenditure, borrowing costs and other costs directly attributable to such properties incurred during the development period.

Properties under development which have either been pre-sold or which are intended for sale and are expected to be completed within one year from the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets.

Properties held for sale

Properties held for sale are stated in the statement of financial position at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the cost of land, interest capitalised during the period of development and other direct costs attributable to the development of the properties. Net realisable value is determined by reference to the prevailing market prices on an individual property basis, less all costs to completion, if applicable, and costs of marketing and selling.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

租賃

凡將資產擁有權(法定業權除外)之絕大部分回報與風險轉由本集團承受之租約均列為融資租約。於訂立融資租約時，租賃資產之成本按最低租約付款之現值撥充資本，並連同承擔(利息部分除外)入賬，以反映購入及融資情況。根據撥充資本之融資租約持有之資產均列入物業、機器及設備內，並於資產之估計可使用年內折舊。該等租約之融資成本乃於損益表中扣除，以便於租期內按固定比率扣除。

由出租者承受資產擁有權之絕大部分回報與風險之租約均列為經營租約。倘本集團為出租人，本集團根據經營租約所租賃之資產乃計入非流動資產，根據經營租約而應收之租金，乃於租期內以直線法計入損益表。

倘本集團乃承租人，經營租約之租金均按照租期以直線法自損益表扣除。

投資及其他金融資產**初步確認及計量**

金融資產於初始確認時劃分為按公平值計入損益之金融資產、貸款及應收款項及可供出售金融投資，或歸入被指定為有效對沖工具的衍生工具(如適用)。金融資產進行初始確認時以公平值另加交易費用(直接歸屬於收購金融資產)計量，惟按公平值計入損益金融資產除外。

正常情況下買入及出售之金融資產於交易日確認，即本集團承諾購入或出售該資產之日期。正常情況下買入或出售乃買入或出售須於規例或市場慣例一般設定之期間內交付資產之金融資產。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

*(Cont'd)***Leases**

Leases that transfer substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets to the Group, other than legal title, are accounted for as finance leases. At the inception of a finance lease, the cost of the leased asset is capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payments and recorded together with the obligation, excluding the interest element, to reflect the purchase and financing. Assets held under capitalised finance leases, including prepaid land lease payments under finance leases, are included in property, plant and equipment, and depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The finance costs of such leases are charged to the statement of profit or loss so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge over the lease terms.

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group under operating leases are included in non-current assets, and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to the statement of profit or loss on the straightline basis over the lease terms.

Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the statement of profit or loss on the straightline basis over the lease terms.

Investments and other financial assets**Initial recognition and measurement**

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial investments, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets, except in the case of financial assets recorded at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

其後計量

金融資產按分類所進行之其後計量如下：

按公平值計入損益之金融資產

按公平值計入損益之金融資產包括持作買賣的金融資產及初始認定時按公平值計入損益之金融資產。倘金融資產乃為於短期內出售而購入，則分類為持做買賣。衍生工具把包括獨立的嵌入式衍生工具亦被分類為持作買賣，除非彼等被指定為有效的對沖工具(定義見香港會計準則第39號)。

按公平值計入損益之金融資產於財務狀況表按公平值列賬，而其公平淨值變動則損益表列賬。此等公平淨值變動不包括該等金融資產所賺取之任何股息，此等股息乃按照下文主要會計政策中的「收益確認」原則確認。

於初步確認時指定為按公平值計入損益之金融資產在初步確認日期且僅在符合香港會計準則第39號項下標準時指定。

倘主合約之嵌入式衍生工具之經濟特性及風險並非與主合約密切相關及主合約並非持作交易用途或指定按公平值於損益表列賬，主合約之嵌入式衍生工具乃入賬列作獨立衍生工具並按公平值入賬。該等嵌入式衍生工具乃按公平值計量，而公平值之變動於損益表確認。倘合約條款有所變動而導致合約項下所須現金流量有重大修改，或金融資產自按公平值計入損益類別重新分類，方會進行重新評估。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Cont'd)

Investments and other financial assets (Cont'd)

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of sale in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments as defined by HKAS 39.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss. These net fair value changes do not include any dividends on these financial assets, which are recognised in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

Financial assets designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the date of initial recognition and only if the criteria in HKAS 39 are satisfied.

Derivatives embedded in host contracts are accounted for as separate derivatives and recorded at fair value if their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not held for trading or designated as at fair value through profit or loss. These embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Reassessment only occurs if there is either a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required or a reclassification of a financial asset out of the fair value through profit or loss category.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項乃固定或可釐定付款金額而在活躍市場中並無報價之非衍生金融資產。於初步確認後，該等資產隨後以實際利率法按攤銷成本減任何減值備抵入賬。計算攤銷成本時，應考慮收購時產生之任何折讓或溢價，且包括屬實際利率主要部分的費用或成本。實際利率攤銷於損益表內的其他收入及收益列賬。減值產生的虧損在損益表之其他開支內確認。

可供出售金融投資

可供出售金融投資指非上市股本投資中的非衍生金融資產。既非持作買賣，亦非指定為按公平值計入損益的股本投資分類為可供出售。

初始確認後，可供出售金融投資以公平值作後續計量，未變現盈虧於其他全面收益確認為可供出售投資重估儲備，直至終止確認投資(累計收益或虧損於損益表確認為其他收入)或釐定投資已減值(累計收益或虧損自可供出售投資重估儲備重新分類至損益表的其他收益或虧損)為止。持有可供出售金融投資所賺取的利息及股息分別於損益表呈報為利息收入及股息收入，根據下文主要會計政策中的「收益確認」原則於損益表確認為其他收入。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Cont'd)

Investments and other financial assets (Cont'd)

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in other income and gains in the statement of profit or loss. The loss arising from impairment is recognised in the statement of profit or loss in other expenses.

Available-for-sale financial investments

Available-for-sale financial investments are non-derivative financial assets in unlisted equity investments. Equity investments classified as available for sale are those which are neither classified as held for trading nor designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial investments are subsequently measured at fair value, with unrealised gains or losses recognised as other comprehensive income in the available-for-sale investment revaluation reserve until the investment is derecognised, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss in other income, or until the investment is determined to be impaired, when the cumulative gain or loss is reclassified from the available-for-sale investment revaluation reserve to the statement of profit or loss in other gains or losses. Interest and dividends earned whilst holding the available-for-sale financial investments are reported as interest income and dividend income, respectively and are recognised in the statement of profit or loss as other income in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

可供出售金融投資(續)

當非上市股本投資的公平值由於(a)公平值合理估計範圍的變化對該投資而言屬重大或(b)上述範圍內各種預計的機率難以合理評估並用於估計公平值而無法可靠計量時，該等投資以成本減任何減值虧損列賬。

本集團會對近期出售可供出售金融資產之能力及意向是否仍然合適進行評估。當市場不活躍而無法出售該等金融資產時，本集團在極特殊情況下會重新分類該等金融資產(倘本集團管理層有意向及能力在可見將來持有該等資產或持有至到期)。

倘金融資產從可供出售類別重新劃分為其他類別，則重新分類當日的公平面額為其新攤銷成本，之前於權益確認的該資產的收益或虧損採用實際利率法按剩餘投資年期在損益攤銷。新攤銷成本與到期金額的差額亦採用實際利率法於資產剩餘年內攤銷。倘資產其後釐定為已減值，則計入權益的金額重新分類至損益表。

金融資產減值

本集團於各結算日評估是否有客觀跡象表明一項金融資產或一組金融資產減值。倘在其初始確認後發生一個或多個事件致使某項金融資產或一組金融資產的預計未來現金流量受影響，並且該影響金額可以可靠預測時，則會出現減值。減值跡象包括債務人出現重大財政困難，違約或拖欠利息或本金支付，有面臨破產之可能或進行其他財務重組以及有公開資料表明其預計未來現金流量確已減少且可靠計量，如債務人支付能力或所處經濟環境逐步惡化。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Investments and other financial assets (Cont'd)

Available-for-sale financial investments (Cont'd)

When the fair value of unlisted equity investments cannot be reliably measured because (a) the variability in the range of reasonable fair value estimates is significant for that investment or (b) the probabilities of the various estimates within the range cannot be reasonably assessed and used in estimating fair value, such investments are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

The Group evaluates whether the ability and intention to sell its available-for-sale financial assets in the near term are still appropriate. When, in rare circumstances, the Group is unable to trade these financial assets due to inactive markets, the Group may elect to reclassify these financial assets if management has the ability and intention to hold the assets for the foreseeable future or until maturity.

For a financial asset reclassified from the available-for-sale category, the fair value carrying amount at the date of reclassification becomes its new amortised cost and any previous gain or loss on that asset that has been recognised in equity is amortised to profit or loss over the remaining life of the investment using the effective interest rate. Any difference between the new amortised cost and the maturity amount is also amortised over the remaining life of the asset using the effective interest rate. If the asset is subsequently determined to be impaired, then the amount recorded in equity is reclassified to the statement of profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. An impairment exists if one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產

就按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產而言，本集團首先獨立評估個別重大之金融資產有否客觀減值跡象，或共同評估非個別重大之金融資產有否客觀減值跡象。倘本集團釐定個別已評估金融資產為並無客觀減值跡象，則有關資產不論是否重大，均會計入一組有相似信貸風險特徵之金融資產，共同作減值評估。對於個別作減值評估之資產，倘其減值虧損會或會持續確認，則不會計入共同減值評估。

任何已識別之減值虧損金額按該資產之賬面值與估計未來現金流量(不包括尚未發生之未來貸方虧損)之現值兩者之差額計算。估計未來現金流量之現值按該金融資產之原實際利率(即初始確認時使用之實際利率)折現。

資產賬面值會透過撥備賬扣減，虧損則於損益表確認。為計算減值虧損，利息收入會繼續以減少之賬面值及用以貼現未來現金流量之利率累計。如貸款及應收款預期不大可能收回及所有抵押品已變現或已轉讓至本集團，則會撇銷該等貸款及應收款連同任何相關撥備。

倘在其後期間，由於減值確認後發生之事件，估計減值虧損金額增加或減少，過往確認之減值虧損會因調整撥備賬而增加或減少。倘撇銷之款項可收回，則收回之款項會計入損益表中。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the Group first assesses whether impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

The amount of any impairment loss identified is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition).

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the Group.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to the statement of profit or loss.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

可供出售金融投資

對於可供出售金融投資，本集團於各呈報期末評估有否客觀證據顯示一項或一組投資出現減值。

倘可供出售資產已減值，其成本(已扣除任何本金付款及攤銷)與當時公平值的差額，減去以往已於損益表確認的減值虧損，從其他全面收益轉入損益表確認。

對於分類為可供出售的股權投資，相關客觀證據包括投資的公平值顯著或持續跌至低於成本。「顯著」乃根據投資的原始成本評定，而「持續」乃根據公平值低於初始成本之期間確定。倘有減值證據，則累計虧損(按收購成本與當時公平值之差額，扣除以往於損益表確認的投資減值虧損計算)從其他全面收益轉入損益表確認。歸類為可供出售股權投資的減值虧損不得透過損益表撥回，減值確認後公平值的增加直接於其他全面收益確認。

「顯著」或「持續」之定義需要判斷。在作出此判斷時，本集團評估(其中包括因素)某項投資之公平值低於其成本之持續時間或數額。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

Available-for-sale financial investments

For available-for-sale financial investments, the Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that an investment or a group of investments is impaired.

If an available-for-sale asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortisation) and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in the statement of profit or loss, is removed from other comprehensive income and recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

In the case of equity investments classified as available for sale, objective evidence would include a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment below its cost. "Significant" is evaluated against the original cost of the investment and "prolonged" against the period in which the fair value has been below its original cost. Where there is evidence of impairment, the cumulative loss – measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognised in the statement of profit or loss – is removed from other comprehensive income and recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Impairment losses on equity instruments classified as available for sale are not reversed through the statement of profit or loss. Increases in their fair value after impairment are recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgement. In making this judgement, the Group evaluates, among other factors, the duration or extent to which the fair value of an investment is less than its cost.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

不再確認金融資產

金融資產(或(倘適用)一項金融資產之一部分或一組同類金融資產之一部分)在下列情況將不再確認(即自本集團綜合財務狀況表移除):

- 收取該項資產所得現金流量之權利經已屆滿;或
- 本集團已轉讓其收取該項資產所得現金流量之權利,或須根據一項「通過」安排,在未有嚴重延緩的情況下,承擔全數支付收取現金流量的責任,並(a)已轉讓該項資產之絕大部分風險及回報;或(b)並無轉讓或保留該項資產絕大部分風險及回報,但已轉讓該項資產之控制權。

本集團凡轉讓其收取該項資產所得現金流量之權利或已達成通過安排,其評估是否已保留該項資產所有權之風險及回報及其程度。倘並無轉讓或保留該項資產之絕大部分風險及回報,並且無轉讓該項資產之控制權,則本集團繼續確認已轉讓資產,條件為本集團須持續涉及該項資產。在此情況下,本集團亦確認一項聯營負債。轉讓資產的聯營負債乃以反映本集團保留的權利及責任的基準計量。

持續涉及以擔保形式之轉讓資產,乃以該項資產之原賬面值及本集團可能需要支付之最高代價金額兩者之較低者計量。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Cont'd)*Derecognition of financial assets*

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融負債

初始確認及計量

金融負債於初始確認時分類為按公平值計入損益之金融負債、貸款及借貸，或指定於有效對沖中作為對沖工具之衍生工具(視情況而定)。

所有金融負債初始按公平值確認，倘為貸款及借貸，則扣除直接應佔交易成本。

本集團之金融負債包括應付貿易賬款、計息銀行貸款、其他應付款項、衍生金融工具及來自一間聯營公司的貸款。

其後計量

金融負債按其分類之其後計量如下：

按公平值計入損益之金融負債

按公平值計入損益之金融負債包括持作交易的金融負債及按公平值計入損益時於初步確認後指定之金融負債。

倘購買該金融負債的目的為於近期購回，則該金融負債應分類為持作交易用途。此分類包括本集團根據香港會計準則第39號所界定之對沖關係不被指定為對沖工具之衍生金融工具。獨立嵌入式衍生工具亦分類為持作交易用途，除非其被指定為有效的對沖工具則另作別論，持作交易用途的負債損益於損益表內確認。於損益表確認的公平值收益或虧損淨額並不包括任何向該等金融負債所扣除的任何利息。

於初步確認時指定為按公平值計入損益之金融負債在初步確認日期且僅在符合香港會計準則第39號項下標準時指定。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Cont'd)

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade payables, interest-bearing bank borrowings, other payables, derivative financial instruments and a loan from an associate.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by HKAS 39. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. The net fair value gain or loss recognised in the statement of profit or loss does not include any interest charged on these financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the date of initial recognition and only if the criteria in HKAS 39 are satisfied.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融負債(續)

貸款及借貸

於初始確認後，計息貸款及借貸其後會以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量，惟倘貼現效果並不重大，則會按成本列賬。當負債被剔除確認及已透過實際利率攤銷時，收益及虧損會於損益表中確認。

攤銷成本之計算已計及任何收購折讓或溢價，以及屬於實際利率組成部分之費用或成本。實際利率攤銷會計入損益表之融資成本內。

財務擔保合約

本集團作出之財務擔保合約即要求發行人作出特定付款以償付持有人因特定債務人未能根據債務工具之條款償還到期款項而招致損失之合約。財務擔保合約初步按其公平值確認為一項負債，並就作出該擔保直接產生之交易成本作出調整。於初步確認後，本集團按(i)報告期末之現有責任所須開支之最佳估計金額；及(ii)初步確認之金額減(如適用)累計攤銷(以較高者為準)計量財務擔保合約。

不再確認金融負債

當負債項下之責任獲解除或取消或屆滿時，會剔除確認金融負債。

倘現有金融負債被來自同一借款人但條款極不相同之另一項負債所取代，或對現有負債之條款進行大幅修改，上述更替或修訂將被視作剔除確認原有負債及確認新負債，而有關賬面值之差額將在損益表確認。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Cont'd)

Financial liabilities (Cont'd)

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract is recognised initially as a liability at its fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contract at the higher of: (i) the amount of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

抵銷金融工具

在有現有可強制執行之合法權利抵銷確認金額及有意按淨額基準結算，或計劃同時變現資產及償還負債之情況下，金融資產及金融負債方可抵銷，淨額會呈報在財務狀況表內。

衍生金融工具**初步確認及其後計量**

本集團利用衍生金融工具(例如利率掉期交易)對沖其利率風險。該等衍生金融工具初步以訂立衍生工具之日的公平值確認，並隨後以公平值再計算。倘公平值為正數，衍生工具以資產入賬，而公平值倘為負數，則以負債入賬。

衍生工具之公平值變動所產生之任何盈虧乃直接計入損益表，惟現金流對沖之實際部分則於其他全面收益確認，並後當對沖項目影響損益時重新分類至損益。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Cont'd)**Offsetting of financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Derivative financial instruments**Initial recognition and subsequent measurement**

The Group uses derivative financial instruments, such as interest rate swaps, to hedge its interest rate risk. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of derivatives are taken directly to the statement of profit or loss, except for the effective portion of cash flow hedges, which is recognised in other comprehensive income and later reclassified to profit or loss when the hedged item affects profit or loss.



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

衍生金融工具(續)

流動與非流動分類對比

並無指定為有效對沖工具之衍生工具分類為流動或非流動或根據對事實及情況之評估(即相關合約現金流量)分開為流動及非流動部分。

- 倘本集團預期將持有衍生工具作為經濟對沖(而並無應用對沖會計處理方法)至超過報告期末後十二個月期間,該衍生工具乃與相關項目之分類一致分類為非流動(或分開為流動及非流動部分)。
- 與主合約並非密切聯繫之嵌入式衍生工具乃與主合約之現金流量一致分類。
- 指定為及為有效對沖工具之衍生工具乃與相關對沖項目之分類一致分類。衍生工具僅於能可靠作出分配的情況下,才可分開為流動部分及非流動部分。

存貨

存貨在適當扣除陳舊或滯銷貨品後按成本(以先入先出法計算)與可變現淨值兩者中之較低者列賬。可變現淨值乃估計售價減估計直至製成及出售止所需一切成本後之數額。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Cont'd)

Derivative financial instruments (Cont'd)

Current versus non-current classification

Derivative instruments that are not designated as effective hedging instruments are classified as current or non-current or separated into current and non-current portions based on an assessment of the facts and circumstances (i.e., the underlying contracted cash flows).

- Where the Group expects to hold a derivative as an economic hedge (and does not apply hedge accounting) for a period beyond 12 months after the end of the reporting period, the derivative is classified as non-current (or separated into current and non-current portions) consistently with the classification of the underlying item.
- Embedded derivatives that are not closely related to the host contract are classified consistently with the cash flows of the host contract.
- Derivative instruments that are designated as, and are effective hedging instruments, are classified consistently with the classification of the underlying hedged item. The derivative instruments are separated into current portions and non-current portions only if a reliable allocation can be made.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost, on the first-in, first-out basis, and net realisable value after making due allowance for any obsolete or slow-moving items. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

建築合約

合約收益包括已協議之合約數額及由修訂訂單、索償及獎金所得之適當數額。合約成本包括直接材料、分包成本、直接勞工成本及合適比例之可變及固定建築成本。

固定價格建築合約之收益按完成百分比予以確認，並參考於該日已產生之成本佔有關合約之估計總成本之比例計算。

成本加建築合約之收益按完成之百分比予以確認，並參考於該段期間產生之可收回成本及賺取之有關費用，以截至該日已產生之成本佔有關合約之估計總成本之比例計算。

若管理層預見未來會產生虧損，則會於預見該等虧損時作出撥備。

若已產生之合約成本加已確認溢利減已確認虧損超過進度付款，該盈餘視作為客戶有關合約工程之欠款。

若進度付款超過截至該日之合約成本加已確認溢利減已確認虧損，該盈餘視作為欠客戶有關合約工程之款項。

現金及等同現金項目

就綜合現金流量表而言，現金及等同現金項目包括手上現金及活期存款，以及可於收購之日起計之短到期日(一般為三個月內)即時轉換為確實數額現金及面對不重大之價值變動風險之短期高度流動投資項目，扣除須於要求時償還並為本集團之現金管理之完整部分之銀行透支。

就財務狀況表而言，現金及銀行結存包括用途不受限制之手頭及銀行現金，包括定期存款。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Construction contracts

Contract revenue comprises the agreed contract amount and appropriate amounts from variation orders, claims and incentive payments. Contract costs incurred comprise direct materials, the costs of subcontracting, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed construction overheads.

Revenue from fixed price construction contracts is recognised on the percentage of completion method, measured by reference to the proportion of costs incurred to date to the estimated total cost of the relevant contract.

Revenue from cost plus construction contracts is recognised on the percentage of completion method, by reference to the recoverable costs incurred during the period plus the related fees earned, measured by the proportion of costs incurred to date to the estimated total cost of the relevant contract.

Provision is made for foreseeable losses as soon as they are anticipated by management.

Where contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is treated as an amount due from a contract customer.

