31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

1. 公司資料

泰昇集團控股有限公司為一間於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司。

本公司之註冊辦事處位於Clarendon House, Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda。本公司之主要營業地點位於 香港灣仔港灣道25號海港中心11樓。

於本年度內,本集團經營下列主要業 務:

- 地基打樁
- 機電及建築工程
- 機器租賃及買賣
- 物業投資及管理
- 物業發展

2.1 編製賬目之基準

該等財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會 頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(包括所有香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則(「香港會計準則及香港公認會計準則及香港公司條例之披露規定,並採用歷史資內之披露規定,並採用歷投資物業、若干股份投資物業、若干股份投資物業、若干股份投資。 生金融工具按公平值計算除外)。元為軍位,而所有價值均湊整至最接近之千位數值。

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Tysan Holdings Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda.

The registered office of the Company is located at Clarendon House, Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda. The principal place of business of the Company is located at 11/F, Harbour Centre, 25 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

During the year, the Group was involved in the following principal activities:

- foundation piling
- electrical and mechanical ("E&M") engineering and building construction
- machinery leasing and trading
- property investment and management
- property development

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investment properties, certain equity investments and derivative financial instruments, which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

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財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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2.1 編製賬目之基準 (續)

綜合賬目基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零一零年三月三十一日止年度之財務報表。附屬公司之業績由收購日期(即本集團獲取控制權當日)起綜合賬目,直至該控制權終止之日為止。所有本集團內公司間之交易引起之重大收入,開支及未實現收益及虧損以及公司間之結存,均已於綜合賬目時全數對銷。

少數股東權益乃指並非由本集團持有 之外界股東應佔本公司之附屬公司之 業績及資產淨值所應佔之利益。

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動

本集團已於編製本年度財務報表時首 次採納下列新訂及經修訂的香港財務 報告準則。

香港財務報告準則第1號及香港會計準 則第27號之修訂

香港財務報告準則第1號首次採納香港 財務報告準則及香港會計準則第27號綜 合及獨立財務報表一於附屬公司、共同 控制實體或聯營公司之投資成本之修訂

香港財務報告準則第2號之修訂

香港財務報告準則第2號以股份為基礎 之支付一授予條件及註銷之修訂

香港財務報告準則第7號之修訂

香港財務報告準則第7號*金融工具:披露-有關金融工具披露之改進之修訂*

香港財務報告準則第8號

經營分部

香港會計準則第1號(經修訂)

財務報表之呈報

香港會計準則第18號之修訂*

香港會計準則第18號*收入一釐定企業 應作為當事人還是代理人附錄之修訂*

香港會計準則第23號(經修訂)

借貸成本

香港會計準則第32號及香港會計準則 第1號之修訂

香港會計準則第32號金融工具:呈報 及香港會計準則第1號財務報表之呈報 一可沽售金融工具及清盤時產生之責 任之修訂

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (Cont'd)

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2010. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. All significant income, expenses and unrealised gains and losses resulting from intercompany transactions and intercompany balances within the Group are eliminated on consolidation in full

Minority interests represent the interests of outside shareholders not held by the Group in the results and net assets of the Company's subsidiaries.

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following new and revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

HKFRS 1 and HKAS 27 Amendments

Amendments to HKFRS 1 First-time Adoption of HKFRSs and HKAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements – Cost of an Investment in a Subsidiary, Jointly Controlled Entity or Associate

HKFRS 2 Amendments

Amendments to HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment – Vesting Conditions and Cancellations

HKFRS 7 Amendments

Amendments to HKFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Improving Disclosures about Financial Instruments

HKFRS 8

Operating Segments

HKAS 1 (Revised)

Presentation of Financial Statements

HKAS 18 Amendment *

Amendment to Appendix to HKAS 18 Revenue – Determining whether an entity is acting as a principal or as an agent

HKAS 23 (Revised)

Borrowing Costs

HKAS 32 and HKAS 1 Amendments

Amendments to HKAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and HKAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements – Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations Arising on Liquidation

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2.2 會計政策及披露之變動 (續)

香港(國際財務報告準則詮釋委員會) - 詮釋第9號及香港會計準則第39號之修訂香港財務報告詮釋委員會第9號內嵌式衍生工具之重估及香港會計準則第39號金融工具:確認及計量一內嵌式衍生工具之修訂

香港(國際財務報告準則詮釋委員會) 一詮釋第13號

客戶忠誠計劃

香港(國際財務報告準則詮釋委員會) 一詮釋第15號

房地產建造協議

香港(國際財務報告準則詮釋委員會) 一詮釋第16號

於海外業務淨投資之對沖

香港(國際財務報告準則詮釋委員會) 一詮釋第18號

自客戶轉讓資產(自二零零九年七月一 日起生效)

香港財務報告準則之改進(二零零八年十月頒佈)**

對多項香港財務報告準則之修訂

- * 已載入二零零九年香港財務報告準則 之改進(於二零零九年五月頒佈)。
- ** 除香港財務報告準則第5號持有待售 及終止經營業務之非流動資產一計劃 出售附屬公司之控制權益之修訂於二 零零九年七月一日或之後開始之年度 期間生效外,本集團已採納所有於二 零零八年十月頒佈的香港財務報告準 則之改進。

除下列對有關香港會計準則第1號(經修訂)、香港財務報告準則第7號及香港財務報告準則第8號的影響作進一步解釋外,採納該等新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則對本財務報表並無任何重大影響。

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES (Cont'd)

HK(IFRIC)-Int 9 and HKAS 39 Amendments

Amendments to HK(IFRIC)-Int 9 Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives and HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement – Embedded Derivatives

HK(IFRIC)-Int 13

Customer Loyalty Programmes

HK(IFRIC)-Int 15

Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate

HK(IFRIC)-Int 16

Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation

HK(IFRIC)-Int 18

Transfers of Assets from Customers (adopted from 1 July 2009)

Improvements to HKFRSs (October 2008) **

Amendments to a number of HKFRSs

- * Included in Improvements to HKFRSs 2009 (as issued in May 2009).
- ** The Group adopted all the improvements to HKFRSs issued in October 2008 except for the amendments to HKFRS 5 Non-current assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations – Plan to sell the controlling interest in a subsidiary, which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009.

Other than as further explained below regarding the impact of HKAS 1 (Revised), HKFRS 7 and HKFRS 8, the adoption of these new and revised HKFRSs has had no significant financial effect on these financial statements.



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2.2 會計政策及披露之變動 (續)

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES (Cont'd)

HKAS 1 (Revised) introduces changes in the presentation and disclosures of financial statements. The revised standard separates owner and nonowner changes in equity. The statement of changes in equity includes only details of transactions with owners, with all non-owner changes in equity presented as a single line. In addition, this standard introduces the statement of comprehensive income, with all items of income and expense recognised in profit or loss, together with all other items of recognised income and expense recognised directly in equity, either in one single statement, or in two linked statements. The Group has elected to present two statements.

The HKFRS 7 Amendments require additional disclosures about fair value measurement and liquidity risk. Fair value measurements related to items recorded at fair value are to be disclosed by sources of inputs using a three-level fair value hierarchy, by class, for all financial instruments recognised at fair value. In addition, a reconciliation between the beginning and ending balances is now required for level 3 fair value measurements, as well as significant transfers between levels in the fair value hierarchy. The amendments also clarify the requirements for liquidity risk disclosures with respect to derivative transactions and assets used for liquidity management. The fair value measurement disclosures are presented in note 43 to the financial statements while the liquidity risk disclosures are presented in note 44 to the financial statements.

HKFRS 8, which replaces HKAS 14 Segment Reporting, specifies how an entity should report information about its operating segments, based on information about the components of the entity that is available to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of allocating resources to the segments and assessing their performance. The standard also requires the disclosure of information about the products and services provided by the segments, the geographical areas in which the Group operates, and revenue from the Group's major customers. The Group concluded that the operating segments determined in accordance with HKFRS 8 are the same as the business segments previously identified under HKAS 14. These revised disclosures, including the related revised comparative information, are shown in note 4 to the financial statements.

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2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報 告準則

本集團並未於此等財務報表內應用下 列已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則。

香港財務報告準則第1號(經修訂)

首次採納香港財務報告準則的

香港財務報告準則第1號之修訂

香港財務報告準則第1號首次採納香港 財務報告準則一首次採納者之額外豁 免之修訂²

香港財務報告準則第1號之修訂

香港財務報告準則第1號首次採納香港 財務報告準則一首次採納者毋須按照 香港財務報告準則第7號披露比較資料 之有限豁免之修訂4

香港財務報告準則第2號之修訂

香港財務報告準則第2號以股份為基礎 之支付一集團以現金結算及股份為基 礎之付款交易之修訂²

香港財務報告準則第3號(經修訂)

業務合併1

香港財務報告準則第9號

金融工具6

香港會計準則第24號(經修訂)

關連方披露5

香港會計準則第27號(經修訂)

綜合及獨立財務報表1

香港會計準則第32號之修訂

香港會計準則第32號金融工具:呈報 一供股分類之修訂³

香港會計準則第39號之修訂

香港會計準則第39號金融工具:確認及計量-合資格對沖項目之修訂¹

香港(國際財務報告準則詮釋委員會)

- 詮釋第14號之修訂

香港(國際財務報告準則詮釋委員會) 一詮釋第14號預付最低資金要求之修 訂

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

HKFRS 1 (Revised)

First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ¹

HKFRS 1 Amendments

Amendments to HKFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards – Additional Exemptions for First-time Adopters ²

HKFRS 1 Amendment

Amendments to HKFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards – Limited Exemption from Comparative HKFRS 7 Disclosures for First-time Adopters ⁴

HKFRS 2 Amendments

Amendments to HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment – Group Cash-settled Share-based Payment Transactions ²

HKFRS 3 (Revised)

Business Combinations 1

HKFRS 9

Financial Instruments 6

HKAS 24 (Revised)

Related Party Disclosures 5

HKAS 27 (Revised)

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements ¹

HKAS 32 Amendment

Amendment to HKAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation – Classification of Rights Issues ³

HKAS 39 Amendment

Amendment to HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement – Eligible Hedged Items ¹

HK(IFRIC)-Int 14 Amendments

Amendments to HK(IFRIC)-Int 14 Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement ⁵



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2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報 告準則*(續)*

香港(國際財務報告準則詮釋委員會) - 詮釋第17號

向擁有人分派非現金資產1

香港(國際財務報告準則詮釋委員會) 一詮釋第19號

以股本工具抵銷金融負債4

香港財務報告準則第5號之修訂(載於 二零零八年十月頒佈之香港財務報告 準則之改進)

香港財務報告準則第5號持有待售及終 止經營業務之非流動資產一計劃出售 附屬公司之控制權益之修訂¹

香港詮釋第4號(於二零零九年十二月修訂)