Where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is treated as an amount due to a contract customer.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the statements of financial position, cash and bank balances comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, which are not restricted as to use.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

撥備

倘目前之某些責任(包括法定或推定)是由於一些過去已發生之事件所致，而且可能於未來有資源需要流出用作清還該責任，同時有關之金額能得到可靠估計，則會確認撥備。

當折讓效應重大時，就撥備而確認之金額為於報告期末預計需用作清還該責任之未來支出之現值。隨着時間而增加之現值之經折讓金額計入損益表之融資成本內。

所得稅

所得稅包括當前所得稅和遞延所得稅。與並非於損益表確認之項目有關之所得稅會於其他全面收益或直接於權益中確認。

當前稅項資產及負債以預期可予收回或支付予稅務機關之金額計算，計算之基準為於報告期末前已經生效或實際上已生效之稅率(及稅務法例)，亦考慮本集團經營所在國家現行之詮釋及慣例。

遞延稅項使用負債法就報告期末資產及負債之稅基與其作財務申報用途之賬面值之間產生之一切暫時性差異作出撥備。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Cont'd)

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside statement of profit or loss is recognised, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得稅(續)

遞延稅項負債乃就所有應課稅暫時性差異予以確認，惟以下情況除外：

- 於進行某項不屬於業務合併之交易時因初步確認資產或負債且無對會計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧損構成影響而產生之遞延稅項負債；及
- 就與於附屬公司之投資及於聯營公司之權益相關之應課稅暫時性差異而言，惟倘撥回暫時性差異的時間可予控制，且暫時性差異可能不會於可見將來撥回則作別論。

遞延稅項資產按所有可抵扣暫時性差異、未動用稅收抵免及未動用稅項虧損之結轉確認。遞延稅項資產之確認惟以將未來應課稅溢利用作抵銷可抵扣暫時性差異、可動用之未動用稅收抵免及未動用稅項虧損之結轉為限，惟以下情況除外：

- 於進行某項交易(並非業務合併之交易)時因初步確認資產或負債且無對會計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧損構成影響而產生之可抵扣暫時性差異有關之遞延稅項資產；及
- 就與於附屬公司之投資及於聯營公司之權益相關之可抵扣暫時性差異而言，遞延稅項資產僅在暫時性差異可能於可見將來撥回，及應課稅溢利可予動用抵銷暫時性差異時始予確認。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Cont'd)

Income tax (Cont'd)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得稅(續)

遞延稅項資產之賬面值於各報告期末進行檢討，並減至將不能再有足夠應課稅溢利以動用全部或部分遞延稅項資產為限。未確認之遞延稅項資產則於各報告期末進行重估，並於將可能有足夠應課稅溢利以動用全部或部分遞延稅項資產時確認。

遞延稅項資產及負債乃依據於各報告期末已頒佈或實質上已頒佈之稅率(及稅務法例)，按預期適用於變現資產或償還負債期間之稅率計算。

當存在可依法執行之權利，可將即期稅項資產抵銷即期稅項負債，而遞延稅項涉及同一應課稅實體及同一稅務機關時，遞延稅項資產及遞延稅項負債方可互相抵銷。

收益確認

當經濟利益流入本集團，及收益可可靠地計量時，有關收益按以下基準確認：

- (a) 來自地基打樁及機電(「機電」)工程合約

如上文「建築合約」之會計政策中進一步闡釋之完成百分比為基準；

- (b) 來自出售持有供銷售之物業

當擁有權之大部分風險及回報已轉至買家時；

- (c) 來自機器買賣

當擁有權之大部分風險及回報已轉至買家，而本集團不保留一般與擁有權有關之某程度管理權，亦不再實際控制已出售之機器；

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Cont'd)*Income tax (Cont'd)*

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (a) From foundation piling and electrical and mechanical ("E&M") engineering contracts

On the percentage of completion basis, as further explained in the accounting policy for "Construction contracts" above;

- (b) From the sale of properties held for sale

When the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer;

- (c) From machinery trading

When the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the machines sold;

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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

收益確認(續)

- (d) 物業及機器租賃之租金收入
- 在物業及機器出租期間按直線法在租期內計算；
- (e) 來自提供物業管理服務
- 於提供有關服務之有關期內；
- (f) 利息收入
- 按應計基準以實際利率法採用將金融工具在預計可用年期期間估計在日後收取之現金精確折現至金融資產賬面淨值之利率確認；及
- (g) 股息收入
- 當股東收取股息之權利確定時。

僱員福利

以股份為基礎之付款

本公司設立一項購股權計劃，作為向為本集團成功營運作出貢獻之合資格參與者給予獎勵及回報。本集團之僱員(包括董事)按以股份為基礎之付款之方式收取報酬，而僱員提供服務作為收取股權工具之代價(「以股權支付之交易」)。

於二零零二年十一月七日後，與僱員進行以股權支付之交易之成本，乃參照授出日期之公平值計算。公平值由外聘估值師使用二項式釐定。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Cont'd)

Revenue recognition (Cont'd)

- (d) Rental income from property and machinery leasing
- In the period in which the properties and machines are leased and on the straight-line basis over the lease terms;
- (e) From the rendering of property management services
- In the period in which such services are rendered;
- (f) Interest income
- On an accrual basis using the effective interest rate method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset; and
- (g) Dividend income
- When the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established.

Employee benefits

Share-based payments

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees for grants after 7 November 2002 is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a binomial model.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

僱員福利(續)

以股份為基礎之付款(續)

以股權支付之交易之成本，連同權益相應增加部分，在績效及／或服務條件獲達成之期間在僱員福利開支中確認。在歸屬日期前，於每個報告期末確認之以股權支付之交易之累計開支，以反映歸屬期已到期部分及本集團對最終將會歸屬之股權工具數目之最佳估計。在某一期間內在損益表內扣除或進賬，乃反映累計開支於期初與期終確認時之變動。

對於已授出但尚未歸屬之購股權，不會確認任何開支，但視乎市場條件而決定歸屬與否之已以股權支付之交易則除外，對於該類購股權而言，只要所有其他績效條件已經達成，不論市場條件是否達成，均被視為已歸屬。

倘若以股權支付之購股權之條款有所變更，所確認之開支最少須達到猶如條款並無任何變更及符合已授出購股權的原條款之水平。此外，倘若按變更日期之計算，任何變更導致以股份為基礎之付款之總公平值有所增加，或為僱員帶來其他利益，則應該等變更確認開支。

倘若以股權支付之購股權被註銷，應被視為已於註銷日期歸屬，而任何尚未確認之授予購股權開支應即時確認，其包括本集團或僱員未達成非歸屬條件的任何購股權。然而，倘授予新購股權代替已註銷之購股權，並於授出日期指定為替代購股權，則已註銷之購股權及新購股權，均應被視為原購股權之變更，一如前段所述。

於計算每股盈利時，尚未行使購股權之攤薄影響乃反映為額外股份攤薄。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Cont'd)

Employee benefits (Cont'd)

Share-based payments (Cont'd)

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled in employee benefit expense. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to the statement of profit or loss for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for equity-settled transactions where vesting is conditional upon a market or non-vesting condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payments, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

僱員福利(續)

有薪假期結轉

本集團根據其僱員之僱傭合約按每個曆年之基準為僱員提供有薪年假。在若干情況下，於報告期末尚未利用之該等假期獲准結轉累積，並由有關之各個僱員於下一年度動用。於報告期末，已就僱員於該年度應得及所結轉之有薪假期之預期未來成本作出應計費用。

退休金計劃

本集團為若干香港僱員設立固定比例供款公積金(「公積金」)，其資產乃與本集團之資產分開管理，且由獨立專業基金經理負責管理。公積金之供款按合資格僱員基本薪酬之某個百分比計算，當計劃規定之供款到期支付時，從損益表中扣除。公積金之持續供款已於一九九九年四月一日終止。

於強制性公積金退休福利計劃(「強積金計劃」)實施後，本集團已重整其退休計劃安排，以符合強制性公積金計劃條例。本集團就上述退休福利計劃取得強制性公積金豁免地位，此外，並由二零零一年十二月一日起，為其所有香港僱員參與經批准之固定比例供款強積金計劃。供款按僱員基本薪酬之某個百分比計算，當強積金計劃規則規定之供款到期支付時，從損益表中扣除。強積金計劃之資產與本集團之資產分開管理。本集團之僱員在強積金計劃之供款全歸屬僱員。

位於中國內地之本集團附屬公司僱員須參與由當地市政府設立之中央公積金計劃。該等附屬公司須為中央公積金計劃作出供款，款項為彼等薪金之若干百分比。供款於根據中央公積金計劃規例須予支付時計入損益表內。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Cont'd)

Employee benefits (Cont'd)

Paid leave carried forward

The Group provides paid annual leave to its employees under their employment contracts on a calendar year basis. Under certain circumstances, such leave which remains untaken as at the end of the reporting period is permitted to be carried forward and utilised by the respective employees in the following year. An accrual is made at the end of the reporting period for the expected future cost of such paid leave earned during the year by the employees and carried forward.

Pension schemes

The Group operated a defined contribution provident fund (the "Fund") for certain of its employees in Hong Kong, the assets of which were held separately from those of the Group and were managed by an independent professional fund manager. Contributions under the Fund were made based on a percentage of the eligible employees' basic salaries and were charged to the statement of profit or loss as they became payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme. The ongoing contributions to the Fund were terminated on 1 April 1999.

Following the introduction of the Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme"), the Group has restructured its retirement scheme arrangements to comply with the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. The Group has secured a Mandatory Provident Fund exemption status for the Fund and, in addition, has participated in an approved defined contribution MPF Scheme with effect from 1 December 2001, for all of its employees in Hong Kong. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries located in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their covered payroll to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to the statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

借貸成本

因收購、建築或生產合資格資產(即需要長時間撥備作擬定用途或銷售之資產)而直接產生之借貸成本乃資本化作為該等資產之部分成本。當資產大致上可作擬定用途或銷售時，即停止將借貸成本資本化。特定借貸用於合資格資產之前作為短暫投資所賺取之投資收入於已資本化之借貸成本中扣除。所有其他借貸成本於其產生期間支銷。借貸成本包括利息及實體就資金借貸產生之其他成本。

外幣

該等財務報表乃以本公司之功能及呈報貨幣港元呈列。本集團內各實體釐定其本身之功能貨幣，而各實體計入財務報表內之項目乃以該功能貨幣計算。本集團內實體所記錄之外幣交易初步按其各自於交易日期適用之功能貨幣匯率記錄。以外幣為單位之貨幣資產與負債乃按報告期末適用之功能貨幣匯率重新換算。因結算或換算貨幣項目而產生的差額於損益表確認。

按外幣歷史成本計算之非貨幣項目按首次交易日期之匯率換算。按外幣公平值計算之非貨幣項目則按計量公平值當日之匯率換算。因重新換算按公平值計量之非貨幣項目而產生之損益之處理方式與確認項目公平值之變動損益相一致(即公平值損益於其他全面收益或損益表內確認的項目之換算差額亦分別於其他全面收益或損益表內確認)。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Cont'd)**Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

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2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

外幣(續)

若干海外附屬公司之功能貨幣為港元以外之貨幣。於報告期末，該等實體之資產與負債乃按報告期末適用之匯率換算為港元，其損益表則按本年度之加權平均匯率換算為港元。因此而產生之匯兌差額於其他全面收益確認及於匯兌浮動儲備累計。出售外國實體時，有關該項特定外國業務之其他全面收益部分，乃於損益表內確認。

就綜合現金流量表而言，海外附屬公司之現金流量乃以出現現金流量當日之匯率換算為港幣。而海外附屬公司於年內經常出現之現金流量項目則以年內之加權平均匯率換算為港幣。

3. 重大會計判斷及估計

在應用本集團之會計政策時，管理層根據過往經驗、對未來之預期及其他資料作出不同判斷及估計。可能對綜合財務報表內確認之金額構成重大影響之估計不明朗因素之主要來源披露如下：

應收貿易賬款減值

本集團之應收貿易賬款減值政策乃根據評估賬目之可收回程度及賬齡分析以及按管理層之判斷而釐定。在評估該等應收款項之最終變現情況時，須要作出很大程度之判斷，包括評估每名客戶現時之信譽及過去之收回歷史。倘本集團客戶之財政狀況轉壞，導致彼等之付款能力減弱，則須作出額外撥備。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Foreign currencies (Cont'd)

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries are currencies other than the Hong Kong dollar. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their statements of profit or loss are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management makes various judgements and estimates based on past experience, expectations of the future and other information. The key sources of estimation uncertainty that can significantly affect the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements are disclosed below:

Impairment of trade receivables

The policy for impairment of trade receivables of the Group is based on the evaluation of collectibility and aging analysis of trade receivables and on management's judgement. Significant judgement is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each customer. If the financial conditions of customers of the Group were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional provisions may be required.



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3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

建築工程之完工百分比

本集團根據建築工程個別合約之完工百分比確認收益。倘於報告期末客戶尚未核證工程之價值，則本集團管理層將估計建築工程之完工百分比。該等估計乃根據總預算成本中所產生之實際成本作出。管理層亦估計相應之合約收益。基於建築合約所承辦之工程活動性質，訂立合約工程活動之日期與工程活動完工日期通常處於不同之會計期間內。於合約進行時，本集團同時審閱及修訂各建築合約編製之預算內之合約收益及合約成本之估計。

即期稅項及遞延稅項

本集團須繳納多個司法權區之所得稅。釐定稅項撥備金額及繳付相關稅項之時間時需要作出重大判斷。在日常業務過程中，多項交易及釐定最終稅項之計算方法未能確定。倘若該等事宜之最終稅項結果與初步記錄金額不同，則有關差額將影響作出釐定期間之所得稅及遞延稅項撥備。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Cont'd)

Percentage of completion of construction works

The Group recognises revenue according to the percentage of completion of the individual contract of construction works. The Group's management estimates the percentage of completion of construction works if the value of works has not been certified by the customers at the end of the reporting period. These estimates are based on actual cost incurred over the total budgeted cost. Corresponding contract revenue is also estimated by management. Because of the nature of the activity undertaken in construction contracts, the date at which the contract activity is entered into and the date when the activity is completed usually fall into different accounting periods. The Group reviews and revises the estimates of both contract revenue and contract costs in the budget prepared for each construction contract as the contract progresses.

Current and deferred tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in a number of jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the amount of the provision for tax and the timing of payment of the related taxes. There are transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will have an impact on the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.



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3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

中國土地增值稅(「土地增值稅」)

土地增值稅乃就土地價值之增值數額(即出售物業所得款項減包括土地使用權攤銷、借貸成本、營業稅及所有物業發展開支在內之可扣減開支)按介乎30%至60%不等之遞增稅率徵收。該稅項於轉讓物業所有權時產生。

本集團在中國內地從物業發展業務之附屬公司須繳納土地增值稅。然而，在中國內地不同城市，該等稅項之實施各有差異。本集團尚未就其多數物業發展項目與不同稅務機關最終落實其土地增值稅之計算及繳款。因此，在釐定土地增值金額及其相關稅項時須作出重大判斷。本集團按照管理層之最佳估計確認該等負債。倘該等事項之最終稅額與最初記錄之金額不同，則該差額將會影響作出釐定期間之綜合財務報表。

4. 經營分類資料

本集團之經營業務根據其業務性質及所提供之產品及服務獨立組織及管理。經營分類按與向本公司主要管理人員進行內部報告一致之方式報告，詳情如下：

- (a) 地基打樁；
- (b) 物業發展；
- (c) 物業投資及管理；及
- (d) 「企業及其他」分類主要包括本集團之企業營運、機械租賃及買賣及機電工程業務。

管理層個別監控本集團經營分類之業績，以作出有關資源分配及表現評估之決定。評估分類表現以可報告分類溢利／(虧損)(經調整除稅前溢利／(虧損)之計量標準)為基準。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Cont'd)

Mainland China land appreciation taxes ("LAT")

LAT is levied at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation of land value, being the proceeds from sales of properties less deductible expenditures including amortisation of land use rights, borrowing costs, business taxes and all property development expenditures. The tax is incurred upon transfer of property ownership.

Subsidiaries of the Group engaging in the property development business in Mainland China are subject to LAT. However, the implementation of these taxes varies amongst various cities in Mainland China. The Group has not yet finalised its LAT calculation and payments for most of its property development projects with various tax authorities. Accordingly, significant judgement is required in determining the amount of land appreciation and its related taxes. The Group recognises these liabilities based on management's best estimates. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the consolidated financial statements in the period in which such determination is made.

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's operating businesses are structured and managed separately, according to the nature of their operations and the products and services they provided. Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with internal reporting to the Company's key management personnel as follows:

- (a) the foundation piling segment;
- (b) the property development segment;
- (c) the property investment and management segment; and
- (d) the "corporate and others" segment comprises, principally, the Group's corporate operation, machinery leasing and trading, and E&M engineering businesses.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit/(loss), which is a measure of adjusted profit/(loss) before tax.



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4. 經營分類資料(續)

經調整除稅前溢利／(虧損)乃貫徹本集團之持續經營業務除稅前溢利計量，惟利息收入、融資成本、股息收入、本集團金融工具公平值盈利／(虧損)、聯營公司應佔溢利及出售聯營公司權益之虧損除外。

分類資產不包括遞延稅項資產、預付稅項及定期存款，原因為該等資產乃按集團基準管理。

分類負債不包括衍生金融工具、計息銀行借貸、應付稅項及遞延稅項負債，原因為該等負債乃按集團基準管理。

分類業務間之銷售及轉讓乃參考向第三方銷售時之售價按當時之市價進行交易。

於截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度，於過往年度財務報表中呈報為個別分類之本集團機械租賃及買賣及機電工程分類之財務業績，及於過往年度財務報表中呈報為無分類業績之總辦事處及企業開支，共同呈報於「企業及其他」分類下。分類資料之可比較數字已經重新分類以符合本年度之呈列。

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

The adjusted profit/(loss) before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax from continuing operations except that interest income, finance costs, dividend income, fair value gains/(losses) from the Group's financial instruments, share of profits of associates and loss on disposal of interests in associates are excluded from such measurement.

Segment assets exclude deferred tax assets, tax prepaid and time deposits as these assets are managed on a group basis.

Segment liabilities exclude derivative financial instruments, interest-bearing bank borrowings, tax payable and deferred tax liabilities as these liabilities are managed on a group basis.

Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted with reference to the selling prices used for sales made to third parties at the then prevailing market prices.

During the year ended 31 March 2015, the financial results of the machinery leasing and trading and E&M engineering segments of the Group, which were reported as separate segments in prior years' financial statements, and head office and corporate expenses, which were reported as unallocated results in prior years' financial statements, are reported in aggregate under the "corporate and others" segment. Comparative figures of the segment information have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

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4. 經營分類資料(續) 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

截至二零一五年及二零一四年三月三十一日止年度
Years ended 31 March 2015 and 2014

分類收益：	地基打樁		物業發展		物業投資及管理		企業及其他		綜合	
	二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Segment revenue:										
Sales to external customers	3,752,214	2,471,234	991,260	967,630	13,128	13,181	79,811	52,348	4,836,413	3,504,393
Intersegment sales	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other income and gains	5,079	3,505	8,751	3,128	781	443	1,268	2,064	15,879	9,140
Total	3,757,293	2,474,739	1,000,011	970,758	13,909	13,624	81,079	54,412	4,852,292	3,513,533
Segment results										
Interest income	320,938	188,605	580,102	428,770	(40,356)	15,083	(49,207)	(105,124)	811,477	527,334
Fair value losses on investments of fair value through profit or loss, net									26,211	23,865
Fair value gains/(losses) on derivative instruments - transaction not qualifying as hedge									—	(427)
Dividend income from listed investments									229	(128)
Finance costs									—	156
Share of profits of associates									(14,706)	(23,108)
Loss on disposal of interests in associates									—	3,301
Profit before tax									—	(11,335)
Income tax expense									823,211	519,658
Profit for the year									(317,045)	(240,694)
									506,166	278,964



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4. 經營分類資料(續) 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

截至二零一五年及二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(續)

Years ended 31 March 2015 and 2014 (Cont'd)

資產及負債	地基打樁		物業發展		物業投資及管理		企業及其他		綜合	
	二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年
分類資產	1,611,410	1,155,077	2,209,243	2,001,993	662,224	677,242	280,555	298,932	4,763,432	4,133,244
無分類									804,436	1,143,540
分類負債	1,408,780	1,135,381	332,232	428,065	24,619	10,421	11,582	38,316	1,777,213	1,612,183
無分類									858,086	953,324
									2,635,299	2,565,507

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4. 經營分類資料(續) 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

截至二零一五年及二零一四年三月三十一日止年度(續)

Years ended 31 March 2015 and 2014 (Cont'd)

	地基打樁		物業發展		物業投資及管理		企業及其他		綜合	
	二〇一五年	二〇一四年	二〇一五年	二〇一四年	二〇一五年	二〇一四年	二〇一五年	二〇一四年	二〇一五年	二〇一四年
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Other segment information:										
折舊	56,742	54,623	1,120	1,745	288	1,509	20,763	17,981	78,913	75,858
物業、機器及設備項目減值	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,000	-	2,000	-
應收貿易賬項減值	-	-	-	-	-	-	387	194	387	194
其他資產減值	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	20
其他應收賬項減值	-	-	-	-	1,069	1,217	-	-	1,069	1,217
出售及贖回物業、機器及設備項目之虧損/(盈利)	406	18,316	(62)	(76)	113	1,015	(277)	(1,923)	180	17,332
出售一項投資物業之虧損	-	-	-	-	161	-	-	-	161	-
出售附屬公司之虧損	-	-	-	-	91	-	699	-	790	-
投資物業公平值之變動	-	-	(60,815)	(14,058)	27,694	(23,436)	-	-	(33,121)	(37,494)
資本開支	62,497	48,496	1,027	352	54,971	1,872	19,234	15,000	137,729	65,720



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4. 經營分類資料(續)

地區分類資料

(a) 來自外間客戶收益

香港		澳門		中國其他地區		綜合					
Hong Kong		Macau		Elsewhere in the PRC		Consolidated					
二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年				
2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014				
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元				
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000				
分類收益:		Segment revenue:									
銷售予外間客戶		Sales to external customers		3,507,933	2,064,944	324,695	459,479	1,003,785	979,970	4,836,413	3,504,393

上述收益資料以客戶所在位置為基準。

(b) 非流動資產

香港		澳門		中國其他地區		綜合	
Hong Kong		Macau		Elsewhere in the PRC		Consolidated	
二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年
2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
388,601	414,362	108	310	1,836,140	1,313,059	2,224,849	1,727,731

上述非流動資產以資產所在位置為基準且不包括遞延稅項資產。

有關一名主要客戶之資料

收益約662,183,000港元(二零一四年: 354,277,000港元)乃來自地基打樁分類向一名單一客戶作出之銷售。

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

Geographical information

(a) Revenue from external customers

The revenue information above is based on the locations of the customers.