租賃-釐定香港土地租賃之租賃期2

除上述者外,香港會計師公會亦已頒 佈二零零九年及二零一零年香港財務 報告準則之改進,其載有對一系列香 港財務報告準則之修訂,主要刪除不 一致性及釐清用字。香港財務報告準 則第2號之修訂、香港會計準則第38 號、香港(國際財務報告準則詮釋委員 會) - 詮釋第9號及香港(國際財務報告 準則詮釋委員會)-詮釋第16號於二零 零九年七月一日或之後開始年度期間 生效,而香港財務報告準則第5號、香 港財務報告準則第8號、香港會計準則 第1號、香港會計準則第7號、香港會 計準則第17號、香港會計準則第36號 及香港會計準則第39號則於二零一零 年一月一日或之後開始年度期間生效 (儘管各項準則或詮釋均有個別過渡性 條文)。其對香港財務報告準則第3號 作出之修訂及因香港會計準則第27號 而產生之修訂之過渡規定於二零一零 年七月一日或之後開始之年度期間生 效,而對香港財務報告準則第1號、香 港財務報告準則第7號、香港會計準則 第1號、香港會計準則第34號及香港 (國際財務報告詮釋委員會)-詮釋第 13號之修訂則於二零一一年一月一日 或之後開始之年度期間生效。

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Cont'd)

HK(IFRIC)-Int 17

Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners ¹ **HK(IFRIC)-Int 19**

Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments ⁴

Amendments to HKFRS 5 included in Improvements to HKFRSs issued in October 2008

Amendments to HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations – Plan to sell the controlling interest in a subsidiary ¹

HK Interpretation 4 (Revised in December 2009)

Leases – Determination of the Length of Lease Term in respect of Hong Kong Land Leases $^{\rm 2}$

Apart from the above, the HKICPA has issued Improvements to HKFRSs 2009 and 2010 which sets out amendments to a number of HKFRSs primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording. The amendments to HKFRS 2, HKAS 38, HK(IFRIC)-Int 9 and HK(IFRIC)-Int 16 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009 while the amendments to HKFRS 5, HKFRS 8, HKAS 1, HKAS 7, HKAS 17, HKAS 36 and HKAS 39 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2010 although there are separate transitional provisions for each standard or interpretation. The amendments to HKFRS 3 and transition requirements for amendments arising as a result of HKAS 27 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010 while the amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 7, HKAS 1, HKAS 34 and HK(IFRIC)-Int 13 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011.

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2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報 告準則 (續)

- 1 於二零零九年七月一日或之後開始年 度期間生效
- ² 於二零一零年一月一日或之後開始年 度期間生效
- 3 於二零一零年二月一日或之後開始年 度期間生效
- 给 於二零一零年七月一日或之後開始年度期間生效
- 5 於二零一一年一月一日或之後開始年 度期間生效
- 6 於二零一三年一月一日或之後開始年 度期間生效

本集團正評估此等新訂及經修訂之香港財務報告準則於初步採納時所產生之影響。惟現階段尚未能指出新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則是否會對本集團營運業績及財務狀況構成重大影響。

2.4 主要會計政策概要

附屬公司

附屬公司乃指本公司直接或間接控制 其財務及經營政策之實體,藉此從該 附屬公司之業務取得利益。

附屬公司之業績(指已收取及應收之股息而言)已計入本公司之綜合損益表內。本公司於附屬公司之權益乃按成本減任何減值虧損列賬。

聯營公司

聯營公司乃本集團於其股本投票權擁有一般不少於20%之長期權益及可對其行使重大影響力之實體,惟並非附屬公司。

本集團佔聯營公司之收購後業績與儲備,分別計算在綜合損益表及綜合儲備內。本集團與聯營公司之間交易所產生的未實現損益,均按本集團於聯營公司所佔的權益比率抵銷,惟假如未實現虧損顯示已轉讓資產出現減值。有數學公司之權益,以本集團按權益會計法分佔資產淨值減任何減值虧損於綜合財務狀況表列賬。

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Cont'd)

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2010
- ³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 February 2010
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010
- ⁵ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011
- 6 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of these new and revised HKFRSs upon initial application but is not yet in a position to state whether these new and revised HKFRSs would have significant impact on its results of operations and financial position.

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity whose financial and operating policies the Company controls, directly or indirectly, so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of the subsidiaries are included in the Company's consolidated income statement to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's interests in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

Associates

An associate is an entity, not being a subsidiary, in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and reserves of associates is included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated reserves, respectively. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in the associates, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. The Group's interests in associates are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

除商譽外之非金融資產減值

當有跡象顯示出現減值,或須就資產(持有供銷售之物業、發展中物業產,或領土,建築合約資產,遞延稅項資產除外)進行年度減值測試價產之可收回金額為資產中之之,與其,並無產生大致獨立於其他資產不可收回金額乃就資產所屬現金產生對別之現金流入。屬現金產生單位釐定。

減值虧損僅於資產賬面值超逾可收回 金額時確認。評估使用價值時,估計 未來現金流量按可反映現時市場評估 之貨幣時間價值及資產特定風險之稅 前貼現率貼現至現值。減值虧損於產 生期間自損益表中與減值資產功能相 符之該等開支類別扣除。

資產乃於各報告期結束時進行評估,以決定有否任何跡象顯示先前已確验之減值虧損是否不再存在或已減額。倘出現該等跡象,會對可收回金額人的出現該等跡象,會對可收值虧損(回虧)僅會於用以釐定資產可收包倉所數之估計改變時撥回,惟撥回後資源不得高於假設過往年度並無就值虧損而應釐定之賬面值(知數不得高於假設過值虧損而應釐定之賬面值(如折舊/攤銷)。減值虧損之撥回於產生期間計入損益表內。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Impairment of non-financial assets other than goodwill

When an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than properties held for sale, properties under development, inventories, construction contract assets, deferred tax assets and financial assets), the asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's value in use and its fair value less costs to sell, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the income statement in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of an asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

關連人士

在下列情況下,任何一方則被視為本 集團之關連人士:

- (a) 該方透過一家或多家中介公司, 直接或間接(i)控制本集團,受本 集團控制或與本集團受同一方控 制;(ii)於本集團擁有權益,並可 藉著該權益對本集團行使重大影 響力;或(iii)共同控制本集團;
- (b) 該方為聯營公司;
- (c) 該方為本集團之主要管理人員其中一名成員;
- (d) 該方為(a)或(c)所述之任何個別人 士家族之近親;
- (e) 該方為直接或間接受(c)或(d)項所 述的任何個別人士所控制、共同 控制或重大影響,或由其擁有重 大投票權而受重大影響之實體; 或
- (f) 該方為本集團僱員利益而設立之 僱用後福利計劃之一方,或為本 集團關連人士之任何實體。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries,
 (i) controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Group;
 (ii) has an interest in the Group that gives it significant influence over the Group;
 (iii) has joint control over the Group;
- (b) the party is an associate;
- (c) the party is a member of the key management personnel of the Group;
- (d) the party is a close member of the family of any individual referred to in (a) or (c);
- (e) the party is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly, any individual referred to in (c) or (d); or
- (f) the party is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of the Group, or of any entity that is a related party of the Group.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

物業、機器及設備以及折舊

折舊乃按每項物業、機器及設備之估計可使用年期以直線基準撇銷成本計算。計算折舊之主要年率如下:

樓宇	5%
設備及機器	10% - 331/3%
傢俬及裝置	20%
汽車	20%
遊艇	10%
租賃物業裝修	10% - 33 ¹ / ₃ %

當物業、機器及設備項目部分之可使 用年期不同時,該項目之成本按合理 基準在各部分間分配,而各部分將單 獨計提折舊。

剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊法均於 每個財政年度結束時進行檢討,並作 出適當調整。

物業、機器及設備項目以及初步確認 的任何重大部份乃於出售後或當預期 使用或出售將不會產生未來經濟利益 時不再確認。於資產不再確認年度之 損益表內確認之任何出售或報廢收益 或虧損為出售所得款項淨額與有關資 產之賬面值之差額。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the assets to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the income statement in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciation.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Building	5%
Equipment and machinery	10% - 331/3%
Furniture and fixtures	20%
Motor vehicles	20%
Motor yacht	10%
Leasehold improvements	10% - 331/2%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately.

Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in the income statement in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

投資物業

投資物業指為賺取租金收入及/或資本增值(而非作為生產或提供貨品或服務或行政管理用途)或為於日常業務過程中銷售而持有之土地及樓宇權益(包括就原應符合投資物業定義之物業根據經營租賃而持有之租賃權益)。於首次確認後,投資物業按反映報告期末之市況之公平值列賬。

投資物業公平值變動產生之收益或虧 損於產生年度計入損益表內。

報廢或出售投資物業產生之任何收益 或虧損於報廢或出售年度在損益表內 確認。

發展中物業

發展中物業按成本減減值虧損列賬。 成本包括發展期間產生之全部發展費 用、借款成本及其他發展中物業直接 應佔之成本。

於預售或擬出售並預期由報告期末起 一年內落成之發展中物業列入流動資 產內。

持有供銷售之物業

持有供銷售之物業乃以成本及可變現 淨值兩者中之較低者列入財務狀況 表。成本包括土地成本、於發展期間 撥充資本之利息及有關物業發展之其 他直接成本。可變現淨值乃參考個別 物業當時之市價減直至完成為止之所 有成本(如適用)及推銷及銷售之成本 計算。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings (including the leasehold interest under an operating lease for a property which would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the income statement in the year in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the income statement in the year of the retirement or disposal.

Properties under development

Properties under development are stated at cost less any impairment losses, which includes all development expenditure, borrowing costs and other costs directly attributable to such properties incurred during the development period.

Properties under development which have either been pre-sold or which are intended for sale and are expected to be completed within one year from the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets.

Properties held for sale

Properties held for sale are stated in the statement of financial position at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the cost of land, interest capitalised during the period of development and other direct costs attributable to the development of the properties. Net realisable value is determined by reference to the prevailing market prices on an individual property basis, less all costs to completion, if applicable, and costs of marketing and selling.

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財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

租賃

凡將資產擁有權(法定業權除外)之絕大 部份回報與風險轉由本集團承受之租約 均列為融資租約。於訂立融資租約時, 租賃資產之成本按最低租約付款之現值 撥充資本,並連同承擔(利息部份除外) 入賬,以反映購入及融資情況。根據撥 充資本之融資租約持有之資產均列入 業、機器及設備內,並於資產之估計可 使用年期內折舊。該等租約之融資成本 乃於損益表中扣除,以便於租期內按固 定比率扣除。

由出租者承受資產擁有權之絕大部份回報與風險之租約均列為經營租約納經營租約,本集團根據經營租約所租賃之資產乃計入非流動資產,根據經營租約而應收之租金,乃於租期內以直線法計入損益表。倘本集團乃承租人,經營租約之租金均按照租期以直線法自損益表扣除。

經營租約項下之預付土地租賃款初步 按成本列賬,並其後於租期內按直線 基準確認。當租賃付款不可於土地及 樓宇部分之間可靠地分配,則整項租 賃付款將計入土地及樓宇之成本內, 作為物業、機器及設備之融資租約。

投資及其他金融資產

初步確認及計量

於香港會計準則第39號範圍內之金融資產分類為按公平值計入損益之金融資產、貸款及應收款以及可供出售金融資產,或指定於有效對沖中作為對沖工具之衍生工具(視情況而定)。本集團於初始確認時確定其金融資產於初始確認時會以公平值加(倘投資並非按公平值計入損益)直接應佔交易成本計算。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Leases

Leases that transfer substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets to the Group, other than legal title, are accounted for as finance leases. At the inception of a finance lease, the cost of the leased asset is capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payments and recorded together with the obligation, excluding the interest element, to reflect the purchase and financing. Assets held under capitalised finance leases are included in property, plant and equipment and depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The finance costs of such leases are charged to the income statement so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge over the lease terms.