(b) Non-current assets

The non-current assets information above is based on the locations of the assets and excludes deferred tax assets.

Information about a major customer

Revenue of approximately HK\$662,183,000 (2014: HK\$354,277,000) was derived from sales by the foundation piling segment to a single customer.



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5. 收益、其他收入及盈利

收益(亦即本集團之營業額)指由地基打樁合約價值；物業管理所得收入；出租物業所得租金收入；以及出售持有供銷售之物業之收入；抵銷集團內公司間一切重大交易後之總額。

本集團之收益、其他收入及盈利之分析如下：

5. REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

Revenue, which is also the Group's turnover, represents the aggregate of the value of foundation piling contracts; income derived from property management; rental income from property leasing; and income from the sale of properties held for sale, after eliminations of all significant intragroup transactions.

An analysis of the Group's revenue and other income and gains is as follows:

		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
收益：	Revenue:		
地基打樁	Foundation piling	3,752,214	2,471,234
物業發展	Property development	991,260	967,630
物業投資及管理	Property investment and management	13,128	13,181
其他	Others	79,811	52,348
		<u>4,836,413</u>	<u>3,504,393</u>
其他收入及盈利：	Other income and gains:		
利息收入	Interest income	26,211	23,865
保險索償	Insurance claims	3,458	1,484
補貼收入*	Subsidy income*	165	1,295
匯兌盈利·淨額	Foreign exchange gains, net	6,731	319
衍生工具公平值盈利— 不合資格對沖交易	Fair value gains on derivative instruments - transaction not qualifying as hedge	229	—
管理服務收入	Management service income	676	1,694
上市投資之股息收入	Dividend income from listed investments	—	156
其他	Others	4,849	4,348
		<u>42,319</u>	<u>33,161</u>

* 有關該項收入並無未達成之條件或或然事件。

* There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to this income.



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6. 融資成本

6. FINANCE COSTS

		集團 GROUP	
		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
銀行借貸及透支之利息：	Interest on bank borrowings and overdrafts:		
—須於五年內全數償還	- wholly repayable within five years	13,224	21,548
—須於五年後全數償還	- wholly repayable over five years	1,482	1,560
		<u>14,706</u>	<u>23,108</u>

7. 除稅前溢利

7. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

本集團之除稅前溢利經扣除／(計入)下列各項後達致：

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

		附註 Notes	二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
已售物業成本	Cost of properties sold		441,331	504,048
地基打樁工程成本	Cost of foundation piling work		3,433,818	2,272,156
所提供服務成本	Cost of services rendered		102,164	83,771
折舊	Depreciation	14	78,913	75,858
土地及樓宇經營租約 之最低租約付款	Minimum lease payments under operating leases of land and buildings		11,443	13,529
建築設備之租金	Rental of construction equipment		95,523	52,883
核數師酬金	Auditors' remuneration		2,563	2,978
僱員福利支出 (包括董事酬金—附註8)：	Employee benefit expense (including directors' remuneration - note 8):			
工資及薪金	Wages and salaries		488,960	439,598
退休金計劃供款	Pension scheme contributions		15,095	11,489
			<u>504,055</u>	<u>451,087</u>

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8. 董事酬金

根據聯交所上市規則及前香港公司條例(第32章)第161條披露之本年度董事酬金如下：

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules on the Stock Exchange and section 161 of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32), is as follows:

		集團 GROUP	
		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
袍金：	Fees:		
執行董事	Executive directors	—	—
非執行董事	Non-executive directors	—	—
獨立非執行董事	Independent non-executive directors	1,152	960
執行董事之其他酬金：	Other emoluments of executive directors:		
薪酬、津貼及實物利益	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	42,911	71,761
以股權支付之購股權支出	Equity-settled share option expense	—	—
退休金計劃供款	Pension scheme contributions	60	104
		44,123	72,825

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8. 董事酬金(續)

已付或應付每位董事酬金如下：

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (Cont'd)

The remuneration paid or payable to each of the directors is as follows:

		薪酬、津貼 及實物利益 Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 千港元 HK\$'000	以股權支付之 購股權支出 Equity-settled share option expense 千港元 HK\$'000	退休金 計劃供款 Pension scheme contributions 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
二零一五年	2015				
執行董事：	Executive directors:				
馮潮澤先生	Mr. Fung Chiu Chak, Victor	—	21,134	18	21,152
郭敏慧小姐 ¹	Miss Jennifer Kwok ¹	—	6,189	6	6,195
趙展鴻先生	Mr. Chiu Chin Hung	—	8,088	18	8,106
劉健輝先生	Mr. Lau Kin Fai	—	7,500	18	7,518
		—	42,911	60	42,971
非執行董事 ² ：	Non-executive directors ² :				
王天兵先生	Mr. Wang Tianbing	—	—	—	—
Stuart Morrison Grant 先生	Mr. Stuart Morrison Grant	—	—	—	—
楊涵翔先生	Mr. Yang Han Hsiang	—	—	—	—
章增鵬先生	Mr. Justin Wai	—	—	—	—
羅耀發先生	Mr. Law Yiu Fat Richard	—	—	—	—
		—	—	—	—
獨立非執行董事：	Independent non-executive directors:				
范佐浩先生	Mr. Fan Chor Ho	288	—	—	288
謝文彬先生	Mr. Tse Man Bun	288	—	—	288
龍子明先生	Mr. Lung Chee Ming, George	288	—	—	288
李傑之先生	Mr. Li Kit Chee	288	—	—	288
		1,152	—	—	1,152
總計	Total	1,152	42,911	60	44,123



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8. 董事酬金(續)

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (Cont'd)

		薪酬、津貼 及實物利益 Salaries, allowances and benefits	以股權支付之 購股權支出 Equity-settled share option expense	退休金 計劃供款 Pension scheme contributions	總計 Total
	袍金 Fees	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
二零一四年	2014				
執行董事：	Executive directors:				
張舜堯先生 ³	Mr. Francis Cheung ³	—	22,560	—	15
馮潮澤先生	Mr. Fung Chiu Chak, Victor	—	16,745	—	15
錢永勛先生 ⁴	Mr. David Chien ⁴	—	724	—	13
郭敏慧小姐 ¹	Miss Jennifer Kwok ¹	—	13,537	—	15
趙展鴻先生	Mr. Chiu Chin Hung	—	6,701	—	15
黃琦先生 ⁵	Mr. Wong Kay ⁵	—	684	—	1
劉健輝先生	Mr. Lau Kin Fai	—	5,293	—	15
張任華先生 ³	Mr. Harvey Jackel Cheung ³	—	5,517	—	15
		—	71,761	—	104
獨立非執行董事：	Independent non-executive directors:				
范佐浩先生	Mr. Fan Chor Ho	240	—	—	—
謝文彬先生	Mr. Tse Man Bun	240	—	—	—
龍子明先生	Mr. Lung Chee Ming, George	240	—	—	—
李傑之先生	Mr. Li Kit Chee	240	—	—	—
		960	—	—	—
總計	Total	960	71,761	—	104

¹ 郭敏慧小姐辭任本公司執行董事(「執行董事」)，於二零一四年七月一日生效。

² 委任為非執行董事，於二零一四年四月一日起生效。

³ 張舜堯先生及張任華先生辭任執行董事，於二零一四年四月一日生效。

⁴ 錢永勛先生辭任執行董事，於二零一四年一月十三日生效。

⁵ 黃琦先生辭任執行董事，於二零一三年五月一日生效。

本年度內，概無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金之安排。

¹ Miss Jennifer Kwok resigned as an executive director of the Company ("Executive Director") with effect from 1 July 2014.

² The non-executive directors were appointed with effect from 1 April 2014.

³ Mr. Francis Cheung and Mr. Harvey Jackel Cheung resigned as Executive Directors with effect from 1 April 2014.

⁴ Mr. David Chien resigned as an Executive Director with effect from 13 January 2014.

⁵ Mr. Wong Kay resigned as an Executive Director with effect from 1 May 2013.

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

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9. 五位最高薪之僱員

本年度五位最高薪僱員包括四名董事(二零一四年：五名董事)，其酬金詳情載於上文附註8。本年度餘下一位(二零一四年：無)非董事最高薪僱員之酬金如下：

9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included four directors (2014: five directors), details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining one (2014: Nil) non-director highest paid employee are as follows:

		集團 GROUP	
		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
薪酬、津貼及實物利益	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	4,807	—
退休金計劃供款	Pension scheme contributions	18	—
		<u>4,825</u>	<u>—</u>

以上非董事最高薪僱員之酬金範圍為4,500,000港元至5,000,000港元。

The above remuneration of the non-director highest paid employee fell within the band of HK\$4,500,000 to HK\$5,000,000.



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10. 所得稅

香港利得稅按年內於香港產生之估計應課稅溢利之16.5%(二零一四年:16.5%)作出撥備。中國其他地區應課稅溢利之稅項已按本集團經營地區之現行適用稅率計算。

10. INCOME TAX

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2014: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere in the PRC have been calculated at the applicable tax rates prevailing in the areas in which the Group operates.

		集團 GROUP	
		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
即期:	Current:		
本年度溢利之稅項撥備:	Provision for tax in respect of profit for the year:		
中國:	PRC:		
香港	Hong Kong	18,371	8,913
其他地區	Elsewhere	335,623	141,084
		<u>353,994</u>	<u>149,997</u>
上年度超額撥備:	Overprovision in the prior years:		
中國:	PRC:		
香港	Hong Kong	(39)	(4,199)
其他地區	Elsewhere	(178)	(28)
		<u>(217)</u>	<u>(4,227)</u>
遞延稅項(附註31)	Deferred tax (note 31)	<u>(36,732)</u>	<u>94,924</u>
本年度之稅項開支總額	Total tax charge for the year	<u>317,045</u>	<u>240,694</u>

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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10. 所得稅(續)

適用於以本公司及其附屬公司所在國家及地區之法定稅率計算之除稅前溢利之稅項開支與以實際稅率計算之稅項開支之對賬如下：

10. INCOME TAX (Cont'd)

A reconciliation of the tax charge applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rates for the countries or regions in which the Company and its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax charge at the effective tax rate, is as follows:

		集團 GROUP	
		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
除稅前溢利	Profit before tax	823,211	519,658
以法定稅率計算之稅項	Tax at the statutory rates	145,467	45,322
土地增值稅撥備	Provision for land appreciation tax	196,195	75,159
土地增值稅之稅務影響	Tax effect of land appreciation tax	(21,293)	51,705
就過往年度之即期稅項 而作出之調整	Adjustments in respect of current tax of prior years	(217)	(4,227)
聯營公司應佔溢利	Profits attributable to associates	—	(545)
毋須課稅收入	Income not subject to tax	(4,513)	(3,281)
不予扣減稅項之開支	Expenses not deductible for tax	23,193	30,219
就本集團中國內地附屬公司之 可供分派溢利之 預扣稅之影響	Effect of withholding tax on the distributable profits of the Group's subsidiaries in Mainland China	(22,071)	36,242
動用過往年度之稅項虧損	Tax losses utilised from prior years	(2,633)	(157)
未確認稅項虧損	Tax losses not recognised	2,917	10,257
按本集團實際稅率計算之稅項開支	Tax charge at the Group's effective rate	317,045	240,694



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11. 本公司普通股股東應佔溢利

本公司於財務報表處理之截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度本公司普通股股東應佔綜合溢利包括虧損3,906,000港元(二零一四年：17,005,000港元)(附註34(b))。

11. PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The consolidated profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2015 includes a loss of HK\$3,906,000 (2014: HK\$17,005,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company (note 34(b)).

12. 股息

12. DIVIDENDS

		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
本年度派付股息：	Dividends paid during the year:		
截至二零一四年三月三十一日止財政	Final in respect of the financial year ended		
年度末期股息－每股普通股	31 March 2014 – HK10.0 cents (year ended		
10.0港仙(截至二零一三年	31 March 2013: HK5.0 cents)		
三月三十一日止年度：5.0港仙)	per ordinary share	87,467	43,633
中期股息－每股普通股5.0港仙	Interim – HK5.0 cents (2014: Nil)		
(二零一四年：無)	per ordinary share	43,733	—
		<u>131,200</u>	<u>43,633</u>
建議派付末期股息：	Proposed final dividend:		
末期股息－每股普通股15.0港仙	Final – HK15.0 cents (2014: HK10.0 cents)		
(二零一四年：10.0港仙)	per ordinary share	131,200	87,467

本年度建議派付之末期股息須經本公司股東即將召開之股東週年大會上批准。該等財務報表並無反映應付末期股息。

The proposed final dividend for the year is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting. These financial statements do not reflect the final dividend payable.

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13. 本公司普通股股東應佔每股盈利

每股基本盈利乃按照本公司普通股股東應佔本年度溢利399,394,000港元(二零一四年:270,020,000港元)及於本年度內已發行普通股數目874,665,903股(二零一四年:普通股加權平均數873,778,232股)計算。

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度，並無就攤薄所呈列之每股基本盈利金額作出調整，原因是年內本集團並無潛在攤薄普通股。

截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度之每股攤薄盈利乃按照本公司普通股股東應佔年度溢利270,020,000港元計算。計算時所用之加權平均普通股股數，為年內已發行普通股股數，即計算每股基本盈利時所用之股數，以及假設在該年度內行使購股權時無償發行197,309股普通股之加權平均數。

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of the basic earnings per share amount is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company of HK\$399,394,000 (2014: HK\$270,020,000), and the number of ordinary shares of 874,665,903 (2014: weighted average number of ordinary shares of 873,778,232) in issue during the year.

For the year ended 31 March 2015, no adjustment has been made to the basic earnings per share amount presented in respect of a dilution as the Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the year.

For the year ended 31 March 2014, the calculation of the diluted earnings per share amount was based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company of HK\$270,020,000. The weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation is the number of ordinary shares in issue during that year, as used in the basic earnings per share calculation, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares assumed to have been issued at no consideration on the deemed exercise of share options into ordinary shares during that year of 197,309.



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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14. 物業、機器及設備

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

集團

GROUP

		土地及樓宇 Land and buildings 千港元 HK\$'000	設備及 機器 Equipment and machinery 千港元 HK\$'000	傢俬及 裝置 Furniture and fixtures 千港元 HK\$'000	汽車 Motor vehicles 千港元 HK\$'000	遊艇 Motor yacht 千港元 HK\$'000	租賃 物業裝修 Leasehold improvements 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
二零一五年三月三十一日	31 March 2015							
成本：	Cost:							
年初	At beginning of year	217,524	926,100	12,885	20,850	6,098	18,495	1,201,952
添置	Additions	—	76,819	168	5,502	—	291	82,780
轉撥自持有供銷售 之物業(附註21)	Transfer from properties held for sale (note 21)	7	—	—	—	—	—	7
出售/撇銷	Disposals/write-off	—	(29,517)	(322)	(6,311)	—	—	(36,150)
出售附屬公司(附註41(b))	Disposal of subsidiaries (note 41(b))	—	—	(68)	—	—	—	(68)
匯兌調整	Exchange realignment	(1)	(3)	—	(1)	—	(2)	(7)
於二零一五年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2015	217,530	973,399	12,663	20,040	6,098	18,784	1,248,514
累計折舊及減值：	Accumulated depreciation and impairment:							
年初	At beginning of year	22,752	739,759	10,828	17,228	6,098	10,281	806,946
本年度折舊撥備	Depreciation provided during the year	7,983	66,478	723	1,479	—	2,250	78,913
本年度減值撥備	Impairment provided during the year	—	242	—	—	—	1,758	2,000
出售/撇銷	Disposals/write-off	—	(25,541)	(212)	(5,482)	—	—	(31,235)
出售附屬公司(附註41(b))	Disposal of subsidiaries (note 41(b))	—	—	(68)	—	—	—	(68)
匯兌調整	Exchange realignment	(1)	(3)	—	(2)	—	(3)	(9)
於二零一五年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2015	30,734	780,935	11,271	13,223	6,098	14,286	856,547
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount:							
於二零一五年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2015	186,796	192,464	1,392	6,817	—	4,498	391,967
於二零一四年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2014	194,772	186,341	2,057	3,622	—	8,214	395,006

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2015 二零一五年三月三十一日

14. 物業、機器及設備(續)

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

集團(續)

GROUP (Cont'd)

		土地及樓宇 Land and buildings 千港元 HK\$'000	設備及 機器 Equipment and machinery 千港元 HK\$'000	傢俬及 裝置 Furniture and fixtures 千港元 HK\$'000	汽車 Motor vehicles 千港元 HK\$'000	遊艇 Motor yacht 千港元 HK\$'000	租賃 物業裝修 Leasehold improvements 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
二零一四年三月三十一日	31 March 2014							
成本：	Cost:							
年初	At beginning of year	217,523	915,630	15,345	23,450	6,098	54,026	1,232,072
添置	Additions	—	61,750	219	90	—	1,881	63,940
出售/撇銷	Disposals/write-off	—	(51,285)	(2,679)	(2,692)	—	(37,428)	(94,084)
匯兌調整	Exchange realignment	1	5	—	2	—	16	24
於二零一四年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2014	217,524	926,100	12,885	20,850	6,098	18,495	1,201,952
累計折舊及減值：	Accumulated depreciation and impairment:							
年初	At beginning of year	14,768	704,716	12,160	17,963	6,098	41,995	797,700
本年度折舊撥備	Depreciation provided during the year	7,987	61,295	876	1,715	—	3,985	75,858
出售/撇銷	Disposals/write-off	—	(26,243)	(2,205)	(2,446)	—	(35,685)	(66,579)
匯兌調整	Exchange realignment	(3)	(9)	(3)	(4)	—	(14)	(33)
於二零一四年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2014	22,752	739,759	10,828	17,228	6,098	10,281	806,946
賬面淨值：	Net carrying amount:							
於二零一四年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2014	194,772	186,341	2,057	3,622	—	8,214	395,006
於二零一三年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2013	202,755	210,914	3,185	5,487	—	12,031	434,372



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2015 二零一五年三月三十一日

14. 物業、機器及設備(續)

本集團計入物業、機器及設備之土地及樓宇按以下租約持有，其分佈地區如下：

二零一五年三月三十一日

中期租約 Medium term leases
長期租約 Long term leases

二零一四年三月三十一日

中期租約 Medium term leases
長期租約 Long term leases

本集團若干土地及樓宇、設備及機器已抵押予銀行作為本集團獲授若干銀行信貸之抵押(附註30)。

本集團若干設備及機器根據經營租約出租予第三方，進一步概要詳情載於財務報表附註35(a)。

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

The Group's land and buildings included in property, plant and equipment are held under the following lease terms in the following geographical locations:

31 March 2015

		中國 PRC		
		香港 Hong Kong	其他地區 Elsewhere	總計 Total
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
中期租約	Medium term leases	182,993	1,967	184,960
長期租約	Long term leases	—	1,836	1,836
		<u>182,993</u>	<u>3,803</u>	<u>186,796</u>

31 March 2014

		中國 PRC		
		香港 Hong Kong	其他地區 Elsewhere	總計 Total
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
中期租約	Medium term leases	190,451	2,402	192,853
長期租約	Long term leases	—	1,919	1,919
		<u>190,451</u>	<u>4,321</u>	<u>194,772</u>

Certain of the Group's land and buildings, equipment and machinery were pledged to banks as security for certain banking facilities granted to the Group (note 30).

Certain of the Group's equipment and machinery are leased to third parties under operating leases, further summary details of which are included in note 35(a) to the financial statements.

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2015 二零一五年三月三十一日

14. 物業、機器及設備(續)

本集團根據經營租約持有供使用之設備及機器總額及其相關累計折舊與減值虧損總額如下：

成本
累計折舊
累計減值虧損

賬面淨值

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

The gross amounts of the Group's equipment and machinery held for use under operating leases and the related accumulated depreciation and impairment losses are as follows:

		集團 GROUP	
		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
Cost	Cost	115,515	97,764
Accumulated depreciation	Accumulated depreciation	(76,206)	(66,496)
Accumulated impairment losses	Accumulated impairment losses	(182)	(182)
Net carrying amount	Net carrying amount	<u>39,127</u>	<u>31,086</u>

15. 投資物業

於年初之賬面值
添置
轉撥自持有供銷售之物業(附註21)
出售
出售一間附屬公司(附註41(a))
公平值變動
匯兌調整

於年終之賬面值

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

		集團 GROUP	
		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
Carrying amount at beginning of year	Carrying amount at beginning of year	532,976	487,878
Additions	Additions	54,949	1,780
Transfer from properties held for sale (note 21)	Transfer from properties held for sale (note 21)	22,307	6,135
Disposal	Disposal	(2,241)	—
Disposal of a subsidiary (note 41(a))	Disposal of a subsidiary (note 41(a))	(22,530)	—
Fair value changes	Fair value changes	33,121	37,494
Exchange realignment	Exchange realignment	(265)	(311)
Carrying amount at end of year	Carrying amount at end of year	<u>618,317</u>	<u>532,976</u>

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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15. 投資物業(續)

本集團之投資物業按以下租期持有，其分佈地區如下：

二零一五年三月三十一日

中期租約 Medium term leases
 長期租約 Long term leases

二零一四年三月三十一日

中期租約 Medium term leases
 長期租約 Long term leases

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Cont'd)

The Group's investment properties are held under the following lease terms in the following geographical locations:

31 March 2015

		中國 PRC		
		香港 Hong Kong	其他地區 Elsewhere	總計 Total
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
	中期租約	—	140,575	140,575
	長期租約	—	477,742	477,742
		<u>—</u>	<u>618,317</u>	<u>618,317</u>

31 March 2014

		中國 PRC		
		香港 Hong Kong	其他地區 Elsewhere	總計 Total
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
	中期租約	22,530	147,566	170,096
	長期租約	—	362,880	362,880
		<u>22,530</u>	<u>510,446</u>	<u>532,976</u>

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2015 二零一五年三月三十一日

15. 投資物業(續)

本集團投資物業包括位於中國內地的商業物業以及住宅物業(二零一四年：位於香港之商業物業、位於中國內地之商業物業以及住宅物業)。本公司董事根據各項物業之性質、特徵及風險將投資物業分為兩類資產，即商業及住宅。本集團投資物業依據獨立專業合資格物業估值師威格斯資產評估顧問有限公司所作估值於二零一五年三月三十一日重新估值為618,317,000港元(二零一四年：532,976,000港元)。本公司董事每年會決定委任外部估值師負責本集團物業之外部估值。挑選之標準包括市場知識、名聲、獨立性以及是否可保持專業標準。本公司董事每年兩次於為中期及年度財務報告進行估值時就估值假設及估值結果與估值師進行討論。

投資物業乃根據經營租約租賃予第三方，有關概要之進一步詳情載於財務報表附註35(a)。

於二零一四年三月三十一日，本集團一項投資物業已抵押予一間銀行作為向本集團提供銀行信貸之抵押(附註30)。此投資物業之抵押年內於Tremend Yield出售(定義見附註41(a))前已解除(附註41(a))。

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Cont'd)

The Group's investment properties consist of commercial properties and residential properties in Mainland China (2014: commercial property in Hong Kong, and commercial properties and residential properties in Mainland China). The directors of the Company have determined that the investment properties consist of two classes of asset, i.e., commercial and residential, based on the nature, characteristics and risks of each property. The Group's investment properties were revalued on 31 March 2015 based on valuations performed by Vigers Appraisal and Consulting Limited, a firm of independent professionally qualified property valuers at HK\$618,317,000 (2014: HK\$532,976,000). Each year, the Company's directors decide to appoint which external valuer to be responsible for the external valuations of the Group's properties. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. The Company's directors have discussions with the valuer on the valuation assumptions and valuation results twice a year when the valuation is performed for interim and annual financial reporting.

The investment properties are leased to third parties under operating leases, further summary details of which are included in note 35(a) to the financial statements.

As at 31 March 2014, one of the Group's investment properties was pledged to a bank as security for a banking facility granted to the Group (note 30). The charge over this investment property was released before the Tremend Yield Disposal (as defined in note 41(a) below) during the year (note 41(a)).

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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15. 投資物業(續)

公平值等級架構(續)

歸類為第3層公平值等級架構之公平值計量之對賬：

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Cont'd)

Fair value hierarchy (Cont'd)

Reconciliation of fair value measurements categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy:

		商業物業 Commercial properties 千港元 HK\$'000	住宅物業 Residential properties 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一三年四月一日之賬面值	Carrying amount at 1 April 2013	22,530	465,348
添置	Additions	—	1,780
轉撥自持有供銷售之物業(附註21)	Transfer from properties held for sale (note 21)	6,135	—
公平值變動	Fair value changes	14,058	23,436
匯兌調整	Exchange realignment	(201)	(110)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
於二零一四年三月三十一日 及二零一四年四月一日之賬面值	Carrying amount at 31 March 2014 and 1 April 2014	42,522	490,454
添置	Additions	—	54,949
轉撥自持有供銷售之物業(附註21)	Transfer from properties held for sale (note 21)	22,307	—
出售	Disposal	—	(2,241)
出售一間附屬公司(附註41(a))	Disposal of a subsidiary (note 41(a))	(22,530)	—
公平值變動	Fair value changes	60,815	(27,694)
匯兌調整	Exchange realignment	(72)	(193)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
於二零一五年三月三十一日之賬面值	Carrying amount at 31 March 2015	103,042	515,275

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2015 二零一五年三月三十一日

15. 投資物業(續)
公平值等級架構(續)

以下為投資物業估值所用估值方法及主要輸入數據之概要：

	估值方法 Valuation techniques	重大不可觀察 輸入數據 Significant unobservable inputs	範圍(加權平均值) Range (weighted average)	
			二零一五年 2015	二零一四年 2014
位於香港之商業物業 Commercial property in Hong Kong	直接比較法 Direct comparison approach	具體物業調整比率 Property-specific adjustment rate	不適用 N/A	-20%至-1%(-29%) -20% to -1% (-29%)
位於中國內地之商業物業 Commercial properties in Mainland China	直接比較法 Direct comparison approach	具體物業調整比率 Property-specific adjustment rate	-40%至-3% (-5%) -40% to -3% (-5%)	-40%至-3% (-14%) -40% to -3% (-14%)
位於中國內地之住宅物業 Residential properties in Mainland China	直接比較法 Direct comparison approach	具體物業調整比率 Property-specific adjustment rate	-10%至2% (-8%) -10% to 2% (-8%)	-5%至2% (-4%) -5% to 2% (-4%)

本集團投資物業之公平值乃使用直接比較法，參考公開市場中可比較物業之近期售價並就本集團投資物業與近期銷售例子比較之面積、位置、樓層及質量作調整而釐定。公平值計量與調整比率越高則會導致公平值越高的不可觀察輸入數據呈正相關關係。

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Cont'd)
Fair value hierarchy (Cont'd)

Below is a summary of the valuation techniques used and the key inputs to the valuation of investment properties:

The fair value of the Group's investment properties is determined using the direct comparison approach by reference to the recent sales price of comparable properties in the open market, adjusted for size, location, floor level and quality of the Group's investment properties compared to the recent sales. The fair value measurement is positively correlated to the unobservable input that the higher the adjustment rate will result in a higher fair value.



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16. 發展中物業

16. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

		集團 GROUP	
		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
年初結存	Balance at beginning of year	1,171,959	1,031,826
本年度添置	Additions during the year	517,051	420,351
轉撥至持有供銷售之物業(附註21)	Transfer to properties held for sale (note 21)	(413,000)	(280,614)
匯兌調整	Exchange realignment	(456)	396
年終結存	Balance at end of year	1,275,554	1,171,959
即期部分	Current portion	(65,506)	(382,669)
非即期部分	Non-current portion	1,210,048	789,290

17. 附屬公司權益

17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

		公司 COMPANY	
		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
非上市股份，按成本	Unlisted shares, at cost	16,721	16,721
附屬公司之欠款	Amounts due from subsidiaries	1,194,199	1,173,276
減值#	Impairment#	(170,549)	(178,794)
		1,023,650	994,482
欠附屬公司之款項	Amounts due to subsidiaries	(47,772)	(144,932)
一年內到期，分類為 流動負債之部分	Portion due within one year, classified as current liabilities	47,772	144,932
		—	—
		1,040,371	1,011,203

於二零一五年三月三十一日之減值撥備包括了就附屬公司欠款所作之減值撥備約170,549,000港元(二零一四年：178,794,000港元)，乃按可向附屬公司收回之金額為基準並參考附屬公司持有之相關資產之公平值釐定。年內，減值撥備減少約8,245,000港元(二零一四年：減值虧損17,507,000港元)。

The provision for impairment as at 31 March 2015 included impairment provision of approximately HK\$170,549,000 (2014: HK\$178,794,000) for amounts due from subsidiaries and was determined on the basis of the amounts recoverable from subsidiaries with reference to the fair value of the underlying assets held by the subsidiaries. During the year, the provision for impairment was decreased by approximately HK\$8,245,000 (2014: impairment loss of HK\$17,507,000).

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17. 附屬公司權益(續)

附屬公司之欠款及欠附屬公司之款項均為無抵押及免息。計入流動負債之附屬公司結存須於要求時或於一年內償還，而計入非流動資產之附屬公司結存則毋須於由報告期末起計一年內償還，並視為本公司向其附屬公司作出之投資一部分。

主要附屬公司之詳情如下：

17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

The amounts due from and to subsidiaries are unsecured and interest-free. The balances with subsidiaries included in the current liabilities are repayable on demand or within one year whereas the balances with subsidiaries included in non-current assets are not expected to be repaid within one year from the end of the reporting period and are considered as part of the Company's investments in its subsidiaries.

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and business	已發行股份/ 繳足註冊資本 Issued share/ paid up registered capital	本公司應佔 之股權百分比 Percentage of equity attributable to the Company		主要業務 Principal activities
			二零一五年 2015	二零一四年 2014	
泰昇地基(香港)有限公司 Tysan Foundation (Hong Kong) Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 100 港元 Ordinary HK\$100	60	60	投資控股 Investment holding
泰昇地基工程有限公司(附註 2 及 3) Tysan Foundation Limited (notes 2 and 3)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 51,000,000 港元 Ordinary HK\$51,000,000 遞延股 3,000,000 港元 Deferred HK\$3,000,000	60	60	地基打樁及地盤勘查 Foundation piling and site investigation
泰昇建築(澳門)有限公司(附註 2) Tysan Construction (Macau) Limited (note 2)	澳門 Macau	普通股 25,000 澳門元 Ordinary MOP25,000	60	60	地基打樁 Foundation piling
泰昇機械租賃有限公司(附註 2 及 3) Tysan Machinery Hire Limited (notes 2 and 3)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 10,000 港元 Ordinary HK\$10,000 遞延股 200,000 港元 Deferred HK\$200,000	60	60	機械租賃 Machinery hiring
泰昇地基工程(香港)有限公司(附註 2) Tysan Contractors (Hong Kong) Limited (note 2)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 2 港元 Ordinary HK\$2	60	60	項目管理及 提供諮詢服務 Project management and provision of consultancy services

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17. 附屬公司權益(續)

主要附屬公司之詳情如下：(續)

17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Cont'd)

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and business	已發行股份/ 繳足註冊資本 Issued share/ paid up registered capital	本公司應佔 之股權百分比 Percentage of equity attributable to the Company		主要業務 Principal activities
			二零一五年 2015	二零一四年 2014	
泰昇地基土力工程有限公司(附註2) Tysan Foundation Geotechnical Limited (note 2)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	60	60	地基打樁及 地盤勘查 Foundation piling and site investigation
先進機械工程有限公司(附註2) Proficiency Equipment Limited (note 2)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股24,480,000港元 Ordinary HK\$24,480,000	100	100	機械租賃及買賣 Machinery hiring and trading
先進工程營造有限公司(附註2) Proficiency Engineering Limited (note 2)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	提供工程服務及 機械租賃 Provision of engineering services and machinery hiring
剛耀有限公司(附註2) Lion Bright Limited (note 2)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	機械租賃及買賣 Machinery hiring and trading
進昇有限公司(附註2) Mac Proficiency Limited (note 2)	澳門 Macau	普通股25,000澳門元 Ordinary MOP25,000	100	100	提供工程服務及 機械租賃 Provision of engineering services and machinery hiring
泰昇管理有限公司(附註3) Tysan Management Limited (note 3)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股100港元 Ordinary HK\$100 遞延股2港元 Deferred HK\$2	100	100	企業管理 Corporate management
新曜有限公司 Sun Sparkle Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	企業融資 Corporate financing
卓民有限公司 Great Unison Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股1港元 Ordinary HK\$1	100	100	企業融資 Corporate financing
泰昇投資發展有限公司(「泰昇投資發展」) Tysan Investment Limited ("TIL")	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding



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17. 附屬公司權益(續)

17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

主要附屬公司之詳情如下：(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Cont'd)

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and business	已發行股份/ 繳足註冊資本 Issued share/ paid up registered capital	本公司應佔 之股權百分比 Percentage of equity attributable to the Company		主要業務 Principal activities
			二零一五年 2015	二零一四年 2014	
泰昇地產發展投資有限公司(「泰昇地產」) Tysan Property Development & Investment Limited ("TPDIL")	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 2 港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
泰昇建築有限公司(「泰昇建築」) Tysan Construction Company Limited ("TCCL")	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 2 港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
Tremend Yield Limited (附註 6) (note 6)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 20 港元 Ordinary HK\$20	—	100	物業投資 Property investment
善信投資有限公司(附註 2) Sure Faith Investment Limited (note 2)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 2 港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	持有物業 Property holding
頓肯房地產有限公司(附註 2) Duncan Properties Limited (note 2)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 2 港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
Dragonhill Limited (附註 2) (note 2)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 2 港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
剛毅投資有限公司(附註 2) Great Regent Investments Limited (note 2)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 2 港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股及提供 銷售及營銷服務 Investment holding and provision of sales and marketing services
泰昇房地產開發(天津)有限公司 (附註 2 及 4) Tysan Property Development (Tianjin) Company Limited (notes 2 and 4)	中國/中國內地 PRC/ Mainland China	15,500,000 美元 US\$15,500,000	100	100	物業發展 Property development
Cottontree Pacific Limited	英屬處女群島 BVI	普通股 1 港元 Ordinary HK\$1	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
Tysan Foundation Holdings Limited (附註 2) (note 2)	百慕達 Bermuda	普通股 0.1 港元 Ordinary HK\$0.1	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding

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17. 附屬公司權益(續)

17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

主要附屬公司之詳情如下：(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Cont'd)

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and business	已發行股份/ 繳足註冊資本 Issued share/ paid up registered capital	本公司應佔 之股權百分比 Percentage of equity attributable to the Company		主要業務 Principal activities
			二零一五年 2015	二零一四年 2014	
曜基有限公司(附註2及7) Sparkle Key Limited (notes 2 and 7)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 10,000 港元 Ordinary HK\$10,000	100	97	投資控股 Investment holding
泰昇房地產(瀋陽)有限公司 (附註2、4、7及8) Tysan Land (Shenyang) Limited (notes 2, 4, 7 and 8)	中國/ 中國內地 PRC/ Mainland China	58,300,000 美元 US\$58,300,000	100	97	物業發展 Property development
泰升房地產(上海)有限公司(附註2及5) Tysan Land (Shanghai) Limited (notes 2 and 5)	中國/中國內地 PRC/ Mainland China	20,500,000 美元 US\$20,500,000	100	100	物業發展 Property development
泰昇工程服務有限公司(「泰昇工程服務」) (附註2及6) Tysan Engineering Company Limited ("TECL") (notes 2 and 6)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 10,000 港元 Ordinary HK\$10,000	—	70	投資控股 Investment holding
泰昇工程(香港)有限公司(附註2及6) Tysan Engineering (H.K.) Company Limited (notes 2 and 6)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 20,600,000 港元 Ordinary HK\$20,600,000	—	70	提供電機及機械服務 Provision of electrical and mechanical services
蕙園國際有限公司(附註1及2) CG (HY) International Limited (notes 1 and 2)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 100 港元 Ordinary HK\$100	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
Allbright Investment Limited (附註2) (note 2)	英屬處女群島 BVI	普通股 100 美元 Ordinary US\$100	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
Ironwood Pacific Limited (附註2) (note 2)	英屬處女群島 BVI	普通股 100 美元 Ordinary US\$100	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
Federated Resources Limited (附註2) (note 2)	英屬處女群島 BVI	普通股 100 美元 Ordinary US\$100	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
Beneficial Enterprises Limited (附註2) (note 2)	英屬處女群島 BVI	普通股 100 美元 Ordinary US\$100	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding



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17. 附屬公司權益(續)

17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

主要附屬公司之詳情如下：(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Cont'd)

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and business	已發行股份/ 繳足註冊資本 Issued share/ paid up registered capital	本公司應佔 之股權百分比 Percentage of equity attributable to the Company		主要業務 Principal activities
			二零一五年 2015	二零一四年 2014	
紅光投資有限公司(附註2) Red Shine Investment Limited (note 2)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
海逸投資有限公司(附註2) Hiat Investment Limited (note 2)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
興懋有限公司(附註2) Great Prosper Limited (note 2)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股100港元 Ordinary HK\$100	100	90	投資控股並提供 銷售及營銷服務 Investment holding and provision of sales and marketing services
佳利威有限公司(附註2) Cariway Limited (note 2)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
資盛行有限公司(附註2) Fund House Limited (note 2)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
頓肯物業管理(上海)有限公司 (附註2及4) Duncan Property Management (Shanghai) Company Limited (notes 2 and 4)	中國/中國內地 PRC/ Mainland China	500,000美元 US\$500,000	100	100	物業管理 Property management
上海華園國際房地產開發經營有限公司 (附註2及4) Shanghai China Garden International Real Estate Development & Management Company Limited (notes 2 and 4)	中國/中國內地 PRC/ Mainland China	5,000,000美元 US\$5,000,000	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
上海長寧頓肯房地產開發經營有限公司 (附註2及4) Shanghai Changning Duncan Property Development Company Limited (notes 2 and 4)	中國/中國內地 PRC/ Mainland China	10,000,000美元 US\$10,000,000	100	100	物業發展 Property development
上海頓肯房地產諮詢有限公司 (附註2及5) Shanghai Duncan Property Consulting Company Limited (notes 2 and 5)	中國/中國內地 PRC/ Mainland China	100,000美元 US\$100,000	100	100	提供物業諮詢服務 Provision of property consultancy services



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17. 附屬公司權益(續)

附註：

1. 該公司名稱由華園國際有限公司更改為蕙園國際有限公司，自二零一五年三月十八日起生效。
2. 透過附屬公司持有。
3. 遞延股份無權獲派股息(於有關公司可供分派股息之純利超過10億港元之任何財政年度按每年5厘之息率派發之固定非累計股息除外)，亦無權於股東大會上投票，而且於清盤時無權收取資本退還之任何盈餘(該等股份之已繳股本除外，惟該公司之普通股持有人必須於清盤時已經就每股普通股獲分派共10,000億港元)。
4. 該等實體乃根據中國法律註冊為外商獨資企業。
5. 該等實體乃根據中國法律註冊為中外合資企業。
6. 於二零一四年十二月十九日，本集團出售於泰昇工程服務及其附屬公司以及Tremend Yield Limited之全部股權。有關出售事項之進一步詳情載於財務報表附註41。
7. 於二零一五年三月十八日，本公司之全資附屬公司泰昇地產向其附屬公司曜基有限公司之非控股股東收購於曜基有限公司之額外3%股權，代價為15,000,000港元。收購完成後，曜基有限公司及其全資附屬公司泰昇房地產(瀋陽)有限公司成為泰昇地產之全資附屬公司。有關收購之進一步詳情載於財務報表之附註39(a)。
8. 年內，董事局已授權將其註冊資本從58,300,000美元增加至108,300,000美元，為位於中國瀋陽之在建物業建築工程提供資金。因此，本集團已授權承諾於報告期末向附屬公司作出約390,000,000港元的出資，但尚未訂約。報告期末後，於二零一五年四月，註冊資本增加已獲相關政府機構批准。

17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

Notes:

1. Its name was changed from China Garden International Limited to CG (HY) International Limited effective on 18 March 2015.
2. Held through subsidiaries.
3. The deferred shares carry no rights to dividends (other than a fixed non-cumulative dividend at the rate of 5% per annum for any financial year during which the net profit of the relevant company available for dividends exceeds HK\$1 billion), no rights to vote at general meetings, no rights to receive any surplus on a return of capital on a winding-up (other than the amount paid up on such shares, provided that the holders of the ordinary shares of that company have been distributed in such a winding-up of a sum of HK\$1,000 billion in respect of each ordinary share).
4. These entities are registered as wholly-foreign-owned enterprises under the PRC law.
5. These entities are registered as Sino-foreign joint ventures under the PRC law.
6. On 19 December 2014, the Group disposed of its entire equity interests in TECL and its subsidiaries, and Tremend Yield Limited. Further details of the disposals are set out in note 41 to the financial statements.
7. On 18 March 2015, TPDIL, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, acquired an additional 3% equity interest in its subsidiary, Sparkle Key Limited from the then non-controlling shareholder of Sparkle Key Limited, at a consideration of HK\$15,000,000. Sparkle Key Limited and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Tysan Land (Shenyang) Limited, became wholly-owned subsidiaries of TPDIL upon completion of such acquisition. Further details of the acquisition are set out in note 39(a) to the financial statements.
8. During the year, the board of directors authorised to increase its registered capital from US\$58,300,000 to US\$108,300,000 for financing the construction works relating to properties under development in Shenyang, the PRC. Accordingly, the Group had authorised but not contracted for commitments in respect of capital contributions to the subsidiary amounting to approximately HK\$390,000,000 at the end of the reporting period. Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, in April 2015, the increase of registered capital was approved by the relevant government authority.



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17. 附屬公司權益(續)

上表所列之本公司附屬公司是董事認為對本集團之本年度業績有重大影響或構成本集團大部分資產淨值之附屬公司。董事認為，詳列其他附屬公司會引致內容過於冗長。

關於擁有重大非控股股東權益之本集團附屬公司之詳情如下。

下列資料指於泰昇地基(香港)有限公司及其全資附屬公司(統稱為「泰昇地基(香港)集團」)之非控股權益。

17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

Details of the Group's subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests are set out below.

The information set out below represents the non-controlling interest in Tysan Foundation (Hong Kong) Limited and its wholly-owned subsidiaries (collectively, "Tysan Foundation (Hong Kong) Group").

		二零一五年 2015	二零一四年 2014
非控股股東權益持有之 股權百分比	Percentage of equity interest held by non-controlling interests	40%	40%
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
分派予非控股股東權益之 年度溢利	Profit for the year allocated to non-controlling interests	104,599	3,415
派付予非控股股東權益之股息	Dividend paid to non-controlling interests	124,000	—
自一位非控股股東提供之 墊付貸款(附註)	Loan advanced from a non-controlling shareholder (note)	32,000	32,000
於報告期末之非控股股東權益 累計結存	Accumulated balances of non-controlling interests at the end of the reporting period	189,101	208,502

附註：該結存無抵押，免息且毋須於報告期結束一年內償還。

Note: The balance is unsecured, interest-free and not repayable within one year from the end of the reporting period.