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group under operating leases are included in non-current assets and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to the income statement on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under the operating leases are charged to the income statement on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Prepaid land lease payments under operating leases are initially stated at cost and subsequently recognised on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and buildings elements, the entire lease payments are included in the cost of the land and buildings as a finance lease in property, plant and equipment.

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets within the scope of HKAS 39 are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, and available-for-sale financial assets, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. The Group determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

初步確認及計量(續)

正常情況下買入及出售之金融資產於 交易日確認,即本集團承諾購入或出 售該資產之日期。正常情況下買入或 出售乃買入或出售須於規例或市場慣 例一般設定之期間內交付資產之金融 資產。

本集團的金融資產包括現金及銀行結 餘,受限制現金、定期存款、應收貿易 賬款及其他應收款項、透過損益按公平 值計量的股權投資及衍生金融工具。

其後計量

財務資產按分類所進行之後續計量如 下:

按公平值透過損溢列賬之金融資產

按公平值以溢利或虧損列賬之財務資 產包括持作買賣的財務資產及初始認 定時按公平值以溢利或虧損列賬之財 務資產。倘財務資產乃為於短期內出 售而購入,則分類為持做買賣。此分 類包括由本集團訂立而未於對沖關係 (定義見香港會計準則第39號)中指定 作對沖工具之衍生財務工具。衍生工 具把包括獨立的嵌入式衍生工具亦被 分類為持作買賣,除非他們被指定為 有效的對沖工具。按公平值以溢利或 虧損列賬之財務資產於財務狀況表按 公平值列賬,而其公平值變動則損益 表列賬。按照上述主要會計政策中的 「收入確認」原則確認之公平值變動, 並不包括這些財務資產產生的股利。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Investments and other financial assets (Cont'd)

Initial recognition and measurement (Cont'd)

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

The Group's financial assets include cash and bank balances, restricted cash, time deposits, trade and other receivables, equity investments at fair value through profit or loss and derivative financial instruments.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of sale in the near term. This category includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by HKAS 39. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the income statement. These net fair value changes do not include any dividends on these financial assets, which are recognised in accordance with the policy set out for "Revenue recognition" below.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

按公平值透過損溢列賬之金融資產(續)

本集團估計按公平值以溢利或財子 展之財務資產(持作買賣),向完產 (持作買賣),向完產 (持作買產之意力 (持作資產之意力 (持等資產之意子 (持等資產之意子 (持等資產之意子 (持等資產之意子 (持等資產之 (持等資產 (持等資產 (持等資產 (持等資產 (持等資產 (持等資產 (持等資產 (持等資產 (持等資產 (持等) (

倘主合約之嵌入式衍生工具之經濟特 性及風險並非與主合約密切相關及 合約並非持作交易用途或指定嵌入 值於損益表列賬,主合約分生工具乃入 展列作獨立衍生工具乃入 接工具乃入賬列作獨立衍生工工工 按公平值計量,而公平值之變動 方 在 致合的項下所須現金流量有 致合約 改,方會進行重新評估。

貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項乃固定或可釐定付款金額而在活躍市場中並無報價之非領之非資產。於初步確認後,該本本達產隨後以實際利率法按攤銷成本時過度,且包括屬實際利率主要部分表表價或成本。實際利率攤銷於損益虧內融資收入列賬。減值產生的虧損益表內確認。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Investments and other financial assets (Cont'd)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Cont'd)

The Group evaluates its financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (held for trading) to assess whether the intent to sell them in the near term is still appropriate. When the Group is unable to trade these financial assets due to inactive markets and management's intent to sell them in the foreseeable future significantly changes, the Group may elect to reclassify these financial assets in rare circumstances. The reclassification from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss to loans and receivables, available-for-sale financial assets or held-to-maturity investments depends on the nature of the assets.

Derivatives embedded in host contracts are accounted for as separate derivatives and recorded at fair value if their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not held for trading or designated at fair value through profit or loss. These embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the income statement. Reassessment only occurs if there is a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment. Amortised cost is calculated taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in the income statement. The loss arising from impairment is recognised in the income statement.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

金融資產之減值

按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產

倘有客觀跡象顯示已出現減值虧損, 有關虧損金額按資產賬面值與估計未 來現金流量(不包括尚未產生之未來信 貸虧損)現值之差額計量。估計未來現 金流量之現值會按金融資產之原實際 利率(即按初始確認計算之實際利率) 貼現。倘貸款有浮動利率,則計量任 何減值虧損之貼現率為當前之實際利 率。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred "loss event") and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the Group first assesses individually whether objective evidence of impairment exists for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). If a loan has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate.

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財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

金融資產之減值(續)

按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產(續)

資產賬面值會直接或透過撥備賬扣減,虧損金額則於綜合全面收益表確認。為計算減值虧損,利息收入會繼續以減少之賬面值及用以貼現未來現金流量之利率累計。如貸款及應收款預期不大可能收回,則會撇銷該等貸款及應收款連同任何相關撥備。

倘在其後期間,由於減值確認後發生 之事件,估計減值虧損金額增加或減 少,過往確認之減值虧損會因調整撥 備賬而增加或減少。倘未來撇銷之款 項可收回,則收回之款項會計入綜合 全面收益表中。

不再確認金融資產

金融資產(或(倘適用)一項金融資產之 一部份或一組同類金融資產之一部份) 在下列情況將不再確認:

- 收取該項資產所得現金流量之權 利經已屆滿:
- 本集團已轉讓其收取該項資產所得現金流量之權利,或須根據一項「通過」安排,在未有嚴重延緩的情況下,承擔全數支付收取現金流量的責任,並(a)已轉讓該項資產之絕大部份風險及回報;或(b)並無轉讓或保留該項資產絕大部份風險及回報,但已轉讓該項資產之控制權。

本集團凡轉讓其收取該項資產所得現 金流量之權利,但並無轉讓或保留該 項資產之絕大部份風險及回報,並且 無轉讓該項資產之控制權,該項資產之控制權,該項資產之控制權, 及該項資產。在此情況下資產的聯營 負債乃以反映本集團保留的權利及 任的基準計量。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

Financial assets carried at amortised cost (Cont'd)

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced either directly or through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognised in the income statement. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a future write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to the income statement.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the
 asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows
 in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through"
 arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially
 all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither
 transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the
 asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

金融資產之減值(續)

本集團以擔保形式持續涉及轉讓資產,該已轉讓資產乃以該項資產之原 賬面值及本集團可能需要支付之最高 代價兩者之較低者計量。

金融負債

初始確認及計量

符合香港會計準則第39號範圍之金融 負債分類為按公平值計入損益之金融 負債、貸款及借貸,或指定於有效對 沖中作為對沖工具之衍生工具(視情況 而定)。本集團於初始確認時釐定金融 負債之分類。

所有金融負債初始按公平值確認,倘 為貸款及借貸,則加上直接應佔交易 成本。

本集團之金融負債包括應付貿易賬款 及應付票據、計息銀行貸款、其他應 付款項、衍生金融工具及來自聯營公 司的貸款。

其後計量

金融負債按其分類之計量如下:

按公平值計入損益之金融負債

按公平值計入損益之金融負債包括持 作交易的金融負債及按公平值計入損 益時於初步確認後指定之金融負債。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Derecognition of financial assets (Cont'd)

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities within the scope of HKAS 39 are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. The Group determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and in the case of loans and borrowings, plus directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and bills payables, interestbearing bank borrowings, other payables, derivative financial instruments and loan from an associate.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss includes financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term. This category includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by HKAS 39. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the income statement. The net fair value gain or loss recognised in the income statement does not include any interest charged on these financial liabilities.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

金融負債(續)

貸款及借貸

於初始確認後,計息貸款及借貸其後會以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量,惟倘貼現效果並不重大,則會按成本列賬。當負債被剔除確認及已透過實際利率法攤銷時,收益及虧損會於損益表中確認。

攤銷成本之計算已計及任何收購折讓 或溢價,以及屬於實際利率組成部份 之費用或成本。實際利率攤銷會計入 損益表之融資成本內。

財務擔保合約

本集團作出之財務擔保合約即要求發行作出特定付款以償付持有人條款以償付持有人條款以償付持有人條款項元報致損失之合納。 還到期款項而招致損失之合納為一之的。 證保合約初步按其公平值確認為一之的,並就作出該擔保直接產生之,,並就作出該擔保直接產生後, 是人。 是人。 是是任計金額:及(ii)初步確高者 是是任計金額:及(ii)初步確高者 之最佳估計金額:數銷(以較高者 之。 類減(如適用)累計攤銷(以較高者 準)計量財務擔保合約。

不再確認金融負債

當負債項下之責任獲解除或取消或屆 滿時,會剔除確認金融負債。

倘現有金融負債被來自同一借款人但 條款極不相同之另一項負債所取代, 或對現有負債之條款進行大幅修改, 上述更替或修訂將被視作剔除確認原 有負債及確認新負債,而有關賬面值 之差額將在損益表確認。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Financial liabilities (Cont'd)

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate method amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in the income statement.

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract is recognised initially as a liability at its fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contract at the higher of: (i) the amount of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the income statement.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

抵銷金融工具

僅在有現有可強制執行之合法權利抵 銷確認金額及有意按淨額基準結算, 或計劃同時變現資產及償還負債之情 況下,金融資產及金融負債方可抵 銷,淨額會呈報在財務狀況表內。

存貨

存貨在適當扣除陳舊或滯銷貨品後按 成本(以先入先出法計算)與可變現淨 值兩者中之較低者列賬。可變現淨值 乃估計售價減估計直至製成及出售止 所需一切成本後之數額。

建築合約

合約收益包括已協議之合約數額及由 修訂訂單、索償及獎金所得之適當數 額。合約成本包括直接材料、分包成 本、直接勞工成本及合適比例之可變 及固定建築成本。

固定價格建築合約之收益按完成百分 比予以確認,並參考於該日已產生之 成本佔有關合約之估計總成本之比例 計算。

成本加建築合約之收益按完成之百分 比予以確認,並參考於該段期間產生 之可收回成本及賺取之有關費用,以 截至該日已產生之成本佔有關合約之 估計總成本之比例計算。

若管理層預見未來會產生虧損,則會 於預見該等虧損時作出撥備。

若已產生之合約成本加已確認溢利減 已確認虧損超過進度付款,該盈餘視 作為客戶有關合約工程之欠款。

若進度付款超過截至該日之合約成本 加已確認溢利減已確認虧損,該盈餘 視作為欠客戶有關合約工程之款項。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost, on the first-in, first-out basis, and net realisable value after making due allowance for any obsolete or slow-moving items. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less all estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Construction contracts

Contract revenue comprises the agreed contract amount and appropriate amounts from variation orders, claims and incentive payments. Contract costs incurred comprise direct materials, the costs of subcontracting, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed construction overheads.