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17. 附屬公司權益(續)

下表列示泰昇地基(香港)集團之財務資料概要。所披露金額乃進行公司間抵銷前數據：

17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

The following tables illustrate the summarised financial information of Tysan Foundation (Hong Kong) Group. The amounts disclosed are before any inter-company eliminations:

		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
收益	Revenue	3,752,214	2,471,234
總開支，淨額	Total expenses, net	(3,490,717)	(2,342,137)
年度溢利	Profit for the year	261,497	129,097
年內全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>261,497</u>	<u>129,097</u>
流動資產	Current assets	1,784,361	1,559,760
非流動資產	Non-current assets	157,819	159,653
流動負債	Current liabilities	(1,457,608)	(1,178,074)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	<u>(91,819)</u>	<u>(100,083)</u>
來自經營業務之現金流量淨額	Net cash flows from operating activities	327,733	463,000
來自/(用於)投資業務之現金流量淨額	Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities	46,225	(141,228)
用於融資業務之現金流量淨額	Net cash flows used in financing activities	<u>(324,400)</u>	<u>(73,297)</u>
現金及等同現金項目增加淨額	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	<u>49,558</u>	<u>248,475</u>

18. 一間聯營公司權益

18. INTERESTS IN AN ASSOCIATE

		本集團 GROUP	
(a)	(a)	二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
應佔資產淨值	Share of net assets	—	—
一間聯營公司之欠款	Amount due from an associate	<u>373</u>	<u>359</u>
		373	359
減：減值	Less: Impairment	<u>(373)</u>	<u>(359)</u>
		<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>

一間聯營公司之欠款為無抵押、免息且無固定還款期限。

The amount due from an associate is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment.



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18. 一間聯營公司權益(續)

(b) 聯營公司之詳情如下：

名稱 Name	所持已發行 股份詳情 Particulars of issued shares held	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and business	本集團應佔 所有權權益百分比 Percentage of ownership interest attributable to the Group		主要業務 Principal activity
			二零一五年 2015	二零一四年 2014	
力騏投資有限公司 Turbo Dragon Investment Limited	普通股 Ordinary share	香港 Hong Kong	50	50	投資控股 Investment holding

下表列示本集團個別而言不屬重大之聯營公司之匯總財務資料：

18. INTERESTS IN AN ASSOCIATE (Cont'd)

(b) Particulars of the associate are as follows:

The following table illustrates the aggregate financial information of the Group's associates that are not individually material:

		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
應佔聯營公司年內溢利	Share of associates' profit for the year	—	3,301
應佔聯營公司全面收益總額	Share of associates' total comprehensive income	—	3,541



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18. 一間聯營公司權益(續)

(c) 出售聯營公司

- (i) 於二零一三年八月十六日(經日期為二零一三年十一月二十二日之補充協議修訂), 本公司之全資附屬公司泰昇建築與馮潮澤先生(「馮先生」)訂立一份買賣協議, 據此, 泰昇建築按現金代價17,150,000港元(其中9,800,000港元為出售股權, 7,350,000港元為清償股東貸款)向馮先生出售其於泰昇建築工程之49%股權及泰昇建築工程有限公司(「泰昇建築工程」)欠泰昇建築之無息股東貸款7,350,000港元(「泰昇建築工程出售」)。泰昇建築工程出售於二零一四年一月十七日完成。

泰昇建築工程出售完成後, 本集團並無擁有泰昇建築工程及其附屬公司之任何權益。泰昇建築工程出售之虧損2,184,000港元, 即出售股權代價9,800,000港元與本集團於出售日期於泰昇建築工程之權益約11,984,000港元之差額, 於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度的綜合損益表內確認。

緊隨泰昇建築工程出售完成後, 馮先生所控制之泰昇建築工程成為本集團之一間關連公司。

18. INTERESTS IN AN ASSOCIATE (Cont'd)

(c) Disposals of associates

- (i) On 16 August 2013 (as amended by a supplemental agreement dated 22 November 2013), TCCL, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and Mr. Fung Chiu Chak, Victor ("Mr. Fung"), entered into a sale and purchase agreement pursuant to which, TCCL disposed of its 49% equity interest in Tysan Building Construction Company Limited ("TBC"), and the interest-free shareholder's loan of HK\$7,350,000 owing by TBC to TCCL, at a cash consideration of HK\$17,150,000 (of which HK\$9,800,000 is for the disposal of the equity interest and HK\$7,350,000 is for settlement of the shareholder's loan) to Mr. Fung ("Tysan Building Construction Disposal"). The Tysan Building Construction Disposal was completed on 17 January 2014.

Upon the completion of the Tysan Building Construction Disposal, the Group did not have any interest in TBC and its subsidiaries. The loss on the Tysan Building Construction Disposal of HK\$2,184,000, representing the difference between the equity interest disposal consideration of HK\$9,800,000 and the Group's interests in TBC as at the date of disposal of approximately HK\$11,984,000, was recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31 March 2014.

Immediately after the completion of the Tysan Building Construction Disposal, TBC, which is controlled by Mr. Fung, becomes a related company of the Group.



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18. 一間聯營公司權益(續)

(c) 出售聯營公司(續)

- (ii) 於二零一三年八月十六日(經日期為二零一三年十一月二十二日之補充協議修訂),本公司之全資附屬公司泰昇投資發展與郭敏慧小姐訂立一份買賣協議,據此,泰昇投資發展按現金代價4,400,000港元(其中3,600,000港元為出售股權,800,000港元為清償股東貸款)向郭敏慧小姐出售其於泰昇貿易有限公司(「泰昇貿易」)之40%股權及泰昇貿易欠泰昇投資發展之無息股東貸款800,000港元(「泰昇貿易出售」)。泰昇貿易出售於二零一四年一月十七日完成。

泰昇貿易出售完成後,本集團並無於泰昇貿易及其附屬公司擁有任何權益。經扣除出售後解除有關匯兌浮動儲備約936,000港元後,泰昇貿易出售之虧損9,151,000港元,即出售股權代價3,600,000港元與本集團於出售日期於泰昇貿易之權益約13,687,000港元之差額,於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度的綜合損益表內確認。

緊隨泰昇貿易出售完成後,郭敏慧小姐所控制之泰昇貿易成為本集團之一間關連公司,直至郭敏慧小姐辭任執行董事(自二零一四年七月一日起生效)為止。

有關泰昇建築工程出售及泰昇貿易出售之進一步詳情載於本公司日期為二零一三年十一月二十五日之通函。

18. INTERESTS IN AN ASSOCIATE (Cont'd)

(c) Disposals of associates (Cont'd)

- (ii) On 16 August 2013 (as amended by a supplemental agreement dated 22 November 2013), TIL, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and Miss Jennifer Kwok, entered into a sale and purchase agreement pursuant to which, TIL disposed of its 40% equity interest in Tysan Trading Company Limited ("TTCL") and the interest-free shareholder's loan of HK\$800,000 owing by TTCL to TIL, at a cash consideration of HK\$4,400,000 (of which HK\$3,600,000 is for the disposal of the equity interests and HK\$800,000 is for the settlement of the shareholder's loan) to Miss Jennifer Kwok ("Tysan Trading Disposal"). The Tysan Trading Disposal was completed on 17 January 2014.

Upon the completion of the Tysan Trading Disposal, the Group did not have any interest in TTCL and its subsidiaries. The loss on the Tysan Trading Disposal of HK\$9,151,000, representing the difference between the disposal consideration of HK\$3,600,000 for the equity interest and the Group's interests in TTCL as at the date of disposal of approximately HK\$13,687,000, net of the release of related exchange fluctuation reserve upon disposal of approximately HK\$936,000, was recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31 March 2014.

Immediately after the completion of the Tysan Trading Disposal, TTCL, which was controlled by Miss Jennifer Kwok, became a related company of the Group until the resignation of Miss Jennifer Kwok as an Executive Director with effect from 1 July 2014.

Further details of the Tysan Building Construction Disposal and the Tysan Trading Disposal are set out in the Company's circular dated 25 November 2013.



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19. 可供出售投資

19. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENT

		集團 GROUP	
		二零一五年 2015	二零一四年 2014
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
未上市股本投資，按成本	Unlisted equity investment, at cost	<u>1,249</u>	<u>1,250</u>

於二零一五年三月三十一日，面值1,249,000港元(二零一四年：1,250,000港元)之未上市股本投資按成本減減值列賬，因為合理公平值估計之範圍極大，董事認為其公平值無法可靠計量。本集團無意於近期將其出售。

As at 31 March 2015, an unlisted equity investment with a carrying amount of HK\$1,249,000 (2014: HK\$1,250,000) was stated at cost less impairment because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors are of the opinion that its fair value cannot be measured reliably. The Group does not intend to dispose of it in the near future.

20. 存貨

20. INVENTORIES

		集團 GROUP	
		二零一五年 2015	二零一四年 2014
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
原料	Raw materials	639	1,818
零件及其他	Spare parts and others	<u>13,543</u>	<u>11,791</u>
		<u>14,182</u>	<u>13,609</u>



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21. 持有供銷售之物業

21. PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

		集團 GROUP	
		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
年初	At beginning of year	604,640	720,600
轉撥至物業、機器及設備(附註14)	Transfer to property, plant and equipment (note 14)	(7)	—
轉撥至投資物業(附註15)	Transfer to investment properties (note 15)	(22,307)	(6,135)
轉撥自發展中物業(附註16)	Transfer from properties under development (note 16)	413,000	280,614
年內出售之物業	Properties sold during the year	(348,806)	(396,173)
匯兌調整	Exchange realignment	139	5,734
年終	At end of year	<u>646,659</u>	<u>604,640</u>

本集團持有供銷售之物業位於中國內地及以長期租約持有。

The Group's properties held for sale are located in Mainland China and are held under long term leases.

22. 建築合約

22. CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

		集團 GROUP	
		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
客戶有關合約工程之欠款	Amounts due from customers for contract works	160,041	107,127
欠客戶有關合約工程之款項	Amounts due to customers for contract works	<u>(686,495)</u>	<u>(739,788)</u>
		<u>(526,454)</u>	<u>(632,661)</u>
所產生之合約成本加載至本年報日期已確認溢利減已確認虧損減：已收及應收進度賬款	Contract costs incurred plus recognised profits less recognised losses to date Less: Progress billings received and receivable	10,865,475 <u>(11,391,929)</u>	9,641,367 <u>(10,274,028)</u>
		<u>(526,454)</u>	<u>(632,661)</u>

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23. 應收貿易賬款

本集團跟隨本地行業標準制訂信貸政策。給予貿易客戶之平均一般信貸期為30日內(應收保固金除外)，惟須經管理層作出定期檢討。有鑒於上文所述及本集團之應收貿易賬款與大量不同客戶有關，故概無信貸風險過於集中之情況。本集團並無就該等結存持有任何擔保或提高其他信貸。應收貿易賬款均為免息。

23. TRADE RECEIVABLES

The Group has established credit policies that follow local industry standards. The average normal credit periods offered to trade customers other than for retention receivables are within 30 days, and are subject to periodic review by management. In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivable balances. Trade receivables are non-interest bearing.

		集團 GROUP	
		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
應收貿易賬款	Trade receivables	1,017,028	777,991
減值	Impairment	(387)	(194)
		<u>1,016,641</u>	<u>777,797</u>

應收貿易賬款中包括應收一間關連公司款項254,000港元(二零一四年：6,405,000港元)，其還款信貸條款與給予本集團主要客戶的條款相若。

Included in the trade receivables is an amount due from a related company of HK\$254,000 (2014: HK\$6,405,000), which is repayable on similar credit terms to those offered to the major customers of the Group.



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23. 應收貿易賬款(續)

以發票日期及撥備淨值計算，應收貿易賬款於報告期末之賬齡分析如下：

應收貿易賬款：

90日內
91日至180日
181日至360日
360日以上

應收保固金

23. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Cont'd)

An aged analysis of the trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of provision, is as follows:

Trade receivables:

Within 90 days
91 to 180 days
181 to 360 days
Over 360 days

Retention receivables

集團 GROUP		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
		629,061	463,772
		117	1,231
		10,388	1,789
		2,180	771
		<u>641,746</u>	<u>467,563</u>
		<u>374,895</u>	<u>310,234</u>
		<u>1,016,641</u>	<u>777,797</u>

應收貿易賬款減值撥備之變動如下：

The movements in provision for individual impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

年初

已確認減值虧損(附註7)

撇銷為不可收回之款項

出售附屬公司

匯兌調整

年終

At beginning of year

Impairment losses recognised (note 7)

Amount written off as uncollectible

Disposal of subsidiaries

Exchange realignment

At end of year

集團 GROUP		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
		194	8,876
		387	194
		—	(9,009)
		(194)	—
		—	133
		<u>387</u>	<u>194</u>



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23. 應收貿易賬款(續)

計入上述應收貿易賬款之減值撥備為387,000港元(二零一四年: 194,000港元)是就個別應收貿易賬款而作其撥備前賬面總值為387,000港元(二零一四年: 194,000港元)。個別已減值應收貿易賬款與處於財務困難之客戶有關, 預期應收該等客戶之賬款不能全部收回。

個別或共同視作將不予減值之應收貿易賬款之賬齡分析如下:

既無過期亦無減值	Neither past due nor impaired
已過期1日至90日	1 to 90 days past due
已過期91日至270日	91 to 270 days past due
已過期超過270日	More than 270 days past due

既無過期亦無減值之應收款項與大量並無近期違約歷史的不同客戶有關。已過期但並無減值之應收款項與大量與本集團有著良好交易記錄的獨立客戶有關。依據過往經驗, 本公司董事認為, 由於信貸質量並無重大變動且結存仍視為可全部收回, 故概無必要就該等結存作出減值撥備。

23. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Cont'd)

Included in the above provision for impairment of trade receivables of HK\$387,000 (2014: HK\$194,000) is a provision for individually impaired trade receivables with a gross carrying amount before provision of HK\$387,000 (2014: HK\$194,000). The individually impaired trade receivables relate to customers that were in financial difficulties and the receivables from these customers are not expected to be fully recoverable.

The aged analysis of the trade receivables that are not individually nor collectively considered to be impaired is as follows:

集團		二零一五年	二零一四年
GROUP		2015	2014
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		940,799	720,388
		63,157	53,618
		117	2,853
		12,568	938
		<u>1,016,641</u>	<u>777,797</u>

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a large number of diversified customers for whom there was no recent history of default. Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.



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24. 預付款項、訂金及其他應收款項

24. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		集團		公司	
		GROUP		COMPANY	
		二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年
		2015	2014	2015	2014
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
收購物業、機器 及設備項目之訂金	Deposits for acquisition of items of property, plant and equipment	717	4,905	—	—
預付款項及訂金	Prepayments and deposits	51,750	45,854	138	177
其他應收款項	Other receivables	24,233	35,068	—	3,323
減：減值	Less: Impairment	(4,292)	(3,226)	—	—
		<u>72,408</u>	<u>82,601</u>	<u>138</u>	<u>3,500</u>
減：歸類為 非流動資產之 預付款項、訂金 及其他應收款項	Less: Prepayments, deposits and other receivables classified as non-current assets	(1,918)	(7,859)	—	—
		<u>70,490</u>	<u>74,742</u>	<u>138</u>	<u>3,500</u>

其他應收款項減值撥備之變動如下：

The movements in provision for impairment of other receivables are as follows:

		集團	
		GROUP	
		二零一五年	二零一四年
		2015	2014
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
年初	At beginning of year	3,226	2,000
已確認減值虧損(附註7)	Impairment losses recognised (note 7)	1,069	1,217
匯兌調整	Exchange realignment	(3)	9
年終	At end of year	<u>4,292</u>	<u>3,226</u>

除已全數減值之4,292,000港元(二零一四年：3,226,000港元)其他應收款項外，上述資產並無過期或減值，而計入上述結餘之金融資產與近來並無違約紀錄之應收款項有關。

Except for other receivables of HK\$4,292,000 (2014: HK\$3,226,000) which were fully impaired, none of the above assets is either past due or impaired and the financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default.

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25. 衍生金融工具

25. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

		集團 GROUP	
		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
利率掉期	Interest rate swaps	—	4,113

本集團已訂立多項利率掉期，以管理其利率風險。非對沖衍生工具之公平淨值變動之盈利4,113,000港元(二零一四年：4,092,000港元)乃計入年內之損益表內。於二零一四年三月三十一日，該等金融工具之賬面值與其公平值相若。該等利率掉期已於年內到期。上述衍生金融工具所涉交易乃與信譽良好且近期並無違約歷史之金融機構進行。

The Group entered into various interest rate swaps to manage its interest rate exposures. Changes in the fair value, net, of non-hedging derivatives amounting to a gain of HK\$4,113,000 (2014: HK\$4,092,000) were credited to the statement of profit or loss during the year. As at 31 March 2014, the carrying amounts of those financial instruments were the same as their fair values. Those interest rate swaps were matured during the year. The above transactions involving derivative financial instruments were conducted with creditworthy financial institutions with no recent history of default.

26. 現金及銀行結存、定期存款及受限制現金

26. CASH AND BANK BALANCES, TIME DEPOSITS AND RESTRICTED CASH

		集團 GROUP	
		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
定期存款：	Time deposits:		
— 其他定期存款	— other time deposits	(a) 443,862	551,441
— 結構性存款	— structured deposits	(b) 302,570	554,778
定期存款總額	Total time deposits	(c) 746,432	1,106,219
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances	(a) 541,064	441,688
受限制現金	Restricted cash	(d) 24,000	3,241
總計	Total	1,311,496	1,551,148



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26. 現金及銀行結存、定期存款及受限制現金(續)

26. CASH AND BANK BALANCES, TIME DEPOSITS AND RESTRICTED CASH (Cont'd)

		集團 GROUP	
		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
以下列貨幣計值：	Denominated in:		
人民幣	Renminbi ("RMB")	753,462	934,708
港元	HK\$	550,156	608,775
澳門元	Macao patacas ("MOP")	6,966	6,093
其他貨幣	Other currencies	912	1,572
		<u>1,311,496</u>	<u>1,551,148</u>

人民幣不可自由兌換為其他貨幣，然而，根據中國內地之外匯管理條例及結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定，本集團獲准透過獲授權進行外匯業務之銀行，將人民幣兌換為其他貨幣。

RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through authorised banks to conduct foreign exchange business.

附註：

Notes:

(a) 銀行存款按每日銀行存款利率計算之浮動利率賺取利息。定期存款具有不同之存款期限，兩個月(二零一四年：三個月)不等，視乎本集團之即時現金需求而定，並按有關之定期存款利率賺取利息。銀行結存及存款存於近期並無違約歷史之信譽卓著之銀行。

(a) Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Time deposits are made for varying periods within two months (2014: three months) depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective time deposit rates. The bank balances and deposits are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

(b) 結構性存款為具有固定到期期限之定期存款，按攤銷成本列賬。定期存款具有不同之存款期限，兩個月(二零一四年：六個月)不等。結構性存款利率基於美元與港元之間之匯率變動或倫敦銀行同業拆息之變動而波動。本集團主要將結構性存款用於提升投資回報。

(b) The structured deposits are time deposits with fixed maturity dates and are stated at amortised cost. The deposits are made for varying periods within two months (2014: six months). The interest rates on the structured deposits fluctuated based on changes in the currency exchange rate between USD and HK\$ or changes in the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"). The Group uses structured deposits primarily to enhance the return on investment.



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26. 現金及銀行結存、定期存款及受限制現金(續)

附註：(續)

- (c) 於二零一四年三月三十一日，結餘包括於取得時原定於三個月後到期之定期存款 137,485,000 港元。
- (d) 於二零一五年三月三十一日，根據相關銀行融資協議為付息銀行貸款 24,000,000 港元(二零一四年：無)在銀行賬戶中存有存款 24,000,000 港元(二零一四年：無)(附註 30)。於二零一四年三月三十一日，根據中國相關法規，於指定銀行賬戶來自預售發展中物業之已收訂金 3,241,000 港元，僅可用於建造相關物業。

26. CASH AND BANK BALANCES, TIME DEPOSITS AND RESTRICTED CASH (Cont'd)

Notes: (Cont'd)

- (c) As at 31 March 2014, included in the balance were time deposits of HK\$137,485,000 of which the original maturity was more than three months when acquired.
- (d) As at 31 March 2015, a deposit of HK\$24,000,000 (2014: Nil) was maintained in a bank account for an interest-bearing bank loan of HK\$24,000,000 (2014: Nil) pursuant to the relevant banking facilities (note 30). As at 31 March 2014, pursuant to relevant regulations in the PRC, deposits of HK\$3,241,000 received from the pre-sale of properties under development under designated bank accounts can only be used for the construction of the relevant properties.

27. 應付貿易賬款及應計款項

以發票日計算，應付貿易賬款於報告期末之賬齡分析如下：

27. TRADE PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

An aged analysis of the trade payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

		集團		公司	
		GROUP		COMPANY	
		二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年
		2015	2014	2015	2014
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應付貿易賬款：	Trade payables:				
90日內	Within 90 days	296,839	147,805	8	254
91日至180日	91 to 180 days	1,849	438	—	—
180日以上	Over 180 days	1,560	1,995	—	—
		<u>300,248</u>	<u>150,238</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>254</u>
應付保固金	Retention payables	184,246	152,494	—	—
應計款項	Accruals	439,188	331,343	1,347	1,338
		<u>923,682</u>	<u>634,075</u>	<u>1,355</u>	<u>1,592</u>

應付貿易賬款均為免息，一般還款期為九十日。

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on 90-day terms.



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28. 其他應付款項、已收訂金及預收款項

其他應付款項均為免息，平均還款期為一個月。

29. 已收訂金

已收訂金指簽署發展中物業預售合約及持有供銷售物業銷售合約後自客戶收取之訂金。本集團於物業仍在發展期間預售物業。由於與客戶訂有合約，故此於簽署預售合約後，客戶須向本集團支付訂金。本集團所持有之該等金額均為免息。

30. 附息銀行借貸

集團

無抵押：	Unsecured:				
銀行貸款	Bank loans	1.7-3.4	2015-2017	271,774	
有抵押：	Secured:				
銀行貸款	Bank loans	2.7	2015-2017	9,940	
分期貸款	Instalment loans	1.7	2015-2031	86,185	
				96,125	
銀行借貸總額	Total bank borrowings			367,899	

28. OTHER PAYABLES, DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND RECEIPTS IN ADVANCE

Other payables are non-interest-bearing and have an average term of one month.

29. DEPOSITS RECEIVED

Deposits received represented the down payments received from customers upon signing of the pre-sale contracts of properties under development and sale contracts of properties held for sale of the Group. The Group conducted the pre-sale of properties when they were still under development. As contracted with customers, deposits were paid to the Group upon the signing of the pre-sale contracts. Such amounts held by the Group are non-interest-bearing.

30. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS

GROUP

		二零一五年 2015			二零一四年 2014		
		實際利率 Effective interest rate [%]	期限 Maturity	千港元 HK\$'000	實際利率 Effective interest rate [%]	期限 Maturity	千港元 HK\$'000
無抵押：	Unsecured:						
銀行貸款	Bank loans	1.7-3.4	2015-2017	271,774	1.4-3.4	2014-2017	481,824
有抵押：	Secured:						
銀行貸款	Bank loans	2.7	2015-2017	9,940	1.7-2.7	2014-2017	13,780
分期貸款	Instalment loans	1.7	2015-2031	86,185	1.7	2014-2031	90,462
				96,125			104,242
銀行借貸總額	Total bank borrowings			367,899			586,066

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30. 附息銀行借貸(續)

30. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS (Cont'd)

		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
根據下列項目分析：	Analysed into:		
須於下列期間內償還之銀行借貸：	Bank borrowings repayable:		
於一年內或按要求時	Within one year or on demand	143,278	252,112
第二年	In the second year	104,200	109,351
第三年至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	In the third to fifth years, inclusive	56,684	156,281
超過五年	Beyond five years	63,737	68,322
		<u>367,899</u>	<u>586,066</u>
須於一年內償還，分類為 流動負債之部分	Portion due within one year, classified as current liabilities	<u>(143,278)</u>	<u>(252,112)</u>
長期部分	Long term portion	<u>224,621</u>	<u>333,954</u>

就上述分析而言，本集團包含可隨時要求償還條款之銀行貸款6,100,000港元(二零一四年：9,940,000港元)已計入即期附息銀行借貸，並分析為於一年內或按要求償還之應付銀行貸款。

For the purpose of the above analysis, the Group's bank loans in the amount of HK\$6,100,000 (2014: HK\$9,940,000) containing a repayment on demand clause are included within current interest-bearing bank borrowings and analysed into bank loans payable within one year or on demand.

根據銀行貸款之到期期限，相關銀行貸款之應償還金額為：於二零一五年及二零一四年三月三十一日之須於一年內或按要求時支付之137,178,000港元及242,172,000港元；於二零一五年及二零一四年三月三十一日之須於第二年支付之108,040,000港元及113,191,000港元；於二零一五年及二零一四年三月三十一日之須於第三年至第五年(包括首尾兩年)支付之58,944,000港元及162,381,000港元；於二零一五年及二零一四年三月三十一日之須於五年以上支付之63,737,000港元及68,322,000港元。

Based on the maturity terms of the bank loans, the amounts repayable in respect of the bank loans are: HK\$137,178,000 and HK\$242,172,000 payable within one year or on demand as at 31 March 2015 and 2014, respectively; HK\$108,040,000 and HK\$113,191,000 payable in the second year as at 31 March 2015 and 2014, respectively; HK\$58,944,000 and HK\$162,381,000 payable in the third to fifth years, inclusive as at 31 March 2015 and 2014, respectively; HK\$63,737,000 and HK\$68,322,000 payable beyond five years as at 31 March 2015 and 2014, respectively.

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30. 附息銀行借貸(續)

於二零一五年三月三十一日，本集團之抵押銀行借貸乃由其賬面值為182,673,000港元(二零一四年：198,976,000港元)之部分土地、樓宇、設備及機器(附註14)作抵押。於二零一四年三月三十一日，本集團之抵押銀行借貸亦由一項賬面值為22,530,000港元之投資物業(附註15)作抵押。

於二零一五年三月三十一日，本集團之無抵押銀行借貸24,000,000港元(二零一四年：無)由根據相關銀行融資協議存放在銀行賬戶之存款24,000,000港元(二零一四年：無)提供擔保(附註26(d))(二零一四年：無)。

於二零一四年三月三十一日，本集團之無抵押銀行借貸4,549,000港元乃由香港特別行政區政府提供擔保。

此外，本公司已就其若干附屬公司取得之借貸融資簽立擔保(附註37)。馮先生(透過祥澤有限公司(「祥澤」)成為本公司若干附屬公司之實益股東)亦就該等附屬公司取得之銀行融資提供個人擔保。

本集團所有銀行借貸均按浮動利率計息。銀行借貸之賬面值與其公平值相若。

本集團之銀行借款以港元計值。

30. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS (Cont'd)

As at 31 March 2015, the Group's secured bank borrowings were secured by certain of its land and buildings, equipment and machinery (note 14) with carrying amounts of HK\$182,673,000 (2014: HK\$198,976,000). As at 31 March 2014, the Group's secured bank borrowings were also secured by an investment property (note 15) with carrying amounts of HK\$22,530,000.

As at 31 March 2015, the Group's unsecured bank borrowing amounting to HK\$24,000,000 (2014: Nil) was supported by a deposit of HK\$24,000,000 (2014: Nil) maintained in a bank account pursuant to the relevant banking facilities (note 26(d)) (2014: Nil).

As at 31 March 2014, the Group's unsecured bank borrowing amounting to HK\$4,549,000 was guaranteed by the government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region.

In addition, the Company has executed guarantees in respect of borrowing facilities granted to certain of its subsidiaries (note 37). Mr. Fung, who is a beneficial shareholder of certain subsidiaries of the Company through Fortunate Pool Limited ("Fortunate Pool"), also provided personal guarantees in respect of borrowing facilities granted to these subsidiaries.

All of the bank borrowings of the Group bear interest at floating interest rates. The carrying amounts of the bank borrowings approximate to their fair values.

The Group's bank borrowings are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

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31. 遞延稅項

於本年度內，遞延稅項負債及資產之變動如下：

遞延稅項負債

集團

31. DEFERRED TAX

The movements in deferred tax liabilities and assets during the year are as follows:

Deferred tax liabilities

GROUP

		重估 投資物業 Revaluation of investment properties 千港元 HK\$'000	撥備 超出有關 折舊部分 Allowance in excess of related depreciation 千港元 HK\$'000	預扣稅 Withholding taxes 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一三年四月一日	At 1 April 2013	(92,043)	(17,110)	(103,535)	(212,688)
年內於損益表計入/ (扣除)之遞延 稅項(附註10)	Deferred tax credited/(charged) to the statement of profit or loss during the year (note 10)	(10,275)	3,298	(36,242)	(43,219)
匯兌調整	Exchange realignment	129	—	479	608
於二零一四年 三月三十一日及 二零一四年四月一日	At 31 March 2014 and 1 April 2014	(102,189)	(13,812)	(139,298)	(255,299)
年內於損益表計入/ (扣除)之 遞延稅項(附註10)	Deferred tax credited/(charged) to the statement of profit or loss during the year (note 10)	(9,410)	2,778	22,071	15,439
就中國內地附屬 公司匯出之 盈利而支付之 預扣稅	Withholding tax paid on repatriation of earnings from subsidiaries in Mainland China	—	—	16,042	16,042
出售一間附屬公司 (附註41(a))	Disposal of a subsidiary (note 41(a))	560	—	—	560
匯兌調整	Exchange realignment	53	—	(112)	(59)
於二零一五年 三月三十一日	At 31 March 2015	(110,986)	(11,034)	(101,297)	(223,317)



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31. 遞延稅項(續)

於本年度內，遞延稅項負債及資產之變動如下：(續)

遞延稅項資產

集團

31. DEFERRED TAX (Cont'd)

The movements in deferred tax liabilities and assets during the year are as follows: (Cont'd)

Deferred tax assets

GROUP

		土地增值稅 撥備 Provision for land appreciation tax 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零一三年四月一日	At 1 April 2013	85,501
年內於損益表扣除 之遞延稅項(附註 10)	Deferred tax charged to the statement of profit or loss during the year (note 10)	(51,705)
匯兌調整	Exchange realignment	776
於二零一四年三月三十一日 及二零一四年四月一日	At 31 March 2014 and 1 April 2014	34,572
年內於損益表計入 之遞延稅項(附註 10)	Deferred tax credited to the statement of profit or loss during the year (note 10)	21,293
匯兌調整	Exchange realignment	(36)
於二零一五年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2015	<u>55,829</u>

本集團於香港產生之稅項虧損為281,075,000港元(二零一四年：304,665,000港元)，可用作無限期抵銷出現虧損之公司之未來應課稅溢利。長期產生虧損之附屬公司所產生之該等虧損則不會確認為遞延稅項資產，且將應課稅溢利用於沖抵稅項虧損被視作不可能。

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$281,075,000 (2014: HK\$304,665,000) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.



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31. 遞延稅項(續)

根據中國企業所得稅法(「企業所得稅法」)，於中國內地成立的外資企業向國外投資者宣派之股息須繳納10%預扣稅。該項規定由二零零八年一月一日起生效並適用於二零零七年十二月三十一日之後產生之盈利。倘中國內地與國外投資者所處司法權區訂有稅項協定，則可能適用較低之預扣稅稅率。因此，本集團須就其於中國內地成立之附屬公司就由二零零八年一月一日起產生之盈利而派發之股息繳納預扣稅。

本公司派付予其股東之股息並無任何所得稅後果。

31. DEFERRED TAX (Cont'd)

Pursuant to the Corporate Income Tax ("CIT") Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. The Group is therefore liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by its subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.



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32. 股本

32. SHARE CAPITAL

<i>股份</i>	<i>Shares</i>	二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
法定：	Authorised:		
2,000,000,000股每股 面值0.10港元之普通股	2,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	<u>200,000</u>	<u>200,000</u>
已發行及繳足：	Issued and fully paid:		
874,665,903股每股 面值0.10港元之普通股	874,665,903 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	<u>87,466</u>	<u>87,466</u>

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度，因本公司購股權獲行使而以認購價每股1.46港元發行2,000,000股每股面值0.10港元之股份，總現金代價為2,920,000港元(扣除開支前)。為數819,000港元之款項已於購股權獲行使時由購股權儲備轉撥至股份溢價賬。

During the year ended 31 March 2014, 2,000,000 shares of HK\$0.10 each were issued for cash at a subscription price of HK\$1.46 per share pursuant to the exercise of the Company's share options for a total cash consideration, before expenses of HK\$2,920,000. An amount of HK\$819,000 was transferred from the share option reserve to the share premium account upon the exercise of the share options.

購股權

本公司購股權計劃之詳情載於財務報表附註33。

Share options

Details of the Company's share option schemes are included in note 33 to the financial statements.

33. 購股權計劃

33. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

於二零零二年八月二十八日，本公司採納一項購股權計劃(「二零零二年計劃」)，向為本集團成功營運作出貢獻之合資格參與者提供獎勵及回報。二零零二年計劃已被終止並自於二零一二年八月八日舉行之股東特別大會結束起以一項新購股權計劃(「二零一二年計劃」)取代。

On 28 August 2002, the Company adopted a share option scheme (the "2002 Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. The 2002 Scheme was terminated and replaced by a new share option scheme with effect from the conclusion of the special general meeting held on 8 August 2012 (the "2012 Scheme").

目前准許根據二零一二年計劃授出之尚未行使購股權最高數目，合共不得超過本公司任何時間已發行股份之10%。年內並無根據二零一二年計劃授出購股權。

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the 2012 Scheme must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. No share option has been granted under the 2012 Scheme during the year.



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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33. 購股權計劃(續)

本公司之二零一二年計劃概要如下：

目的
Purpose

合資格參與者
Eligible Participants

33. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Cont'd)

A summary of the 2012 Scheme of the Company is as follows:

讓本公司董事局(「董事局」)得以授出購股權以獎勵董事局全權認為會對或已對本公司及／或任何附屬公司(「集團」)及／或本集團任何成員公司持有任何股本權益之任何實體之業務、發展及增長有貢獻或有益之合資格參與者；激勵合資格參與者竭盡所能以達致本集團之目標，以符合本公司及本公司股東之整體利益及裨益，同時讓合資格參與者分享曾作出努力及貢獻而達致之本公司業務成果；讓本集團得以聘請對管理層以及本集團長遠業務及財務目標及成就有價值之高質素僱員。

To enable the board of directors of the Company (the "Board") to grant options to reward eligible participants who, in the sole and absolute opinion of the Board, would contribute or benefit or had contributed or benefited to the business, development and growth (and any other aspect whatsoever) of the Company and/or any of the subsidiaries ("Group") and/or any of the entities in which any member of the Group holds any equity interest, and to provide incentives to eligible participants to perform their best in achieving the goals of the Group in the interests and benefits of the Company and the shareholders of the Company as a whole, while at the same time allowing the eligible participants to share the fruits of the Company's business achieved through their effort and contribution, as well as to enable the Group to recruit high quality employees who are valuable to the management and long term business and financial goals and success of the Group.

有權參與二零一二年計劃之人士，即本公司或任何附屬公司或權益實體之任何全職或兼職僱員、行政人員、高級職員或董事(包括執行、非執行及獨立非執行董事)或董事局全權認為會對或已對本公司及／或任何附屬公司及／或任何權益實體之業務、發展及增長(及任何其他方面)有貢獻或有益之本集團任何承包商、諮詢人、顧問、代理人、供應商或提供商(例如商品、廠房及機器、材料或服務)、客戶、分銷商、業務聯盟或合營夥伴。

A person who is entitled to participate in the 2012 Scheme, being any full-time or part-time employees, executives, officers or directors (including executive, non-executive and independent non-executive directors) of the Company or any of the subsidiaries or any of the interested entities and any contractors, advisors, consultants, agents, suppliers or providers (of, for example, goods, plants and machineries, materials or services), customers, distributors, business ally or joint venture partners of the Group who, in the sole and absolute opinion of the Board, will contribute or benefit or have contributed or benefited to the business, development and growth (and any other aspect whatsoever) of the Company and/or any of the subsidiaries and/or any of the interested entities.



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33. 購股權計劃(續)

本公司之二零一二年計劃概要如下：
(續)

可予發行之普通股總數及
於年報發表日期佔已發行
股本之百分比

Total number of ordinary shares available for
issue and the percentage of the issued
share capital that it represents as at the date of
the annual report

每名參與者之最高配額
Maximum entitlement of each participant

根據購股權必須認購證券之期限
Period within which the securities must
be taken up under an option

於行使前必須持有購股權之最低期限
Minimum period for which an option must
be held before it can be exercised

於接納時應付款項
Amount payable on acceptance

33. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Cont'd)

A summary of the 2012 Scheme of the Company is as follows: (Cont'd)

87,266,590股普通股及已發行股本之10%(計算基準為於本公司股東特別大會日期二零一二年八月八日之872,665,903股已發行股份)。

87,266,590 ordinary shares and 10% of the issued share capital, on the basis of 872,665,903 shares in issue as at the date of the Company's special general meeting on 8 August 2012.

不得超過於任何12個月期間本公司已發行股本之1%。
Shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company in any 12-month period.

將會由董事局視乎情況全權酌情釐定及將會知會計劃之承授人，惟所述期間之到期日不得遲於授出有關購股權當日起計十(10)年內。
To be determined by the Board on a case-to-case basis at its absolute discretion and notified to the grantee thereof, provided that the expiry date of the said period shall not be later than ten (10) years from the date of grant of the option concerned.

將由董事局酌情釐定。
To be determined at the discretion of the Board.

無。
Nil.



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33. 購股權計劃(續)

本公司之二零一二年計劃概要如下：
(續)

釐定行使價之基準

Basis for determining the exercise price

計劃之餘下年期

The remaining life of the scheme

購股權並無賦予持有人收取股息或於股東大會上投票之權利。

33. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Cont'd)

A summary of the 2012 Scheme of the Company is as follows: (Cont'd)

就任何特定購股權而言：

In respect of any particular option:

於行使購股權時應付本公司之每股股份價格，由董事局經考慮二零一二年計劃之目的後於授出購股權時可視乎情況全權酌情決定及規定，惟行使價不得少於以下各項中最高者：

the price per share payable to the Company on the exercise of the option as may be decided upon and prescribed by the Board on a case-to-case basis, bearing in mind the purpose of the 2012 Scheme, in its absolute discretion upon the grant of the option, provided that such exercise price shall not be less than the highest of the following:

- (a) 股份之面值；
the nominal value of a share;
- (b) 購股權授出日期（須為營業日）於聯交所之每日報價表所報之股份收市價；及
the closing price of a share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of grant of the option, which must be a business day; and
- (c) 緊接購股權授出日期前五(5)個營業日於聯交所之每日報價表所報之股份平均收市價；或
the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five (5) business days immediately preceding the date of grant of the option, or

有關購股權(上文(a)至(c)所述)之行使價(如適用)，可由董事局根據二零一二年計劃中有關(其中包括)於發生任何二零一二年計劃界定之相關事件後調整行使價之規則不時調整。

where applicable, the exercise price for the option concerned (referred to (a) to (c) above) as may be adjusted by the Board from time to time pursuant to the rules of the 2012 Scheme concerning adjustments of, inter alia, the exercise price upon the occurrence of any relevant event as defined in the 2012 Scheme.

二零一二年計劃自二零一二年八月八日起計十(10)年期間仍然有效並於二零二二年八月七日本公司之營業時間結束時屆滿。

The 2012 Scheme remains in force for a period of ten (10) years commencing from 8 August 2012 and expiring at the close of business hours of the Company on 7 August 2022.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.



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33. 購股權計劃(續)

(a) 二零零二年計劃

年內根據二零零二年計劃尚未行使之購股權如下：

年初	At beginning of year	—	—
年內行使	Exercised during the year	—	—
年終	At end of year	—	—

於報告期末，並無尚未行使之購股權。

年內並無確認購股權開支。

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度行使2,000,000份購股權導致發行2,000,000股本公司普通股，以及200,000港元新股本及2,720,000港元股份溢價(扣除發行開支前)，詳情載於財務報表附註32。

於報告期末及直至批准該等財務報表當日，根據二零零二年計劃，本公司並無(二零一四年：無)購股權尚未行使。

33. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Cont'd)

(a) 2002 Scheme

The following share options were outstanding under the 2002 Scheme during the year:

二零一五年 2015		二零一四年 2014	
加權平均 行使價 Weighted average exercise price 每股 港元 HK\$ per share	購股權 數目 Number of options 千 '000	加權平均 行使價 Weighted average exercise price 每股 港元 HK\$ per share	購股權 數目 Number of options 千 '000
—	—	1.46	2,000
—	—	1.46	(2,000)
—	—	—	—

No share option was outstanding as at the end of the reporting period.

No share option expense was recognised during the year.

The 2,000,000 share options exercised during the year ended 31 March 2014 resulted in the issue of 2,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company and new share capital of HK\$200,000 and share premium of HK\$2,720,000 (before issue expenses), as further detailed in note 32 to the financial statements.

At the end of the reporting period and up to the date of approval of these financial statements, the Company did not have any share options outstanding under the 2002 Scheme (2014: Nil).

33. 購股權計劃(續)

(b) 二零一二年計劃

於截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度及直至批准該等財務報表當日，二零一二年計劃下並無購股權獲授出、行使、到期或失效，亦無任何未行使購股權。

34. 儲備

(a) 集團

於本年度及過往年度本集團儲備金額及其變動於財務報表之綜合權益變動表呈列。

根據中外合營企業之有關法例及條例，本集團在中國註冊之附屬公司之部分溢利已轉撥至限定用途之法定儲備。

33. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Cont'd)

(b) 2012 Scheme

During the year ended 31 March 2015 and up to the date of approval of these financial statements, no share option under the 2012 Scheme was granted, exercised, expired or lapsed and there is no outstanding share option under the 2012 Scheme.

34. RESERVES

(a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity of the financial statements.

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations for Sino-foreign joint venture enterprises, a portion of the profits of the Group's subsidiaries which are registered in the PRC has been transferred to statutory reserves which are restricted as to use.

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34. 儲備(續)
(b) 公司
34. RESERVES (Cont'd)
(b) Company

			股份溢價賬	繳入盈餘	購股權儲備	保留溢利	總計
		附註	Share	Contributed	Share	Retained	Total
		Notes	premium	surplus	option	profits	Total
			account	surplus	reserve	profits	Total
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零一三年四月一日	At 1 April 2013		560,322	29,950	819	145,426	736,517
本年度溢利	Profit for the year		—	—	—	90,488	90,488
年內全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year		—	—	—	90,488	90,488
行使購股權	Exercise of share options	32 · 33	3,539	—	(819)	—	2,720
二零一三年已宣派及派付之末期股息	2013 final dividend declared and paid	12	—	—	—	(43,633)	(43,633)
於二零一四年三月三十一日及二零一四年四月一日	At 31 March 2014 and 1 April 2014		563,861	29,950	—	192,281	786,092
本年度溢利	Profit for the year		—	—	—	258,239	258,239
年內全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year		—	—	—	258,239	258,239
二零一四年已宣派及派付之末期股息	2014 final dividend declared and paid	12	—	—	—	(87,467)	(87,467)
二零一五年中期股息	2015 interim dividend	12	—	—	—	(43,733)	(43,733)
於二零一五年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2015		563,861	29,950	—	319,320	913,131

34. 儲備(續)

(b) 公司(續)

本公司繳入盈餘指於本公司股份上市前，根據於一九九一年之集團重組所購入之附屬公司股份公平值超出交換本公司已發行股份之面值之餘額。根據一九八一年百慕達公司法，在若干情況下，本公司可以向股東作出分派繳入盈餘。

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度之溢利258,239,000港元(二零一四年：90,488,000港元)包括附屬公司欠款8,245,000港元之減值撥回(二零一四年：減值虧損17,507,000港元)、收自本公司若干附屬公司之股息收入275,380,000港元(二零一四年：無)以及本公司附屬公司所收取的管理服務費用21,480,000港元(二零一四年：無)。截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度之溢利亦包括出售一間附屬公司部分權益之收益125,000,000港元。

34. RESERVES (Cont'd)

(b) Company (Cont'd)

The contributed surplus of the Company represents the excess of the fair value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group reorganisation in 1991 prior to the listing of the Company's shares, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor. Under the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, the Company may make distributions to its members out of the contributed surplus under certain circumstances.