Revenue from fixed price construction contracts is recognised on the percentage of completion method, measured by reference to the proportion of costs incurred to date to the estimated total cost of the relevant contract.

Revenue from cost plus construction contracts is recognised on the percentage of completion method, by reference to the recoverable costs incurred during the period plus the related fees earned, measured by the proportion of costs incurred to date to the estimated total cost of the relevant contract.

Provision is made for foreseeable losses as soon as they are anticipated by management.

Where contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is treated as an amount due from a contract customer.

Where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is treated as an amount due to a contract customer.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

現金及等同現金項目

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及等同 現金項目包括手上現金及活期存款, 以及可於收購之日起計之短到期日(一般為三個月內)即時轉換為確實數額現 金及面對不重大之價值變動風險之短 期高度流動投資項目,扣除須於要求 時償還並為本集團之現金管理之完整 部份之銀行透支。

就財務狀況表而言,現金及銀行結存 包括用途不受限制之手頭及銀行現 金,包括定期存款。

撥備

倘目前之某些責任(包括法定或推定) 是由於一些過去已發生之事件所致, 而且可能於未來有資源需要流出用作 清還該責任,同時有關之金額能得到 可靠估計,則會確認撥備。

當折讓效應重大時,就撥備而確認之 金額為於報告期末預計需用作清還該 責任之未來支出之現值。隨着時間而 增加之現值之經折讓金額計入損益賬 之融資成本內。

所得税

所得税包括當前所得税和遞延所得 税。與並非於損益賬確認之項目有關 之所得稅會於並非損益賬之其他全面 收益或直接於權益中確認。

本期及過往期間之當前税項資產及負債以預期可予收回或支付予税務機關之金額計算,計算之基準為於報告期末前已經生效或實際上已生效之税率(及税法),亦考慮本集團經營所在國家現行之詮釋及慣例。

遞延稅項使用負債法就報告期末資產 及負債之稅基與其作財務申報用途之 賬面值之間產生之一切暫時性差異作 出撥備。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the statements of financial position, cash and bank balances comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, which are not restricted as to use.

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the income statement.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

所得税(續)

遞延税項負債乃就所有應課税暫時性 差異予以確認,惟以下情況除外:

- 於進行某項不屬於業務合併之交易時因初步確認資產或負債且無對會計溢利或應課税溢利或虧損構成影響而產生之遞延税項負債;及
- 就與於附屬公司之投資及於聯營公司之權益相關之應課税暫時性差異而言,惟倘撥回暫時性差異的時間可予控制,且暫時性差異可能不會於可見將來撥回則作別論。

遞延稅項資產按所有可抵扣暫時性差異、未動用稅收抵免及未動用稅項虧損之結轉確認,惟以將未來應課稅溢利用作抵銷可抵扣暫時性差異、可動用之未動用稅項資產及未動用稅項虧損之結轉為限,惟以下情況除外:

- 於進行某項交易時因初步確認資產或負債且無對會計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧損構成影響而產生之可抵扣暫時性差異有關之遞延稅項資產;及
- 就與於附屬公司之投資及於聯營公司之權益相關的可抵扣暫時性差異而言,遞延稅項資產僅在暫時性差異可能於可見將來撥回,及應課稅溢利可予動用抵銷暫時性差異時始予確認。

遞延稅項資產之賬面值於各報告期末 進行審核,並減至將不能再有足夠應 課稅溢利以動用全部或部份遞延稅項 資產為限。未確認之遞延稅項資產則 於各報告期末進行重估,並於將可能 有足夠應課稅溢利以動用全部或部份 遞延稅項資產時確認。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Income tax (Cont'd)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and interests in associates, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and interests in associates, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

所得税(續)

遞延税項資產及負債,乃依據於各報告期末已頒佈或實質上已頒佈之稅率 (及稅務法例),按預期適用於變現資產或償還負債期間之稅率計算。

當存在可依法執行之權利,可將即期 税項資產抵銷即期税項負債,而遞延 税項涉及同一應課税實體及同一税務 機關時,遞延税項資產及遞延税項負 債方可互相抵銷。

收益確認

當經濟利益流入本集團,及收益可可 靠地計量時,有關收益按以下基準確 認:

(a) 來自地基打樁、機電及建築工程 合約

> 如上文「建築合約」之會計政策中 進一步闡釋之完成百份比為基 進:

(b) 來自出售持有供銷售之物業

當擁有權之大部分風險及回報已 轉至買家時:

(c) 來自機器買賣

當擁有權之大部份風險及回報已 轉至買家,而本集團不保留一般 與擁有權有關之某程度管理權, 亦不再實際控制已出售之機器;

(d) 物業及機器租賃之租金收入

在物業及機器出租期間按直線法 在租期內計算;

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Income tax (Cont'd)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

 From foundation piling, E&M engineering and building construction contracts

On the percentage of completion basis, as further explained in the accounting policy for "Construction contracts" above;

(b) From the sale of properties held for sale

When the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer;

(c) From machinery trading

When the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the machines sold;

(d) Rental income from property and machinery leasing

In the period in which the properties and machines are leased and on the straight-line basis over the lease terms;

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

收益確認(續)

(e) 來自提供物業管理服務

於提供有關服務之有關期內;

(f) 利息收入

按應計基準以實際利率法採用將 金融工具在預計可用年期期間估 計在日後收取之現金折現至金融 資產賬面淨值之利率確認;及

(g) 股息收入

當股東收取股息之權利確定時。

僱員福利

以股份支付之交易

本公司設立一項購股權計劃,作為向 為本集團成功營運作出貢獻之合資格 參與者給予獎勵及回報。本集團之僱 員(包括董事)以股份支付之交易方式收 取報酬,而僱員提供服務作為收取股 權工具之代價(「以股權支付之交 易」)。

於二零零二年十一月七日後,與僱員 進行以股權支付之交易之成本,乃參 照授出日期之公平值計算。公平值由 外聘估值師使用二項式釐定。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Revenue recognition (Cont'd)

(e) From the rendering of property management servicesIn the period in which such services are rendered;

(f) Interest income

On an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset; and

g) Dividend income

When the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established.

Employee benefits

Share-based payment transactions

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees for grants after 7 November 2002 is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a binomial model.



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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

僱員福利(續)

以股份支付之交易(續)

對於已授出但尚未歸屬之購股權,不會確認任何開支,但視乎市場條件而決定歸屬與否之已以股權支付之交易則除外,對於該類購股權而言,只要所有其他績效條件已經達成,不論市場條件是否達成,均被視為已歸屬。

倘若以股權支付之購股權之條款有所 變更,所確認之開支最少須達到猶加 條款並無任何變更及符合已授出購股 權的原條款之水平。此外,倘若按變 更日期之計算,任何變更導致以份 支付之安排之總公平值有所增加,或 為僱員帶來其他利益,則應就該等變 更確認開支。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Employee benefits (Cont'd)

Share-based payment transactions (Cont'd)

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to the income statement for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for equity-settled transactions where vesting is conditional upon a market or non-vesting condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph. All cancellations of equity-settled transaction awards are treated equally.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

僱員福利(續)

以股份支付之交易(續)

於計算每股盈利時,尚未行使購股權之攤薄影響乃反映為額外股份攤薄。

有薪假期結轉

本集團根據其僱員之僱傭合約按每個 曆年之基準為僱員提供有薪年假。。 若干情況下,於報告期末尚未利關 該等假期獲准結轉累積,並由有關 各個僱員於下一年度動用。於報告期 末,已就僱員於該年度應得及所結轉 之有薪假期之預期未來成本作出應計 費用。

退休金計劃

本集團為若干香港僱員設立固定比例 供款公積金(「公積金」),其資產乃與 本集團之資產分開管理,且由獨立專 業基金經理負責管理。公積金之供款 按合資格僱員基本薪酬之某個百分比 計算,當計劃規定之供款到期支付 時,從損益表中扣除。公積金之持續 供款已於一九九九年四月一日終止。

於強制性公積金退休福利計劃(「強積金計劃」)實施後,本集團已重整其退休計劃安排,以符合強制性公積金計劃取得金計劃取得金額免地位,此外,並由二零一年十二月一日起,為其所有香港的人工,為其所有積金計劃。供款按僱員基本薪酬之某個百分財,當強積金計劃規定之供款強價至數,當強積金計劃規定之供款分別,當強積金計劃之資產與本集團之資產與本集團之資產與本集團之資產與本集團之價產與本集團之價產與本集團之價產與本集團之價產與不數量

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Employee benefits (Cont'd)

Share-based payment transactions (Cont'd)

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

Paid leave carried forward

The Group provides paid annual leave to its employees under their employment contracts on a calendar year basis. Under certain circumstances, such leave which remains untaken as at the end of the reporting period is permitted to be carried forward and utilised by the respective employees in the following year. An accrual is made at the end of the reporting period for the expected future cost of such paid leave earned during the year by the employees and carried forward.

Pension schemes

The Group operated a defined contribution provident fund (the "Fund") for certain of its employees in Hong Kong, the assets of which were held separately from those of the Group and were managed by an independent professional fund manager. Contributions under the Fund were made based on a percentage of the eligible employees' basic salaries and were charged to the income statement as they became payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme. The ongoing contributions to the Fund were terminated on 1 April 1999.

Following the introduction of the Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme"), the Group has restructured its retirement scheme arrangements to comply with the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. The Group has secured a Mandatory Provident Fund exemption status for the Fund and, in addition, has participated in an approved defined contribution MPF Scheme with effect from 1 December 2001, for all of its employees in Hong Kong. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.





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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

僱員福利(續)

退休金計劃(續)

位於中國大陸之本集團附屬公司僱員須 參與由當地市政府設立之中央公積金計 劃。該等附屬公司須為中央公積金計劃 作出供款,款項為彼等薪金之若干百分 比。供款於根據中央公積金計劃規例須 予支付時計入損益表內。

借貸成本

外幣

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Employee benefits (Cont'd)

Pension schemes (Cont'd)

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries located in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their covered payroll to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. All differences are taken to the income statement. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

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2.4 主要會計政策概要 (續)

外幣(續)

就綜合現金流量表而言,海外附屬公司之現金流量乃以出現現金流量當日之滙率換算為港幣。而海外附屬公司於年內經常出現之現金流量項目則以年內之加權平均滙率換算為港幣。

3. 重大會計判斷及估計

在應用本集團之會計政策時,管理層根據過往經驗、對未來之預期及其他資料作出不同判斷及估計。可能對綜合財務報表內確認之金額構成重大影響之估計不明朗因素之主要來源載列如下:

應收貿易賬款減值

本集團之應收貿易賬款減值政策乃根 據評估賬目之可收回程度及賬齡分析 以及按管理層之判斷而釐定。在時 該等應收款項之最終變現情況時, 包括評估 要作出很大程度之判斷,包括評估 要作出很大程度之判斷,包括評估 名客戶之財政狀況轉壞 史。倘本集團客戶之財政狀況轉壞 等致彼等之付款能力減弱,則須作出 額外撥備。

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Foreign currencies (Cont'd)

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries and associates are currencies other than the Hong Kong dollar. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into the presentation currency of the Company at the exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period and their income statements are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the income statement.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management makes various judgements and estimates based on past experience, expectations of the future and other information. The key sources of estimation uncertainty that can significantly affect the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements are disclosed below:

Impairment of trade receivables

The policy for impairment of trade receivables of the Group is based on the evaluation of collectibility and aging analysis of trade receivables and on management's judgement. Significant judgement is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each customer. If the financial conditions of customers of the Group were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional provisions may be required.

à.

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

建築工程之完工百分比

即期税項及遞延税項

本集團須繳納多個司法權區之所得税。釐定税項撥備金額及繳付相關稅項之時間時需要作出重大判斷。在表際,多項交易及釐定最終稅項之計算方法未能確定。倘若該等事宜之最終稅項結果與初步記錄金額不同,則有關差額將影響作出釐定期間之所得稅及遞延稅項撥備。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (CONT'd)

Percentage of completion of construction works

The Group recognises revenue according to the percentage of completion of the individual contract of construction works. The Group's management estimates the percentage of completion of construction works if the value of works has not been certified by the customers at the end of the reporting period. These estimates are based on actual cost incurred over the total budgeted cost. Corresponding contract revenue is also estimated by management. Because of the nature of the activity undertaken in construction contracts, the date at which the contract activity is entered into and the date when the activity is completed usually fall into different accounting periods. The Group reviews and revises the estimates of both contract revenue and contract costs in the budget prepared for each construction contract as the contract progresses.

Current and deferred tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in a number of jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the amount of the provision for tax and the timing of payment of the related taxes. There are transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will have an impact on the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

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3. 重大會計判斷及估計 (續)

中國土地增值税(「土地增值税」)

土地增值税乃就土地價值之增值數額 (即出售物業所得款項減包括土地使用 權攤銷、借貸成本及所有物業發展開 支在內之可扣減開支)按介乎30%至 60%不等之遞增税率徵收。該税項於 轉讓物業所有權時產生。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (CONT'd)

Mainland China land appreciation taxes ("LAT")

LAT is levied at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation of land value, being the proceeds of sales of properties less deductible expenditures including amortisation of land use rights, borrowing costs, business taxes and all property development expenditures. The tax is incurred upon transfer of property ownership.

Subsidiaries of the Group engaging in the property development business in Mainland China are subject to LAT. However, the implementation of these taxes varies amongst various cities in Mainland China and the Group has not yet finalised its LAT calculation and payments with the tax authority. Accordingly, significant judgement is required in determining the amount of land appreciation and its related taxes. The Group recognises these liabilities based on management's best estimates. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the consolidated financial statements in the period in which such determination is made.



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4. 經營分類資料

本集團之經營業務根據其業務性質及 所提供之產品及服務獨立組織及管理。經營分類按與向本公司主要管理 人員進行內部報告一致之方式報告, 詳情如下:

- (a) 地基打樁;
- (b) 機電及建築工程;
- (c) 機器租賃及買賣;
- (d) 物業投資及管理;及
- (e) 物業發展。

管理層個別監控本集團經營分類之業績,以作出有關資源分配及表現評估之決定。評估分類表現以可報告分類 溢利/(虧損)(經調整除稅前溢利/ (虧損)之計量標準)為基準。

經調整除税前溢利/(虧損)乃貫徹本集團之除税前溢利計量,惟利息收入、融資成本、股息收入、本集團金融工具公平值盈利/(虧損)以及總公司及公司開支除外。

分類資產不包括遞延税項資產、按公 平值計入損益之股份投資、衍生金融 工具、預付税項、定期存款、受限制 現金、現金及銀行結餘以及其他未分 配總公司及公司資產,原因為該等資 產乃按集團基準管理。

分類負債不包括衍生金融工具、計息 銀行借貸、應付税項、遞延税項負債 及其他未分配總公司及公司負債,原 因為該等負債乃按集團基準管理。

分類業務間之銷售及轉讓乃參考向第 三者銷售時之售價按當時之市價進行 交易。

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's operating businesses are structured and managed separately, according to the nature of their operations and the products and services they provided. Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with internal reporting to the Company's key management personnel as follows:

- (a) the foundation piling segment;
- (b) the E&M engineering and building construction segment;
- (c) the machinery leasing and trading segment;
- (d) the property investment and management segment; and
- (e) the property development segment.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit/(loss), which is a measure of adjusted profit/(loss) before tax.

The adjusted profit/(loss) before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax except that interest income, finance costs, dividend income, fair value gains/(losses) from the Group's financial instruments as well as head office and corporate expenses are excluded from such measurement.

Segment assets exclude deferred tax assets, equity investments at fair value through profit or loss, derivative financial instruments, tax prepaid, time deposits, restricted cash, cash and bank balances, and other unallocated head office and corporate assets as these assets are managed on a group basis.

Segment liabilities exclude derivative financial instruments, interestbearing bank borrowings, tax payable, deferred tax liabilities and other unallocated head office and corporate liabilities as these liabilities are managed on a group basis.

Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted with reference to the selling prices used for sales made to third parties at the then prevailing market prices.

420,764

388,948

686,856 (266,092)

742,808

(353,860)

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2,784,090

2,784,090

710,325

1,631

(25,434)

(11,721)

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OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

4

經營分類資料(續)

4

Years ended 31 March 2010 and 2009

截至二零一零年及二零零九年三月 三十一日止年度

	4-	dated	零零九年	2009	千港元	HK\$,000
	邻	Consolida	-零-零年 _	2010	千港元	HK\$'000
	抵銷	liminations	二零零九年 二	2009	千港元	HK\$'000
		Eim	二零一零年	2010	千满元	HK\$'000
	(公 類	Inallocated	二零零九年:	2009	千满元	HK\$'000
	無	Una	二零一零年	2010	千港元	HK\$'000
	盛	development	二零零九年:	2009	千滿元	HK\$'000
		Property d	二零一零年	2010	千满元	HK\$'000
資及管理	investment	management	二零零九年二	2009	千滿无	HK\$,000
物業投資	Property i	and man	二零一零年二	2010	千湖元	HK\$'000
賃及買賣	яжя hinery	and trading	二零零九年二	2009	千满元	HK\$'000
機器和	Mac	leasing and	零一零年	2010	千满元	HK\$'000
建築工程	neering and	construction	二零零九年 二	2009	千满元	HK\$'000
機電及	E&M engi	building	二零一零年二	2010	千港元	HK\$'000
	地基打樁	ation piling	二零零九年二	2009	千港元	HK\$'000
	基	Found	二零一零年二	2010	千港元	HK\$,000

	C		2		
	2,134,517	I	2,134,517	752,857	1,301
	I	(2,247)	(2,247)	I	
	I	(1,083)	(1,083) (2,247) 2,134,517 2	1	
	I	ı	I	(912'65)	
	I	ı	1	(41,255)	
	,182,147	1	,182,147	570,298	
	1,053,349	 	1,053,349	3 588,770 570,298	
	104,969	1	104,969	11,683	
		ı	103,247	111,701	
	15,954	783	16,737	6,292	
	16,405	28	6 16,463 16,737	(2,067)	
	134,505	1,361	135,866	950′6	
			42,948		
	1,346,515	103	1,346,618	172,712	
	919,593	1	919,593	94,870	
Sales to external	customers	Intersegment sales	otal	segment results	nterest income Dividend income from
銷售予外間客戶		分類業務間之銷售		類業績 S	息收入 下部 计记录器 10 日本 12 日本

Segment revenue:

分類收益:

Dividend income from listed investments 上市投資之 股息收入

Finance costs 融資成本

分估聯營公司溢利 Share of profits of associates

ncome tax expense Profit before tax 除税前溢利 所得税開支

Profit for the year 本年度溢利

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財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

Years ended 31 March 2010 and 2009	
截至二零一零年及二零零九年三月三	十一日止年度

OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

4

經營分類資料(續)

4.

	-	<u>+</u> !	機電及	機電及建築工程	搬	器和賃及買賣	物業投資	物業投資及管理	- 17	[1	ļ.	4	<
	· 封	地基孔椿	E&M engi	E&M engineering and	. Wac	Machinery	Property I	Property investment	別業強展 - 二	展 _		黒公瀬	作	作 -
	round 二零一零年	roundation biling 零年 - 零零九年	- 本本一本二	DUIIding consituction —零年 —零零九年 。	leasing o 二零一零年 ·	ledsing and Tradin —零年 —零零九年 :	ana mar 二零一零年	ana management -零年 -零零九年	rroperry development 二零一零年 一零零九位	144	UNG 二零一零年	Unallocated 年 一零零九年	CONSO 二零一零年	middled - 零零九年
	2010		2010		2010		2010		2010		2010		2010	2009
	千港元	千港元	千满元	千港元	千满元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千溡元	千湖元	千港元	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$′000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Assets and liabilities: Seament assets	625,034	451,229	78,646	80,373	17,476	18,453	1,441,599	.261,687	1.441.599 1.261.687 1.519.703 1.487.797 1.153.396	. 487.797	1,153,396	326,633	4,835,854	3.626.172
Segment liabilities	342,041	232,023	44,426	69,531	1,620	14,686	34,810	36,582	640,546	294,287	1,487,395	1,044,371		,691,480
Other seament information:				İ				İ	İ	İ	İ	İ		
Depreciation and recognition of														
prepaid land lease payments	32,233	35,975	46	80	3,051	4,333	4,547	4,956	1,258	1%	5,859	899'9	46,997	52,208
Impairment of trade receivables	I	I	I	16	140	1,201	I	I	I	I	I	I	140	1,220
Impairment/(write-back of														
impairment) of other assets	I	Ι	I	I	I	Ι	I	I	I	I	(20)	20	(20)	20
Write-down/(reversal of write-down)														
of inventories to net realisable value	I	266'8	I	I	(18)	(25)	I	I	I	I	(2)	6)	(21)	8,963
Loss/(gain) on disposal and write-off of														
() items of property, plant and equipment	(11,949)	351	I	I	(13)	(1,744)	16	136	I	(26)	(227)	I	(12,098)	(1,283)
Gain on disposal of an														
investment property	I	I	I	I	I	I	(7,598)	(897)	I	I	I	I	(7,598)	(897)
Changes in fair value of														
investment properties	I	I	I	I	I	I	(71,840)	28,646	I	I	I	I	(71,840)	28,646
Capital expenditure in respect of														
property, plant and equipment	44,195	27,892	co	23	1,299	I	1,418	3,316	655	610	1,731	1,421	49,301	33,262
Capital expenditure in respect of														
investment properties	I	I	I	I	I	I	601	I	I	I	I	I	901	I