The profit of HK\$258,239,000 for the year ended 31 March 2015 (2014: HK\$90,488,000) included write back of impairment of amounts due from subsidiaries of HK\$8,245,000 (2014: impairment loss of HK\$17,507,000), dividend income of HK\$275,380,000 (2014: Nil) received from certain subsidiaries of the Company and corporate management fee of HK\$21,480,000 (2014: Nil) charged by a subsidiary of the Company. The profit for the year ended 31 March 2014 also included a gain on disposal of partial interest in a subsidiary of HK\$125,000,000.

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35. 經營租約安排
(a) 作為出租人

本集團根據經營租約安排，以租約年期介乎三至三十六個月，出租其若干機器(附註14)及其投資物業(附註15)。租約條款一般亦要求租戶及客戶支付抵押訂金及規定按當時市況定期作出租金調整。

於報告期末，本集團根據與其租戶及客戶訂立之不可撤銷經營租約於以下年期之未來最低應收租金總額如下：

一年內	Within one year
第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	In the second to fifth years, inclusive
五年後	After five years

35. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS
(a) As lessor

The Group leases certain of its machinery (note 14) and its investment properties (note 15) under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from three to thirty six months. The terms of the leases generally also require the tenants and customers to pay security deposits and provide for periodic rental adjustments according to the then prevailing market conditions.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants and customers falling due as follows:

集團 GROUP	
二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
36,190	19,943
19,433	12,583
869	—
<u>56,492</u>	<u>32,526</u>

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35. 經營租約安排(續)

(b) 作為承租人

本集團根據經營租約安排，以租約年期介乎三至七十二個月，承租若干辦公室物業、貨倉、員工宿舍及若干機器。

於報告期末，本集團根據不可撤銷經營租約於以下年期之未來最低租約付款總額如下：

一年內	Within one year
第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	In the second to fifth years, inclusive

本公司於報告期末並無任何經營租約安排(二零一四年：無)。

35. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS (Cont'd)

(b) As lessee

The Group leases certain of its office properties, warehouses, staff quarters and certain machinery under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from three to seventy two months.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

集團	
GROUP	
二零一五年	二零一四年
2015	2014
千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
58,700	10,129
3,267	6,032
61,967	16,161

The Company did not have any operating lease arrangement at the end of the reporting period (2014: Nil).



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36. 承擔

除上文附註35(b)詳述之經營租約承擔外，於報告期末，本集團擁有下列資本承擔：

36. COMMITMENTS

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in note 35(b) above, the Group had the following capital commitments at the end of the reporting period:

		集團 GROUP	
		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
物業、機器及設備以及投資物業：	Property, plant and equipment and investment properties:		
– 已訂約，但未作撥備	– contracted, but not provided for	6,586	58,803
– 已獲授權，但未訂約	– authorised, but not contracted for	–	8,907
		<u>6,586</u>	<u>67,710</u>
就發展中物業之建造工程：	Construction works relating to properties under development:		
– 已訂約，但未作撥備	– contracted, but not provided for	878,527	1,104,842
– 已獲授權，但未訂約	– authorised, but not contracted for	271,758	491,816
		<u>1,150,285</u>	<u>1,596,658</u>

於報告期末，本公司並無重大承擔(二零一四年：無)。

The Company had no significant commitments at the end of the reporting period (2014: Nil).



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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37. 或然負債

於報告期末，未於財務報表內作出撥備之或然負債如下：

37. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At the end of the reporting period, contingent liabilities not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

		集團		公司	
		GROUP		COMPANY	
		二零一五年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一四年
		2015	2014	2015	2014
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
就財務機構 向附屬公司批出 一般信貸貸款 而給予之擔保	Guarantees given to financial institutions in connection with general credit facilities granted to subsidiaries	—	—	748,459	954,323
就履約保證書 向附屬公司 作出之擔保	Guarantees in respect of performance bonds in relation to subsidiaries	416,775	533,328	416,775	533,328
		<u>416,775</u>	<u>533,328</u>	<u>1,165,234</u>	<u>1,487,651</u>

38. 關連人士交易

除披露於該等財務報表其他地方外，本集團於年內與關連人士訂立下列交易：

38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Save as disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year:

(a) 與關連人士之未償還結存

於報告期末，本集團與其聯營公司及一間關連公司款項餘額之詳情分別載於財務報表附註18及23。根據前香港公司條例(第32章)第161B條所披露，年內尚未償還之關連公司最高欠款為6,405,000港元。

(a) Outstanding balances with related parties

Details of the Group's balances with its associate and a related company as at the end of the reporting period are included in notes 18 and 23, respectively, to the financial statements. The maximum amount due from a related company outstanding during the year was HK\$6,405,000 as disclosed pursuant to section 161B of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32).



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38. 關連人士交易(續)

38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

(b) 本集團主要管理人員之報酬

(b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

		集團 GROUP	
		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
短期僱員福利	Short term employee benefits	57,687	81,024
以股權支付之購股權支出	Equity-settled share option expense	—	—
僱用後福利	Post-employment benefits	114	149
		<u>57,801</u>	<u>81,173</u>
已付予主要管理人員 之報酬總額	Total compensation paid to key management personnel		

有關董事酬金詳情載於財務報表附註8。

Further details of directors' remuneration are included in note 8 to the financial statements.

(c) 與本集團關連公司之其他交易：

(c) Other transactions with related companies of the Group:

(1) 與一間關連公司之分包工程

(1) Subcontracted works with a related company

(i) 於二零一四年四月一日至二零一四年十二月十九日期間，泰昇建築工程將機電工程約2,600,000港元(二零一四年：無)分包予已於二零一四年十二月十九日被出售之本公司附屬公司泰昇工程(香港)有限公司。

(i) During the period from 1 April 2014 to 19 December 2014, TBC subcontracted E&M works of approximately HK\$2,600,000 (2014: Nil) to Tysan Engineering (H.K.) Company Limited, a subsidiary of the Company disposed of on 19 December 2014.



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38. 關連人士交易(續)

(c) 與本集團關連公司之其他交易：(續)

- (1) 與一間關連公司之分包工程(續)
- (ii) 於截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度，泰昇建築工程將塔式起重機租賃和工程項目約5,612,000港元(二零一四年：無)分包予本集團，其中約240,000港元已於年內確認為收益。
- (iii) 於截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度，本集團將建築項目工程約691,000港元(二零一四年：無)分包予泰昇建築工程。
- (2) 收自關連公司之管理費用
- (i) 於截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度，泰昇建築工程向本集團支付管理費用490,000港元(二零一四年：707,000港元)。
- (ii) 緊隨郭敏慧小姐辭任執行董事後(自二零一四年七月一日起生效)，泰昇貿易不再是本集團之關連公司。於二零一四年四月一日至二零一四年六月三十日止期間，泰昇貿易向本集團支付了管理費用110,000港元(二零一四年：987,000港元)。

38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

(c) Other transactions with related companies of the Group: (Cont'd)

- (1) Subcontracted works with a related company (Cont'd)
- (ii) During the year ended 31 March 2015, TBC subcontracted rental and engineering works relating to tower cranes of approximately HK\$5,612,000 (2014: Nil) to the Group, of which HK\$240,000 was recognised as revenue during the year.
- (iii) During the year ended 31 March 2015, the Group subcontracted building and construction works of approximately HK\$691,000 (2014: Nil) to TBC.
- (2) Management fees received from related companies
- (i) During the year ended 31 March 2015, TBC paid management fee of HK\$490,000 to the Group (2014: HK\$707,000).
- (ii) Subsequent to the resignation of Miss Jennifer Kwok as an Executive Director with effect from 1 July 2014, TTCL ceased to be a related company of the Group. During the period from 1 April 2014 to 30 June 2014, TTCL paid management fee of HK\$110,000 to the Group (2014: HK\$987,000).



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38. 關連人士交易(續)

(c) 與本集團關連公司之其他交易：(續)

(2) 收自關連公司之管理費用(續)

- (iii) 於二零一四年十二月十九日完成泰昇工程服務出售(附註41(b))後，泰昇工程服務及其附屬公司(由馮先生最終控制)成為本集團之關連公司。於二零一四年十二月二十日至二零一五年三月三十一日止期間，泰昇工程服務之全資附屬公司泰昇工程(香港)有限公司向本集團支付了管理費用39,000港元(二零一四年：無)。

- (3) 於截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度，馮先生就本公司若干附屬公司獲授之一般信貸貸款及履約保證書向財務機構提供個人擔保。

該等交易乃由本集團與其關連公司按照協議條款訂立。

上文第(c)(1)及(c)(2)項的關連人士交易以及財務報表附註18(c)、39(b)、40及41所詳述之收購和出售事項亦構成了上市規則第14A章所界定的關連交易。如上文第(c)(3)項所披露馮先生提供之個人擔保構成上市規則第14A章所界定的關連交易，惟獲豁免遵守上市規則第14A章之披露規定。

38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

(c) Other transactions with related companies of the Group: (Cont'd)

(2) Management fees received from related companies (Cont'd)

- (iii) Upon the completion of the Tysan Engineering Disposal (note 41(b)) on 19 December 2014, TECL and its subsidiaries, which are ultimately controlled by Mr. Fung, became related companies of the Group. During the period from 20 December 2014 to 31 March 2015, Tysan Engineering (H.K.) Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of TECL, paid management fee of HK\$39,000 to the Group (2014: Nil).

- (3) During the year ended 31 March 2015, Mr. Fung provided personal guarantees to financial institutions in connection with general credit facilities and performance bonds granted to certain subsidiaries of the Company.

These transactions were entered into by the Group and its related companies in accordance with the terms of the agreements.

The related party transactions in respect of items (c)(1) and (c)(2) above and the acquisitions and disposals as detailed in notes 18(c), 39(b), 40 and 41 to the financial statements also constituted connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Personal guarantees provided by Mr. Fung as disclosed in item (c)(3) above constitutes connected transaction as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, of which it is exempted from the disclosure requirements in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.



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39. 收購附屬公司之額外權益

- (a) 於二零一五年三月十八日，本公司之全資附屬公司泰昇地產與曜基有限公司之非控股股東訂立買賣協議，據此，泰昇地產向非控股股東收購曜基有限公司之3%股權及曜基有限公司結欠非控股股東之免息股東貸款10,800,000港元（「曜基收購」），現金代價為15,000,000港元，其中4,200,000港元用於收購曜基有限公司之股權及10,800,000港元用於結算股東貸款。曜基收購於二零一五年三月十八日完成。

於曜基收購完成後，曜基有限公司成為本公司之間接全資附屬公司。曜基收購並無導致本公司對曜基有限公司之控制權發生任何變動，且該項收購列賬為權益交易。因此，15,000,000港元之代價與非控股股東權益之賬面值954,000港元及來自當時非控股股東之貸款10,800,000港元之總額之間之借方餘額3,246,000港元於權益內之保留溢利中列賬。

39. ACQUISITIONS OF ADDITIONAL INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

- (a) On 18 March 2015, TPDIL, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and the non-controlling shareholder of Sparkle Key Limited, entered into a sale and purchase agreement pursuant to which, TPDIL acquired a 3% equity interest in Sparkle Key Limited from the non-controlling shareholder and the interest-free shareholder's loan of HK\$10,800,000 owing by Sparkle Key Limited to the non-controlling shareholder at a cash consideration of HK\$15,000,000 (of which HK\$4,200,000 is for the acquisition of the equity interest in Sparkle Key Limited and HK\$10,800,000 is for the settlement of the shareholder's loan) ("Sparkle Key Acquisition"). The Sparkle Key Acquisition was completed on 18 March 2015.

Upon the completion of the Sparkle Key Acquisition, Sparkle Key Limited became an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. The Sparkle Key Acquisition did not result in any change in control by the Company over Sparkle Key Limited and such acquisition was accounted for as an equity transaction. Accordingly, the debit balance of HK\$3,246,000, between the consideration of HK\$15,000,000, and the aggregate of the carrying amount of non-controlling interest of HK\$954,000 and the loan from the then non-controlling shareholder of HK\$10,800,000, was recorded in the retained profits in the equity.



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39. 收購附屬公司之額外權益(續)

- (b) 於二零一三年八月十六日(經日期為二零一三年十一月二十二日之補充協議修訂),本公司之間接全資附屬公司頓肯房地產有限公司及泰昇建築工程之全資附屬公司泰昇建築工程(中國)有限公司(「TBCCL」,為當時擁有49%權益之聯營公司)訂立買賣協議,據此,頓肯房地產有限公司自TBCCL收購興懋有限公司之20%股權及興懋有限公司欠付TBCCL之免息股東貸款31,560,000港元,現金代價為129,412,000港元(其中97,852,000港元用於收購興懋有限公司之股權及31,560,000港元用於清償股東貸款)(「興懋收購」)。

TBCCL承諾,緊隨興懋收購完成後,於泰昇建築工程出售(附註18(c)(i))完成前其會將興懋收購之所得款項129,412,000港元用於償還其所有股東貸款並通過股息將餘額分派予其唯一股東泰昇建築工程。泰昇建築工程則將以股息收到之全部金額分派予其當時之股東。由於本集團當時擁有泰昇建築工程49%股權,故本集團自泰昇建築工程收取股息63,412,000港元。由於本集團透過頓肯房地產有限公司及當時擁有49%權益之聯營公司泰昇建築工程直接及間接分別持有興懋有限公司之80%及9.8%股權,本集團透過興懋收購實際收購興懋有限公司之10.2%權益。興懋收購於二零一四年一月十四日完成。

39. ACQUISITIONS OF ADDITIONAL INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

- (b) On 16 August 2013 (as amended by a supplemental agreement dated 22 November 2013), Duncan Properties Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and Tysan Building Construction (China) Limited ("TBCCL"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of TBC which was a then 49% owned associate, entered into a sale and purchase agreement pursuant to which, Duncan Properties Limited acquired a 20% equity interest in Great Prosper Limited from TBCCL and the interest-free shareholder's loan of HK\$31,560,000 owing by Great Prosper Limited to TBCCL at a cash consideration of HK\$129,412,000 (of which HK\$97,852,000 is for the acquisition of the equity interest in Great Prosper Limited and HK\$31,560,000 is for the settlement of the shareholder's loan) ("Great Prosper Acquisition").

TBCCL has undertaken that, immediately after the completion of the Great Prosper Acquisition, it applied the proceeds of HK\$129,412,000 received from the Great Prosper Acquisition in repayment of all its shareholder's loan and distributed the remaining balance by way of dividend to its sole shareholder, TBC, prior to the consummation of the Tysan Building Construction Disposal (note 18(c)(i)). TBC then distributed the whole amount being received as dividend to its then shareholders. Since the Group owned a 49% equity interest in TBC, the Group received a dividend of HK\$63,412,000 from TBC. As the Group directly held 80% and indirectly held 9.8% equity interests in Great Prosper Limited through Duncan Properties Limited and the 49%-owned then associate, TBC, respectively, the Group effectively acquired a 10.2% interest in Great Prosper Limited through the Great Prosper Acquisition. The Great Prosper Acquisition was completed on 14 January 2014.



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39. 收購附屬公司之額外權益(續)

(b) (續)

興懋收購完成後，興懋有限公司成為本公司之間接全資附屬公司。興懋收購並無導致本公司對興懋有限公司之控制權發生任何變動，且有關收購列賬為權益交易。因此，借方結餘32,989,000港元(介乎66,000,000港元之現金流出淨額(即代價129,412,000港元與已收股息63,412,000港元之差額)與非控股股東權益之總賬面值16,916,000港元之間及分佔來自當時之聯營公司之貸款31,560,000港元之51%(16,095,000港元))於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度之權益內保留溢利中列賬。分佔來自一間當時之聯營公司之貸款之餘下49%(15,465,000港元)則與聯營公司之權益對銷。

有關興懋收購之進一步詳情，載於本公司日期為二零一三年十一月二十五日之通函。

39. ACQUISITIONS OF ADDITIONAL INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

(b) (Cont'd)

Upon the completion of the Great Prosper Acquisition, Great Prosper Limited became an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. The Great Prosper Acquisition did not result in any change in control by the Company over Great Prosper Limited and such acquisition was accounted for as an equity transaction. Accordingly, the debit balance of HK\$32,989,000, between the net cash outflow of HK\$66,000,000, being the consideration of HK\$129,412,000 and the dividend received of HK\$63,412,000, and the aggregate amounts of the carrying amount of non-controlling interest of HK\$16,916,000 and 51% share of the loan from the then associate of HK\$31,560,000, of HK\$16,095,000, was recorded in the retained profits in the equity during the year ended 31 March 2014. The remaining 49% share of the loan from the then associate of HK\$15,465,000 was eliminated with interest in an associate.

Further details of the Great Prosper Acquisition are set out in the Company's circular dated 25 November 2013.



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40. 出售附屬公司之部分權益

於二零一三年八月十六日(經日期為二零一三年八月十八日及二零一三年十一月二十二日之補充協議修訂), 本公司與祥澤訂立一份買賣協議, 據此, 本公司向祥澤出售於泰昇地基(香港)有限公司之40%股權及泰昇地基(香港)有限公司欠付本公司之免息股東貸款, 現金代價為157,000,000港元(其中125,000,000港元用於收購於泰昇地基(香港)有限公司之股權, 而32,000,000港元用於償付免息股東貸款)(「泰昇地基(香港)出售」)。泰昇地基(香港)出售於二零一四年一月十七日完成。

緊隨泰昇地基(香港)出售完成後, 泰昇地基(香港)有限公司成為本公司擁有60%權益之附屬公司。泰昇地基(香港)集團之財務業績繼續綜合計入本公司之綜合財務報表, 而該出售列賬為權益交易。

出售股權代價125,000,000港元與非控股股東權益之賬面值173,087,000港元之間之借方差額48,087,000港元計入截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度之權益內之保留溢利。

有關泰昇地基(香港)出售之進一步詳情, 載於本公司日期為二零一三年十一月二十五日之通函。

40. PARTIAL DISPOSAL OF INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

On 16 August 2013 (as amended by supplemental agreements dated 18 August 2013 and 22 November 2013), the Company and Fortunate Pool entered into a sale and purchase agreement pursuant to which, the Company disposed of its 40% equity interest in Tysan Foundation (Hong Kong) Limited and an interest-free shareholder's loan owing by Tysan Foundation (Hong Kong) Limited to the Company, to Fortunate Pool for a cash consideration of HK\$157,000,000 (of which HK\$125,000,000 is for the acquisition of the equity interest in Tysan Foundation (Hong Kong) Limited and HK\$32,000,000 is for the settlement of an interest-free shareholder's loan) ("Tysan Foundation (Hong Kong) Disposal"). The Tysan Foundation (Hong Kong) Disposal was completed on 17 January 2014.

Immediately after the completion of the Tysan Foundation (Hong Kong) Disposal, Tysan Foundation (Hong Kong) Limited became a 60%-owned subsidiary of the Company. The financial results of Tysan Foundation (Hong Kong) Group continued to be consolidated into the Company's consolidated financial statements and such disposal was accounted for as an equity transaction.

The debit difference of HK\$48,087,000 between the consideration for the equity interest of HK\$125,000,000 and the carrying amount of non-controlling interests of HK\$173,087,000 was recorded in the retained profits in the equity during the year ended 31 March 2014.

Further details of the Tysan Foundation (Hong Kong) Disposal are set out in the Company's circular dated 25 November 2013.



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41. 出售附屬公司

- (a) 於二零一四年十二月十一日，本公司之全資附屬公司泰昇地產訂立一項出售協議，向馮先生出售其於Tremend Yield Limited之全部股權及於由Tremend Yield Limited結欠泰昇地產之6,404,000港元免息股東貸款之權利及利益（「Tremend Yield出售」），現金代價為21,875,000港元。Tremend Yield出售於二零一四年十二月十九日完成。Tremend Yield Limited為一間物業投資公司，其主要資產為位於九龍大角咀作商業用途之商舖。

41. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

- (a) On 11 December 2014, TPDIL, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a disposal agreement to dispose of all of its equity interest in Tremend Yield Limited and the rights and benefits in the interest-free shareholder's loan of HK\$6,404,000 owing by Tremend Yield Limited to TPDIL, at a cash consideration of HK\$21,875,000, to Mr. Fung ("Tremend Yield Disposal"). The Tremend Yield Disposal was completed on 19 December 2014. Tremend Yield Limited is a property investment company whose main asset is a shop in Tai Kok Tsui, Kowloon for commercial use.

		附註 Notes	千港元 HK\$'000
出售之淨資產：	Net assets disposed of:		
投資物業	Investment property	15	22,530
訂金	Deposits		1
銀行結存	Bank balances		279
應計款項	Accruals		(24)
其他應付款項及已收訂金	Other payables and deposits received		(167)
應付稅項	Tax payable		(93)
遞延稅項負債	Deferred tax liability	31	(560)
來自本集團之貸款	Loan from the Group		(6,404)
			<u>15,562</u>
已轉讓來自本集團之貸款	Loan from the Group assigned		6,404
出售一間附屬公司之虧損	Loss on disposal of a subsidiary		(91)
			<u>21,875</u>
以下列方式支付：	Satisfied by:		
現金代價	Cash consideration		<u>21,875</u>

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41. 出售附屬公司(續)
(a) (續)

Tremend Yield出售之現金及等同現金項目淨流入之分析如下：

現金代價
已出售銀行結存

Tremend Yield出售之現金及等同現金項目淨流入

41. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)
(a) (Cont'd)

An analysis of the net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the Tremend Yield Disposal is as follows:

	千港元 HK\$'000
Cash consideration	21,875
Bank balances disposed of	<u>(279)</u>
Net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the Tremend Yield Disposal	<u>21,596</u>

(b) 於二零一四年十二月十一日，本公司之全資附屬公司泰昇建築訂立一項出售協議，向馮先生出售其於泰昇工程服務之全部股權及於由泰昇工程服務結欠泰昇建築6,433,000港元之免息股東貸款之權利及利益(「泰昇工程服務出售」)，現金代價為5,794,000港元。泰昇工程服務出售於二零一四年十二月十九日完成。泰昇工程服務及其附屬公司主要從事提供機電工程服務。緊隨泰昇工程服務出售完成後，馮先生所控制之泰昇建築成為本集團之一間關連公司。

(b) On 11 December 2014, TCCL, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a disposal agreement to dispose of all of its equity interest in TECL and the rights and benefits in the interest-free shareholder's loan of HK\$6,433,000 owing by TECL to TCCL, at a cash consideration of HK\$5,794,000, to Mr. Fung ("Tysan Engineering Disposal"). The Tysan Engineering Disposal was completed on 19 December 2014. TECL and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the provision of E&M engineering services. Immediately after the completion of the Tysan Engineering Disposal, TECL, which is controlled by Mr. Fung, became a related company of the Group.