預付土地租賃款 應收貿易賬款減值

其他分類資料:

分類負債

資產及負債:

分類資產

折舊及已確認

投資物業之資本開支

之資本開支

物業、機器及設備

出售及撤銷物業、機器及 設備項目之虧損/(盈利)

存貨至可變現淨值

其他資產之減值 /(減值撥回) 撤減/(撤減轉回) 出售一項投資物業之盈利

投資物業之公平值變動

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

4. 經營分類資料 (續)

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

地區分類資料

Geographical information

(a) 來自外間客戶收益

(a) Revenue from external customers

	Н	香港 ong Kong		即acau	中國其他地區 Elsewhere in the PRC		綜合 Consolidated	
	二零一零年	二零零九年	二零一零年	二零零九年	二零一零年	二零零九年	二零一零年	二零零九年
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Segment revenue: Sales to external customers	967,682	1,366,587	10,774	128,698	1,156,061	1,288,805	2,134,517	2,784,090
以客戶所在位置為	3		revenue i omers.	nformatio	n above i:	s based o	n the loca	tion of the
		(b) Nor	n-current as	ssets				

基準。 (b) 非流動資產

分類收益:

銷售予外間客戶

非流動資產 Non-current assets 304,503 274,703 18 35 **1,979,787** 1,871,024 **2,284,308** 2,145,762

上述非流動資產以資產所在位置 為基準且不包括税項資產。

上述收益資料以客戶所在位置

The non-current asset information above is based on the location of the assets and excludes deferred tax assets.

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財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

5. 收益、其他收入及盈利

收益(亦即本集團之營業額)指由建築師或工料測量師驗證之地基打樁與機電及建築工程合約價值;買賣機器及物業管理所得收入、出租物業及機器所得租金收入、出售持有供銷售之物業之收入抵銷集團內公司間一切重大交易後之總額。

本集團之收益、其他收入及盈利之分 析如下:

5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

Revenue, which is also the Group's turnover, represents the aggregate of the value of foundation piling, E&M engineering and building construction contracts certified by architects or quantity surveyors; income derived from machinery trading and property management; rental income from property and machinery leasing; and income from the sale of properties held for sale, after eliminations of all significant intragroup transactions.

An analysis of the Group's revenue, other income and gains is as follows:

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
收益:	Revenue:		
地基打樁	Foundation piling	919,593	1,346,515
機電及建築工程	E&M engineering and building construction	41,923	134,505
機器租賃及買賣	Machinery leasing and trading	16,405	15,954
物業投資及管理	Property investment and management	103,247	104,969
物業發展	Property development	1,053,349	1,182,147
		2,134,517	2,784,090
其他收入及盈利:	Other income and gains:		
利息收入	Interest income	1,301	1,631
保險索償	Insurance claims	993	7,306
出售及撇銷物業、	Gain on disposal and write-off of items of		
機器及設備項目之盈利	property, plant and equipment	12,098	1,283
出售一項投資物業之盈利	Gain on disposal of an investment property	7,598	897
出售一間附屬公司	Gain on disposal of a partial interest		
部分權益之盈利	in a subsidiary	_	410
補貼收入*	Subsidy income*	3,224	7,681
按公平值計入損益	Fair value gains on equity investments at fair		
之股份投資之公平值盈利	value through profit or loss	1,501	_
滙兑盈利,淨額	Foreign exchange gains, net	394	53
其他	Others	3,645	3,934
		30,754	23,195
			23,193

^{*} 有關該項收入並無未達成之條件或然 事件。

There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to this income.

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

6. 融資成本

6. FINANCE COSTS

		集團
	G	ROUP
	二零一零年	二零零九年
	2010	2009
	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
須於五年內全數償還 Interest on bank borrowings and overdrafts 之銀行借貸及透支之利息 wholly repayable within five years in the work within five years less: Interest capitalised in properties	12,641	28,294
之利息 (附註17) under development (note 17)	(920)	(2,860)
	11,721	25,434

7. 除税前溢利

7. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

本集團之除稅前溢利經扣除/(計入) 下列各項後達致: The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

17日景区建筑			二零一零年	二零零九年
			2010	2009
		附註	千港元	千港元
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
折舊	Depreciation	14	44,216	49,428
已確認預付土地租賃款	Recognition of prepaid land lease payments	16	2,781	2,780
土地及樓宇經營租約	Minimum lease payments under operating			
之最低租約付款	leases of land and buildings		11,366	10,533
建築設備之租金	Rental of construction equipment		7,151	12,615
核數師酬金	Auditors' remuneration		2,602	2,350
僱員福利支出	Employee benefit expense			
(包括董事酬金-附註8):	(including directors' remuneration - note 8)	:		
工資及薪金	Wages and salaries		180,892	191,466
以股權支付之購股權支出	Equity-settled share option expense		2,054	5,193
退休金計劃供款	Pension scheme contributions		5,432	6,174
			188,378	202,833

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財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

7. 除税前溢利 (續)

7. PROFIT BEFORE TAX (Cont'd)

			二零一零年 2010	二零零九年 2009
		附註	千港元	千港元
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
外幣滙兑盈利,淨額*	Foreign exchange gains, net*		(394)	(53)
應收貿易賬款減值*	Impairment of trade receivables*		140	1,220
過往年度撇銷應	Recovery of trade receivables written			
收貿易賬期收回	off in prior years		(136)	_
撇減/(撥回撇減)存貨至	Write-down/(reversal of write-down) of		(01)	0.070
可變現淨值* 出售及撇銷若干物業、	inventories to net realisable value* Gain on disposal and write-off of items		(21)	8,963
機器及設備項目之盈利*	of property, plant and equipment*		(12,098)	(1,283)
出售一項投資物業之盈利*	Gain on disposal of investment property*		(7,598)	(897)
出售附屬公司	Loss/(gain) on disposal of partial interests		(,,,,,,,,	(0 / /)
部分權益之虧損/	in subsidiaries, net*			
(盈利),淨額*			143	(410)
公平值虧損/	Fair value losses/(gains), net:			
(盈利),淨額:				
按公平值計入損益之	Equity investments at fair value			
股份投資*	through profit or loss*		(1,501)	4,294
衍生工具一	Derivative instruments – transaction not		0.105	
不合資格對沖交易*	qualifying as hedge*		2,135	_
其他資產減值/ (減值撥回)*	Impairment/(write-back of impairment) of other assets *		(20)	20
一間聯營公司之	Impairment of an amount due from		(20)	20
欠款減值*	an associate*		10	10
機器經營租約之租金收入	Rental income from operating leases			
	of machinery		(7,838)	(9,998)
投資物業租金收入	Rental income on investment properties less			
減直接營運支出	direct operating expense of			
26,610,000港元	HK\$26,610,000			
(二零零九年:	(2009: HK\$25,406,000)		/== a.a.	177 156
25,406,000港元)			(72,312)	(77,453)
上市投資之股息收入*	Dividend income from listed investments*		(94)	(334)

^{*} 有關金額已包括在綜合損益表之「其 他支出淨額」或「其他收入及盈利」 內。

These amounts are included in "Other expenses, net" or "Other income and gains" in the consolidated income statement.

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8. 董事酬金

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)及香港公司條例第161條披露之本年度董事酬金如下:

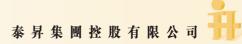
8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and Section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, is as follows:

		集團		
		G	ROUP	
		二零一零年	二零零九年	
		2010	2009	
		千港元	千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
袍金:	Fees:			
執行董事	Executive directors	_	_	
獨立非執行董事	Independent non-executive directors	432	432	
執行董事之其他酬金:	Other emoluments of executive directors:			
基本薪酬、房屋津貼、	Basic salaries, housing allowances,			
其他津貼及實物利益	other allowances and benefits in kind	27,431	24,833	
以股權支付之購股權支出	Equity-settled share option expense	2,059	4,674	
退休金計劃供款	Pension scheme contributions	72	72	
		29,994	30,011	

於截至二零零八年三月三十一日止年度,根據本公司之購股權計劃(詳情載於財務報表附註35),若干董事因向本集團提供服務獲授購股權。該等購股權之公平值乃於授出日期釐定,並已於歸屬期在損益表內列支,而計入本年度財務報表之金額包括於上文董事酬金之披露。

During the year ended 31 March 2008, certain directors were granted share options, in respect of their services to the Group, under the share option scheme of the Company, further details of which are set out in note 35 to the financial statements. The fair value of such options which has been recognised in the income statement over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the above directors' remuneration disclosures.



31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

8. 董事酬金 (續)

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (Cont'd)

已付或應付每位董事酬金如下:

The remuneration paid or payable to each of the directors is as follows:

張舜堯先生 Mr. Francis Cheung - 9,820 657 12 10,489 馮潮澤先生 Mr. Fung Chiu Chak, Victor - 6,584 657 12 7,253 錢永勛先生 Mr. David Chien - 890 160 12 1,062 郭敏慧小姐 Miss Jennifer Kwok - 3,104 187 12 3,303 趙展鴻先生 Mr. Chiu Chin Hung - 3,890 131 12 4,033 黄琦先生 Mr. Wong Kay - 3,143 267 12 3,423 一 27,431 2,059 72 29,563 獨立非執行董事: Independent non-executive directors: 范佐浩先生 Mr. Fan Chor Ho, Paul 144 144 謝文彬先生 Mr. Tse Man Bun 144 144 龍子明先生 Mr. Lung Chee Ming George 144 144	二零一零年	2010	袍金 Fees <i>千港元</i> HK\$′000	薪酬、津貼 及實物利益 Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 千港元 HK\$'000	僱員 購股權 Equity- settled share option benefits 千港元 HK\$'000	退休金 計劃供款 Pension scheme contributions 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total <i>千港元</i> HK\$′000
馮潮澤先生 Mr. Fung Chiu Chak, Victor — 6,584 657 12 7,253 錢永勛先生 Mr. David Chien — 890 160 12 1,062 郭敏慧小姐 Miss Jennifer Kwok — 3,104 187 12 3,303 趙展鴻先生 Mr. Chiu Chin Hung — 3,890 131 12 4,033 黃琦先生 Mr. Wong Kay — 3,143 267 12 3,422 一 27,431 2,059 72 29,562 獨立非執行董事: Independent non-executive directors: 范佐浩先生 Mr. Fan Chor Ho, Paul 144 — — — 144 謝文彬先生 Mr. Tse Man Bun 144 — — — — 144 龍子明先生 Mr. Lung Chee Ming George 144 — — — — 432	執行董事:	Executive directors:					
錢永勛先生 Mr. David Chien — 890 160 12 1,062 郭敏慧小姐 Miss Jennifer Kwok — 3,104 187 12 3,303	張舜堯先生	Mr. Francis Cheung	_	9,820	657	12	10,489
郭敏慧小姐 Miss Jennifer Kwok — 3,104 187 12 3,303 趙展鴻先生 Mr. Chiu Chin Hung — 3,890 131 12 4,033 黃琦先生 Mr. Wong Kay — 3,143 267 12 3,422 一 27,431 2,059 72 29,562 獨立非執行董事: Independent non-executive directors: 范佐浩先生 Mr. Fan Chor Ho, Paul 144 — — — 144 謝文彬先生 Mr. Tse Man Bun 144 — — — 144 龍子明先生 Mr. Lung Chee Ming George 144 — — — 432	馮潮澤先生	Mr. Fung Chiu Chak, Victor	_	6,584	657	12	7,253
趙展鴻先生 Mr. Chiu Chin Hung — 3,890 131 12 4,033 黃琦先生 Mr. Wong Kay — 3,143 267 12 3,423 一 27,431 2,059 72 29,562 獨立非執行董事: Independent non-executive directors: 范佐浩先生 Mr. Fan Chor Ho, Paul 144 — — — 144 謝文彬先生 Mr. Tse Man Bun 144 — — — 144 龍子明先生 Mr. Lung Chee Ming George 144 — — — 432 432 — — — 432	錢永勛先生	Mr. David Chien	_	890	160	12	1,062
黄琦先生 Mr. Wong Kay — 3,143 267 12 3,422 一 27,431 2,059 72 29,562 獨立非執行董事: Independent non-executive directors: 范佐浩先生 Mr. Fan Chor Ho, Paul 144 — — — 144 謝文彬先生 Mr. Tse Man Bun 144 — — — 144 龍子明先生 Mr. Lung Chee Ming George 144 — — — 432	郭敏慧小姐	Miss Jennifer Kwok	_	3,104	187	12	3,303
— 27,431 2,059 72 29,562 獨立非執行董事: Independent non-executive directors: 范佐浩先生 Mr. Fan Chor Ho, Paul 144 — — — — 144 謝文彬先生 Mr. Tse Man Bun 144 — — — — 144 龍子明先生 Mr. Lung Chee Ming George 144 — — — — 432 432 — — — 432	趙展鴻先生	Mr. Chiu Chin Hung	_	3,890	131	12	4,033
獨立非執行董事: Independent non-executive directors: 范佐浩先生 Mr. Fan Chor Ho, Paul 144 — — — 144	黃琦先生	Mr. Wong Kay		3,143	267	12	3,422
范佐浩先生 Mr. Fan Chor Ho, Paul 144 — — — 144 謝文彬先生 Mr. Tse Man Bun 144 — — — 144 龍子明先生 Mr. Lung Chee Ming George 144 — — — — 144 432 — — — 432				27,431	2,059	72	29,562
謝文彬先生 Mr. Tse Man Bun 144 — — — — 144 龍子明先生 Mr. Lung Chee Ming George 144 — — — — — — 432	獨立非執行董事:	Independent non-executive directors:					
龍子明先生 Mr. Lung Chee Ming George 144 — — — — — 144 432 — — — — — 432	范佐浩先生	Mr. Fan Chor Ho, Paul	144	_	_	_	144
432 — — 432	謝文彬先生	Mr. Tse Man Bun	144	_	_	_	144
	龍子明先生	Mr. Lung Chee Ming George	144				144
總計 Total 432 27.431 2.059 72 29.994			432				432
	總計	Total	432	27,431	2,059	72	29,994

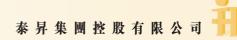
31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

8. 董事酬金(續)

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (Cont'd)

		袍金 Fees <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	薪酬、津貼 及實物利益 Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 千港元 HK\$'000	僱員 購股權 福利 Equity- settled share option benefits <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	退休金 計劃供款 Pension scheme contributions 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
二零零九年	2009					
執行董事:	Executive directors:					
張舜堯先生	Mr. Francis Cheung	_	9,320	1,500	12	10,832
馮潮澤先生	Mr. Fung Chiu Chak, Victor	_	5,884	1,500	12	7,396
錢永勛先生	Mr. David Chien	_	890	360	12	1,262
郭敏慧小姐	Miss Jennifer Kwok	_	2,604	420	12	3,036
趙展鴻先生	Mr. Chiu Chin Hung	_	3,312	294	12	3,618
黄琦先生	Mr. Wong Kay		2,823	600	12	3,435
			24,833	4,674	72	29,579
獨立非執行董事:	Independent non-executive directors:					
范佐浩先生	Mr. Fan Chor Ho, Paul	144	_	_	_	144
謝文彬先生	Mr. Tse Man Bun	144	_	_	_	144
龍子明先生	Mr. Lung Chee Ming George	144				144
		432				432
總計	Total	432	24,833	4,674	72	30,011

本年度內, 概無董事放棄或同意放棄 任何酬金之安排。 There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.



31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

9. 五位最高薪之僱員

於本年度及過往年度,五位最高薪之僱員均為本公司董事。其酬金詳情載於上述附註8。

10. 所得税

香港利得税按年內於香港產生之估計應課税溢利之16.5%(二零零九年:16.5%)作出準備。中國其他地區應課税溢利之税項已按本集團經營地區之現行適用税率計算。

9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the current and prior years were all directors of the Company, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above.

10. INCOME TAX

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2009: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere in the PRC have been calculated at the applicable tax rates prevailing in the areas in which the Group operates.

		集團		
		GROUP		
		二零一零年	二零零九年	
		2010	2009	
		千港元	千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
本年度溢利之税項撥備: 中國:	Provision for tax in respect of profit for the year: PRC:			
香港	Hong Kong	8,520	6,046	
其他地區	Elsewhere	313,971	267,522	
		322,491	273,568	
上年度撥備不足/(超額撥備): 中國:	Underprovision/(overprovision) in the prior year: PRC:			
香港	Hong Kong	463	(132)	
其他地區	Elsewhere	40	428	
		503	296	
遞延税項	Deferred tax	30,866	(7,772)	
本年度之税項開支總額	Total tax charge for the year	353,860	266,092	

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

10. 所得税 (續)

適用於以本公司及其附屬公司所在國家及地區之法定税率計算之除稅前溢利之稅項開支與以實際稅率計算之稅項開支/(抵免)之對賬如下:

10. INCOME TAX (Cont'd)

A reconciliation of the tax charge applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rates for the countries or regions in which the Company and its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax charge/(credit) at the effective tax rate, is as follows:

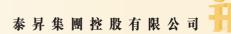
		集團		
		GROUP		
		二零一零年	二零零九年	
		2010	2009	
		千港元	千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
除税前溢利	Profit before tax	742,808	686,856	
以法定税率計算之税項	Tax at the statutory rates	187,959	164,480	
土地增值税撥備	Provision for land appreciation tax	145,057	114,667	
土地增值税之税務影響	Tax effect of land appreciation tax	(33,633)	(29,051)	
就早前期間之現時税項	Adjustments in respect of current tax			
而作出之調整	of previous periods	503	296	
聯營公司應佔溢利	Profits attributable to associates	(46)	_	
毋須課税收入	Income not subject to tax	(3,142)	(2,022)	
不予扣減税項之開支	Expenses not deductible for tax	16,343	12,725	
預扣税對本集團中國附屬公司	Effect of withholding tax on the distributable			
之可供分派溢利之影響	profits of the Group's PRC subsidiaries	44,669	18,968	
動用前期之税項虧損	Tax losses utilised from previous periods	(6,585)	(15,251)	
未確認税項虧損	Tax losses not recognised	2,735	1,280	
按本集團實際税率計算	Tax charge at the Group's effective rate			
之税項開支		353,860	266,092	

11. 本公司普通股股東應佔溢利

本公司於財務報表處理之截至二零一零年三月三十一日止年度本公司普通股股東應佔綜合溢利包括本公司之溢利 29,998,000港元(二零零九年:16,841,000港元)(附註36(b))。

11. PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The consolidated profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2010 includes a profit of HK\$29,998,000 (2009: HK\$16,841,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company (note 36(b)).



二零一零年

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

二零零九年

12. 股息

12. DIVIDENDS

		2010 千港元 HK\$′000	2009 千港元 HK\$'000
本年度派付股息:	Dividends paid during the year:		
截至二零零九年 三月三十一日止年度末期股息	Final in respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2009 – HK1.5 cents		
一每股普通股1.5港仙 (截至二零零八年	per ordinary share (year ended 31 March 2008: HK1.5 cents per ordinary share)		
三月三十一日止年度: 每股普通股1.5港仙)		12,573	12,562
中期股息一每股普通股1.5港仙(二零零九年:每股普通股	Interim – HK1.5 cents per ordinary share (2009: HK1.0 cent per ordinary share)	12,373	12,302
1.0港仙)	_	12,588	8,382
	_	25,161	20,944
建議派付末期股息: 末期股息一每股普通股3.0港仙	Proposed final dividend: Final – HK3.0 cents (2009: HK1.5 cents)		
(二零零九年:1.5港仙)	per ordinary share	25,359	12,573

本年度建議派付之末期股息經本公司 股東即將召開之股東週年大會上批 准。該等財務報表並無反映應付末期 股息。 The proposed final dividend for the year is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting. These financial statements do not reflect the final dividend payable.

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

13. 本公司普通股股東應佔每股盈利

每股基本盈利乃按照本公司普通股股東應佔本年度溢利271,424,000港元(二零零九年:346,675,000港元)及於本年度內已發行普通股加權平均數839,191,793股(二零零九年:837,930,289股)計算。

截至二零一零年三月三十一日止年度 之每股攤薄盈利乃按照本公司普通股 股東應佔溢利271,424,000港元計算。 計算時所用之加權平均普通股股數, 為年內已發行普通股股數,即計算每 股基本盈利時所用之股數,以及假設 在該年度內行使所有購股權時無償發 行6,582,678股普通股之加權平均數。

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of the basic earnings per share amount is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company of HK\$271,424,000 (2009: HK\$346,675,000), and the weighted average number of 839,191,793 (2009: 837,930,287) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

The calculation of the diluted earnings per share amount for the year ended 31 March 2010 is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company of HK\$271,424,000. The weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation is the number of ordinary shares in issue during that year, as used in the basic earnings per share calculation, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares assumed to have been issued at no consideration on the deemed exercise of all share options into ordinary shares during that year of 6,582,678.

No diluted earnings per share amount is presented for the year ended 31 March 2009 since the exercise price of the share options of the Company outstanding during the year is higher than the average market price of the Company's ordinary shares and, accordingly, they have no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per ordinary share.