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41. 出售附屬公司(續)

41. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

(a) (續)

(b) (Cont'd)

		千港元 HK\$'000
已出售淨資產：	Net assets disposed of:	
客戶有關合約工程之欠款	Amounts due from customers for contract works	6,857
應收貿易賬款	Trade receivables	4,619
預付款項、訂金及其他應收款	Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	90
銀行結存	Bank balances	1,534
應付貿易賬款及應計款項	Trade payables and accruals	(2,514)
其他應付款項	Other payables	(162)
欠客戶有關合約工程之款項	Amounts due to customers for contract works	(748)
附息銀行借貸	Interest-bearing bank borrowing	(400)
來自本集團之貸款	Loan from the Group	(6,433)
來自非控股股東之貸款	Loan from a non-controlling shareholder	(2,757)
非控股股東權益	Non-controlling interests	(26)
		<u>60</u>
已轉讓來自本集團之貸款	Loan from the Group assigned	6,433
出售附屬公司之虧損	Loss on disposal of subsidiaries	(699)
		<u>5,794</u>
以下列方式支付：	Satisfied by:	
現金代價	Cash consideration	<u>5,794</u>

泰昇工程服務出售之現金及等同
現金項目淨流入之分析如下：

An analysis of the net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in
respect of the Tysan Engineering Disposal is as follows:

		千港元 HK\$'000
現金代價	Cash consideration	5,794
已出售銀行結存	Bank balances disposed of	<u>(1,534)</u>
泰昇工程服務出售之 現金及等同現金項目淨流入	Net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the Tysan Engineering Disposal	<u>4,260</u>

有關Tremend Yield出售及泰昇工
程服務出售之進一步詳情，載於
本公司日期為二零一四年十二月
十一日之公告。

Further details of the Tremend Yield Disposal and the Tysan Engineering
Disposal were disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 11
December 2014.

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42. 按類別劃分之金融工具

於報告期末，各類金融工具之賬面值如下：

集團
金融資產

可供出售投資	Available-for-sale investment	—	1,249	1,249	—	1,250	1,250
應收貿易賬款	Trade receivables	1,016,641	—	1,016,641	777,797	—	777,797
其他應收款項	Other receivables	19,941	—	19,941	31,842	—	31,842
定期存款	Time deposits	746,432	—	746,432	1,106,219	—	1,106,219
受限制現金	Restricted cash	24,000	—	24,000	3,241	—	3,241
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances	541,064	—	541,064	441,688	—	441,688
		<u>2,348,078</u>	<u>1,249</u>	<u>2,349,327</u>	<u>2,360,787</u>	<u>1,250</u>	<u>2,362,037</u>

42. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

GROUP
Financial assets

二零一五年 2015			二零一四年 2014		
可供出售 金融資產			可供出售 金融資產		
貸款及 應收款項 Loans and receivables 千港元 HK\$'000	Available- for-sale financial assets 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000	貸款及 應收款項 Loans and receivables 千港元 HK\$'000	Available- for-sale financial assets 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
—	1,249	1,249	—	1,250	1,250
1,016,641	—	1,016,641	777,797	—	777,797
19,941	—	19,941	31,842	—	31,842
746,432	—	746,432	1,106,219	—	1,106,219
24,000	—	24,000	3,241	—	3,241
541,064	—	541,064	441,688	—	441,688
<u>2,348,078</u>	<u>1,249</u>	<u>2,349,327</u>	<u>2,360,787</u>	<u>1,250</u>	<u>2,362,037</u>

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42. 按類別劃分之金融工具(續)

42. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (Cont'd)

集團(續)

GROUP (Cont'd)

金融負債

Financial liabilities

		二零一五年 2015			二零一四年 2014		
		按公平值 計入損益之 金融負債 —持作買賣			按公平值 計入損益之 金融負債 —持作買賣		
		按攤銷 成本列賬之 金融負債 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or amortised cost 千港元 HK\$'000			按攤銷 成本列賬之 金融負債 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or amortised cost 千港元 HK\$'000		
		總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000			總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000		
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	484,494	—	484,494	302,732	—	302,732
其他應付款項	Other payables	10,625	—	10,625	11,527	—	11,527
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	—	—	—	4,113	4,113
附息銀行借貸	Interest-bearing bank borrowings	367,899	—	367,899	586,066	—	586,066
		<u>863,018</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>863,018</u>	<u>900,325</u>	<u>4,113</u>	<u>904,438</u>



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42. 按類別劃分之金融工具(續)

42. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (Cont'd)

公司

COMPANY

金融資產

Financial assets

		二零一五年 2015	二零一四年 2014
		貸款及 應收款項 Loans and receivables	貸款及 應收款項 Loans and receivables
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
其他應收款項	Other receivables	—	3,323
銀行結存	Bank balances	9,340	5,504
		<u>9,340</u>	<u>8,827</u>

金融負債

Financial liabilities

		二零一五年 2015	二零一四年 2014
		按攤銷成本 列賬之 金融負債 Financial liabilities at amortised cost	按攤銷成本 列賬之 金融負債 Financial liabilities at amortised cost
		千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
欠附屬公司之款項(附註 17)	Amounts due to subsidiaries (note 17)	47,772	144,932
應付貿易賬款(附註 27)	Trade payables (note 27)	8	254
其他應付款項	Other payables	125	125
		<u>47,905</u>	<u>145,311</u>

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43. 金融工具之公平值等級架構

本集團與多個對手方(主要是具有AAA信貸評級之金融機構)訂立衍生金融工具。衍生金融工具(包括利率掉期)採用遠期價格模式計量。該模型納入多項市場可觀察輸入數據，包括當時市價及利率曲線。

下列各表說明本集團金融工具之公平值計量等級架構：

於二零一五年及二零一四年三月三十一日按公平值計量之負債：

集團

		GROUP							
		二零一五年 2015 公平值計量使用 Fair value measurement using		二零一四年 2014 公平值計量使用 Fair value measurement using					
		活躍 市場報價 (第1層) Quoted price in active markets (Level 1) 千港元 HK\$'000	重大 可觀察 輸入數據 (第2層) Significant observable inputs (Level 2) 千港元 HK\$'000	重大 不可觀察 輸入數據 (第3層) Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000	活躍 市場報價 (第1層) Quoted price in active markets (Level 1) 千港元 HK\$'000	重大 可觀察 輸入數據 (第2層) Significant observable inputs (Level 2) 千港元 HK\$'000	重大 不可觀察 輸入數據 (第3層) Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	4,113	-	4,113

於二零一五年三月三十一日，本集團並無任何按公平值計量之金融資產(二零一四年：無)。

於二零一五年三月三十一日，本公司並無任何按公平值計量之金融資產及金融負債(二零一四年：無)。

年內，第1層與第2層之間並無任何公平值計量轉換，亦無金融資產及金融負債轉入或轉出第3層(二零一四年：無)。

43. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Group entered into derivative financial instruments with various counterparties, principally financial institutions with AAA credit ratings. Derivative financial instruments, including interest rate swaps, were measured using forward price model. The model incorporates various market observable inputs including the current market price and interest rate curves.

The following tables illustrate the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments:

Liabilities measured at fair value as at 31 March 2015 and 2014:

GROUP

		GROUP							
		二零一五年 2015 公平值計量使用 Fair value measurement using		二零一四年 2014 公平值計量使用 Fair value measurement using					
		活躍 市場報價 (第1層) Quoted price in active markets (Level 1) 千港元 HK\$'000	重大 可觀察 輸入數據 (第2層) Significant observable inputs (Level 2) 千港元 HK\$'000	重大 不可觀察 輸入數據 (第3層) Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000	活躍 市場報價 (第1層) Quoted price in active markets (Level 1) 千港元 HK\$'000	重大 可觀察 輸入數據 (第2層) Significant observable inputs (Level 2) 千港元 HK\$'000	重大 不可觀察 輸入數據 (第3層) Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
Derivative financial instruments		-	-	-	-	-	4,113	-	4,113

The Group did not have any financial assets measured at fair value as at 31 March 2015 (2014: Nil).

The Company did not have any financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value as at 31 March 2015 (2014: Nil).

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 for both financial assets and financial liabilities (2014: Nil).



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44. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括現金及銀行結存、定期存款、應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項、衍生金融工具、應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項以及銀行借貸。該等金融工具之詳情於財務報表有關附註內披露。與該等金融工具有關之風險及如何減低該等風險之政策載列如下。本集團管理層管理及監察該等風險，以確保適時及有效地採取適當措施。

信貸風險

本集團之主要金融資產為現金及銀行結存、定期存款以及應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項。

由於與本集團交易之銀行均具備國際信貸評級機構授予之高信貸評級，故銀行結存及定期存款之信貸風險不大。

本集團之信貸風險主要來自其應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項。本集團管理層持續監察每項個別貿易債項，而本集團面對之壞賬風險並不重大。本集團並無信貸風險過度集中之情況，所面對之風險分散至多個交易對手及客戶。有關本集團面臨來自應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項之信貸風險之更多量化數據於財務報表附註 23 及 24 披露。

利率風險

本集團面臨之利率變動風險主要由於於附息銀行借貸產生。浮息借貸使本集團面臨利率風險。本集團目前並無利率對沖政策。儘管如此，本集團管理層監控本集團所面臨之利率風險並將考慮需要時訂立利率掉期以減少利率波動風險。

44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's major financial instruments include cash and bank balances, time deposits, trade and other receivables, derivative financial instruments, trade and other payables and bank borrowings. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes to these financial statements. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management of the Group manages and monitors these exposures to ensure that appropriate measures are implemented in a timely and effective manner.

Credit risk

The Group's principal financial assets are cash and bank balances, time deposits, and trade and other receivables.

The credit risk on bank balances and time deposits is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade and other receivables. The management of the Group monitors each individual trade debt on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant. The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk, with the exposure spreading over a large number of counterparties and customers. Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade and other receivables are disclosed in notes 23 and 24 to the financial statements.

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to changes in interest rates is mainly attributable to its interest-bearing bank borrowings. Borrowings at variable rates expose the Group to interest rate risk. The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, the management of the Group monitors the Group's interest rate exposure and considers entering into interest rate swaps to reduce its exposure to interest rate fluctuations should the need arise.



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44. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

利率風險(續)

下表列示在所有其他變數維持不變之情況下，本集團之除稅前溢利(透過對浮息借貸之影響)及本集團之權益(未計對稅項之任何影響前)對利率出現合理可能變動之敏感性。

44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Interest rate risk (Cont'd)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (through the impact on floating rate borrowings) and the Group's equity (before any impact on tax).

		集團 GROUP		
			除稅前溢利 增加/(減少)	
		利率上調 Increase in interest rate	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax 千港元 HK\$'000	權益減少* Decrease in equity* 千港元 HK\$'000
二零一五年	2015			
銀行貸款	Bank loans	100個基點 100 basis points	(3,686)	—
二零一四年	2014			
銀行貸款	Bank loans	100個基點 100 basis points	(5,877)	—
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	100個基點 100 basis points	2,000	—

* 不包括保留溢利

* Excluding retained profits

外匯風險

本集團主要於香港及中國內地經營業務，其大部分交易均以港元及人民幣結算。本年度，本集團之所有銀行借貸以港元計值。

管理層持續監察本集團所面對之貨幣風險，並將於有需要時考慮訂立遠期外匯合約。

Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates mainly in Hong Kong and Mainland China with most of its transactions settled in Hong Kong dollars and Renminbi. In the current year, all of the Group's bank borrowings are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

Management monitors the Group's currency exposure on an ongoing basis and considers entering into forward currency contracts when the need arises.

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44. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)
流動資金風險

本集團之目標為透過利用銀行借貸在持續獲取資金與靈活性之間保持平衡。本集團定期檢討其主要資金狀況，確保有足夠財務資源應付其財務承擔。

根據已訂約未貼現賬款，以下載列本集團及本公司於報告期末之金融負債到期日：

集團

		二零一五年 2015				
		12個月以內	1至5年	5年以上	總計	
		按 要求 償還	Less than 12 months	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
		On demand	12 months	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	—	484,494	—	—	484,494
其他應付款項	Other payables	—	10,625	—	—	10,625
付息銀行借貸*	Interest-bearing bank borrowings *	33,940	109,823	161,110	63,737	368,610
就履約保證書向附屬公司作出之擔保	Guarantees in respect of performance bonds in relation to subsidiaries	416,775	—	—	—	416,775
		<u>450,715</u>	<u>604,942</u>	<u>161,110</u>	<u>63,737</u>	<u>1,280,504</u>

44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)
Liquidity risk

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank borrowings. The Group regularly reviews its major funding positions to ensure that it has adequate financial resources in meeting its financial obligations.

The maturity profile of the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

GROUP

		二零一五年 2015				
		12個月以內	1至5年	5年以上	總計	
		按 要求 償還	Less than 12 months	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
		On demand	12 months	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	—	484,494	—	—	484,494
其他應付款項	Other payables	—	10,625	—	—	10,625
付息銀行借貸*	Interest-bearing bank borrowings *	33,940	109,823	161,110	63,737	368,610
就履約保證書向附屬公司作出之擔保	Guarantees in respect of performance bonds in relation to subsidiaries	416,775	—	—	—	416,775
		<u>450,715</u>	<u>604,942</u>	<u>161,110</u>	<u>63,737</u>	<u>1,280,504</u>

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44. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

集團(續)

44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Liquidity risk (Cont'd)

GROUP (Cont'd)

		二零一四年 2014				
		12個月以內	1至5年	5年以上	總計	
		按要求償還	Less than 12 months	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	—	302,732	—	—	302,732
其他應付款項	Other payables	—	11,527	—	—	11,527
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	4,113	—	—	4,113
付息銀行借貸*	Interest-bearing bank borrowings *	16,929	236,056	266,343	68,322	587,650
就履約保證書向附屬公司作出之擔保	Guarantees in respect of performance bonds in relation to subsidiaries	533,328	—	—	—	533,328
		<u>550,257</u>	<u>554,428</u>	<u>266,343</u>	<u>68,322</u>	<u>1,439,350</u>

* 於二零一五年及二零一四年三月三十一日，付息銀行借貸包括載有按要還款條文賦予貸款人無條件權利隨時要求償還貸款之銀行貸款分別為33,940,000港元及16,929,000港元，因此，就上述到期狀況而言，該等金額已分類為按要還款借貸。

* Included in interest-bearing bank borrowings are bank loans of HK\$33,940,000 and HK\$16,929,000 as at 31 March 2015 and 2014, respectively, which contain a repayment on demand clause giving the lender the unconditional right to call the loan at any time and therefore, for the purpose of the above maturity profile, these amounts are classified as on demand.



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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44. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

儘管載有上述按要求還款條文，惟董事們相信該等銀行貸款將不會於12個月內全數催繳，故彼等認為該等銀行貸款將會按照相關協議所載之到期日償還。於作出有關評估時已考慮下列因素：本集團於財務報表獲批准當日之財務狀況、本集團遵守貸款契諾之情況、並無違約事件及本集團過往一向準時按期還款。按照銀行貸款之條款，於二零一五年三月三十一日，到期年期於12個月以內應付137,663,000港元(二零一四年：243,045,000港元)；於一至五年(包括首尾兩年)應付167,210,000港元(二零一四年：276,283,000港元)；以及於五年以上應付63,737,000港元(二零一四年：68,322,000港元)。

公司

44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Liquidity risk (Cont'd)

Notwithstanding the above repayment on demand clause, the directors do not believe that the bank loans will be called in its entirety within 12 months, and they consider that the bank loans will be repaid in accordance with the maturity dates as set out in the respective agreements. This evaluation was made considering: the financial position of the Group at the date of approval of the financial statements; the Group's compliance with the loan covenants; the lack of events of default, and the fact that the Group has made all previously scheduled repayments on time. In accordance with the terms of bank loans, the maturity terms at 31 March 2015 are HK\$137,663,000 (2014: HK\$243,045,000) payable less than 12 months; HK\$167,210,000 (2014: HK\$276,283,000) payable in one to five years, inclusive; and HK\$63,737,000 (2014: HK\$68,322,000) payable over five years.

COMPANY

		二零一五年 2015				
		12個月以內	1至5年	5年以上	總計	
按要求償還	Less than	12 months	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total	
On demand	12 months					
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
欠附屬公司之款項	Amounts due to subsidiaries	47,772	—	—	47,772	
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	—	8	—	8	
其他應付款項	Other payables	—	125	—	125	
就財務機構向附屬公司 批出一般信貸貸款 而給予之擔保	Guarantees given to financial institutions in connection with general credit facilities granted to subsidiaries	748,459	—	—	748,459	
就履約保證書向附屬公司 作出之擔保	Guarantees in respect of performance bonds in relation to subsidiaries	416,775	—	—	416,775	
		<u>1,213,006</u>	<u>133</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>1,213,139</u>	

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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44. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

流動資金風險(續)

Liquidity risk (Cont'd)

公司(續)

COMPANY (Cont'd)

		二零一四年 2014				
		按要求償還	12個月以內	1至5年	5年以上	總計
		On demand	Less than 12 months	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
欠附屬公司之款項	Amounts due to subsidiaries	144,932	—	—	—	144,932
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	—	254	—	—	254
其他應付款項	Other payables	—	125	—	—	125
就財務機構向附屬公司批出 一般信貸貸款而 給予之擔保	Guarantees given to financial institutions in connection with general credit facilities granted to subsidiaries	954,323	—	—	—	954,323
就履約保證書向附屬公司 作出之擔保	Guarantees in respect of performance bonds in relation to subsidiaries	533,328	—	—	—	533,328
		<u>1,632,583</u>	<u>379</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>1,632,962</u>



財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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44. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

資本管理

本集團資本管理之主要目標為確保本集團有能力按持續經營業務之原則營運及維持健康資本比率以支持其業務並最大化股東價值。

本集團根據經濟狀況之變動管理其資本結構並作出調整。為維持或調整資本結構，本集團或會調整支付予股東之股息、退還股東之資本或發行新股份。於截至二零一五年三月三十一日及二零一四年三月三十一日止年度內，有關資本管理之目標、政策及程序並無作出任何變動。

本集團採用資本負債比率監察其資本情況，而資本負債比率乃以負債淨額除以本集團總權益計算。本集團之政策旨在維持資本負債比率不超過50%。負債淨額包括應付貿易賬款、其他應付款項、衍生金融工具及附息銀行借貸減現金及等同現金項目。資本包括本集團總權益。於報告期末，資本負債比率如下：

44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Company's capital management are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by the total equity of the Group. The Group's policy is to maintain the gearing ratio not more than 50%. Net debt includes trade payables, other payables, derivative financial instruments and interest-bearing bank borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Capital includes total equity of the Group. The gearing ratios as at the end of the reporting periods were as follows:

		二零一五年 2015 千港元 HK\$'000	二零一四年 2014 千港元 HK\$'000
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	484,494	302,732
其他應付款項	Other payables	10,625	11,527
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	4,113
附息銀行借貸	Interest-bearing bank borrowings	367,899	586,066
減：定期存款	Less: Time deposits	(746,432)	(1,106,219)
受限制現金	Restricted cash	(24,000)	(3,241)
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances	(541,064)	(441,688)
現金淨額	Net cash	(448,478)	(646,710)
總權益	Total equity	2,932,569	2,711,277
資本負債比率	Gearing ratio	N/A不適用	N/A不適用

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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45. 報告期後事件

於二零一五年二月二日，本公司全資附屬公司Dragonhill Limited與獨立第三方上海中城建資產管理有限公司(「買方」)訂立一份買賣協議(「協議」)，內容有關建議出售蕙園國際有限公司之全部已發行資本以及蕙園國際有限公司欠付Dragonhill Limited之免息股東貸款，現金代價為人民幣340,000,000元，當中包括了股權以及股東貸款之出售代價(「蕙園出售」)。

於二零一五年五月二十七日，由於買方未能於協定時間支付訂金，Dragonhill Limited向買方發出終止協議之書面通知，即時生效。

有關蕙園出售之進一步詳情，在本公司日期分別為二零一五年二月二日、二零一五年三月十八日、二零一五年四月二十日、二零一五年五月十八日以及二零一五年五月二十七日之公告中披露。

46. 比較數據

如財務報表附註4所詳述，若干比較數據已被重新分類以與本年度之呈列方式一致。

47. 財務報表之核准

董事局於二零一五年六月十一日批准及授權刊發財務報表。

45. EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 2 February 2015, Dragonhill Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a sale and purchase agreement (the "Agreement") with an independent third party, 上海中城建資產管理有限公司 (the "Purchaser"), in relation to the proposed disposal of the entire issued capital of CG (HY) International Limited and the interest-free shareholder's loan owed by CG (HY) International Limited to Dragonhill Limited, at a cash consideration of RMB340,000,000, which comprises the consideration for the sale of equity interest and the shareholder's loan ("CG Disposal").

On 27 May 2015, as the Purchaser failed to pay the deposit on the agreed time, Dragonhill Limited issued a written notice to the Purchaser to terminate the Agreement with immediate effect.

Further details of the CG Disposal were disclosed in the Company's announcements dated 2 February 2015, 18 March 2015, 20 April 2015, 18 May 2015 and 27 May 2015.

46. COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS

As detailed in note 4 to the financial statements, certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

47. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 11 June 2015.