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財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

14. 物業、機器及設備

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

集團 GROUP

		樓宇 Building 千港元 HK\$'000	設備及機器 Equipment and machinery 千港元 HK\$'000	家風及裝置 Furniture and fixtures 千港元 HK\$'000	汽車 Motor vehicles 千港元 HK\$'000	遊艇 Motor yacht ii 千港元 HK\$'000	租賃 物業裝修 Leasehold mprovements 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
二零一零年三月三十一日	31 March 2010							
成本:	Cost:							
年初	At beginning of year	27,913	707,707	32,077	19,762	6,098	61,361	854,918
添置	Additions	_	46,038	954	2,058	_	251	49,301
出售	Disposals	_	(24,245)	(718)	(1,472)	_	_	(26,435)
出售附屬公司	Disposal of subsidiaries	_	(780)	_	(250)	_	_	(1,030)
進 兑調整	Exchange realignment		86	28	43		229	386
於二零一零年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2010	27,913	728,806	32,341	20,141	6,098	61,841	877,140
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation							
及減值:	and impairment:							
年初	At beginning of year	1,977	579,149	24,091	13,681	6,098	53,583	678,579
本年度折舊	Depreciation provided							
撥備	during the year	1,396	35,700	1,979	2,148	_	2,993	44,216
出售	Disposals	_	(24,163)	(661)	(1,380)	_	_	(26,204)
出售附屬公司	Disposal of subsidiaries	_	(780)	_	(221)	_	_	(1,001)
滙兑調整	Exchange realignment		68	21	24		226	339
於二零一零年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2010	3,373	589,974	25,430	14,252	6,098	56,802	695,929
賬面淨值:	Net book value:							
於二零一零年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2010	24,540	138,832	6,911	5,889	_	5,039	181,211
於二零零九年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2009	25,936	128,558	7,986	6,081		7,778	176,339

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

14. 物業、機器及設備 (續)

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

集團 GROUP

			設備及機器	傢俬及裝置			租賃	
			Equipment	Furniture	汽車	遊艇	物業裝修	
		樓宇	and	and	Motor	Motor	Leasehold	總計
		Building	machinery	fixtures	vehicles	yacht i	mprovements	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
二零零九年三月三十一日	31 March 2009							
成本:	Cost:							
年初	At beginning of year	27,913	710,086	30,626	20,760	6,098	59,513	854,996
添置	Additions	_	28,808	2,467	788	_	1,199	33,262
出售及撇銷	Disposals and write-off	_	(31,422)	(1,085)	(1,911)	_	_	(34,418)
滙兑調整	Exchange realignment		235	69	125		649	1,078
於二零零九年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2009	27,913	707,707	32,077	19,762	6,098	61,361	854,918
累計折舊及	Accumulated depreciation							
減值:	and impairment:							
年初	At beginning of year	582	568,144	23,062	12,981	6,098	49,753	660,620
本年度	Depreciation provided							
折舊撥備	during the year	1,395	40,580	1,928	2,333	_	3,192	49,428
出售及撇銷	Disposals and write-off	_	(29,753)	(953)	(1,689)	_	_	(32,395)
滙兑調整	Exchange realignment		178	54	56	_	638	926
於二零零九年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2009	1,977	579,149	24,091	13,681	6,098	53,583	678,579
賬面淨值:	Net book value:							
於二零零九年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2009	25,936	128,558	7,986	6,081	_	7,778	176,339
於二零零八年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2008	27,331	141,942	7,564	7,779	_	9,760	194,376

本集團若干樓宇、設備及機器已作為 銀行向本集團提供銀行信貸之抵押(附 註32)。

本集團若干機器根據經營租約出租予第三方,有關的進一步資料概況載於 財務報表附註37(a)。 Certain of the Group's building, equipment and machinery were pledged to banks as security for certain banking facilities granted to the Group (note 32).

Certain of the Group's machinery are leased to third parties under operating leases, further summary details of which are included in note 37(a) to the financial statements.



31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

14. 物業、機器及設備 (續)

本集團根據經營租約持有供使用之設 備及機器總額及其相關累計折舊與減 值虧損總額如下:

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

The gross amounts of the Group's equipment and machinery held for use under operating leases and the related accumulated depreciation and impairment losses are as follows:

	集團		
GROUP			
二零一零年	二零零九年		
2010	2009		
千港元	千港元		
HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
68,879	67,606		
(58,538)	(55,550)		
(182)	(182)		
10,159	11,874		
	「二零一零年 2010 千港元 HK\$'000 68,879 (58,538) (182)		

15. 投資物業

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

		集團		
		G	ROUP	
		二零一零年	二零零九年	
		2010	2009	
		千港元	千港元	
		HK\$′000	HK\$'000	
於年初之賬面值	Carrying amount at beginning of year	1,206,160	1,210,660	
增添	Additions	601	_	
出售	Disposals	(28,960)	(1,463)	
公平值變動	Fair value changes	71,840	(28,646)	
滙兑調整	Exchange realignment	8,899	25,609	
於年終之賬面值	Carrying amount at end of year	1,258,540	1,206,160	

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

15. 投資物業 (續)

本集團之投資物業按以下租期持有, 其分佈地區如下:

二零一零年三月三十一日

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Cont'd)

The Group's investment properties are held under the following lease terms in the following geographical locations:

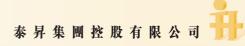
31 March 2010

			中國 PRC	
		香港	其他地區	總計
		Hong Kong	Elsewhere	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
中期租約	Medium term leases	16,000	889,200	905,200
長期租約	Long term leases		353,340	353,340
		16,000	1,242,540	1,258,540
二零零九年三月三十一日	31 March 2009			
		F	中國	
		F	PRC	
		香港	其他地區	總計
		Hong Kong	Elsewhere	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
中期租約	Medium term leases	11,200	873,600	884,800
長期租約	Long term leases		321,360	321,360
		11,200	1,194,960	1,206,160

本集團之投資物業已於二零一零年三月三十一日由獨立專業合資格物業估值師威格斯資產評估顧問有限公司按公開市場及現有用途基準重新估值。投資物業乃根據經營租約租賃予第三方,有關概要之進一步詳情載於財務報表附註37(a)。

本集團若干投資物業已抵押予銀行作 為向本集團提供若干銀行信貸之抵押 (附註32)。 The Group's investment properties were revalued on an open market, existing use basis, as at 31 March 2010, by Vigers Appraisal and Consulting Limited, a firm of independent professionally qualified property valuers. The investment properties are leased to third parties under operating leases, further summary details of which are included in note 37(a) to the financial statements.

Certain of the Group's investment properties were pledged to banks as security for certain banking facilities granted to the Group (note 32).



31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

集團

16. 預付土地租賃款

16. PREPAID LAND LEASE PAYMENTS

		米		
		G	ROUP	
		二零一零年	二零零九年	
		2010	2009	
		千港元	千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
於年初之賬面值	Carrying amount at beginning of year	106,347	109,127	
年內已確認	Recognised during the year	(2,781)	(2,780)	
於年終之賬面值	Carrying amount at end of year	103,566	106,347	
計入其他應收款項、預付款項	Current portion included in other receivables,			
及訂金之本期部份	prepayments and deposits	(2,780)	(2,781)	
非本期部份	Non-current portion	100,786	103,566	

租賃土地乃根據中期租約持 有,並位於香港。

The leasehold lands are held under a medium term lease and are situated in Hong Kong.

17. 發展中物業

17. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

	集團		
	G	ROUP	
	二零一零年	二零零九年	
	2010	2009	
	千港元	千港元	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Balance at beginning of year	580,236	784,478	
Additions during the year	131,521	630,325	
Interest capitalised (note 6)	920	2,860	
Transfer to properties held for sale (note 23)	(104,196)	(854,310)	
Exchange realignment	4,176	16,883	
Balance at end of year	612,657	580,236	
Current portion	(265,888)	(270,374)	
Non-current portion	346,769	309,862	
	Additions during the year Interest capitalised (note 6) Transfer to properties held for sale (note 23) Exchange realignment Balance at end of year Current portion	Telepart Current portion GI 二零一零年 2010 千港元 HK\$'000 Balance at beginning of year Additions during the year Interest capitalised (note 6) Fxchange realignment 4,176 612,657 Current portion GI 2010 FXB (

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財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

18. 已付訂金

計入金額為以約人民幣307,800,000元 (相當於351,389,000港元)之代價收購中國瀋陽之一幅土地而支付訂金351,389,000港元(二零零九年:348,835,000港元)。交易的進一步詳情於本公司於二零零九年一月二十八日刊發之通函中披露。

年內已就收購物業、機器及設備已支付另一訂金2,125,000港元(二零零九年:零)。

18. DEPOSITS PAID

Included in the amount was a deposit of HK\$351,389,000 (2009: HK\$348,835,000) paid for the acquisition of a parcel of land in Shenyang, the PRC, at a consideration of approximately RMB307,800,000 (equivalent to HK\$351,389,000). Further details of the transaction were disclosed in the Company's circular dated 28 January 2009.

During the year, another deposit of HK\$2,125,000 (2009: Nil) was paid for the acquisition of items of property, plant and equipment.

19. 附屬公司權益

19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

		公司		
		CO	MPANY	
		二零一零年	二零零九年	
		2010	2009	
		千港元	千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
非上市股份,按成本	Unlisted shares, at cost	19,094	17,038	
附屬公司之欠款	Amounts due from subsidiaries	885,196	835,549	
減值	Impairment	(56,704)	(60,426)	
		828,492	775,123	
欠附屬公司之款項 一年內到期分類為	Amounts due to subsidiaries Portion due within one year,	(188,757)	(146,169)	
流動負債之部份	classified as current liabilities	188,757	146,169	
		847,586	792,161	

年內,本公司收到若干附屬公司還款並就該等附屬公司之欠款確認減值 回 3,722,000港元(二零零九年 4,335,000港元)。附屬公司之欠款及免 附屬公司之款項均為無抵押及免免 計入流動負債之附屬公司結存則毋須於由 計入流動負債之附屬公司結存則,並視為借 了 對末起計一年內償還,並視為借 等附屬公司之準權益貸款。附屬公司 結存之賬面值與其公平值相若。 During the year, the Company received repayment from certain subsidiaries and a write-back of impairment of HK\$3,722,000 (2009: HK\$4,335,000) was recognised for those amounts due from subsidiaries. The amounts due from and to subsidiaries are unsecured and interest-free. The balances with subsidiaries included in the current liabilities are repayable on demand or within one year whereas the balances with subsidiaries included in non-current assets are not expected to be repaid within one year from the end of the reporting period and are considered as quasi-equity loans to those subsidiaries. The carrying amounts of balances with the subsidiaries approximate to their fair values.

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財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

19. 附屬公司權益 (續)

本公司已承諾不要求附屬公司泰昇地基工程有限公司償還欠款80,000,000港元(二零零九年:80,000,000港元),使該附屬公司可維持政府當局規定所需最低限額之營運資金。

本公司之主要附屬公司詳情如下:

19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

The Company has undertaken not to demand repayment of the amount due from a subsidiary, Tysan Foundation Limited, of HK\$80,000,000 (2009: HK\$80,000,000), in order to let the subsidiary maintain the required minimum working capital as stipulated by government authorities.

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

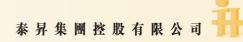
名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行及 繳足註冊股本/ 股本面值 Nominal value of issued and fully paid registered/ share capital	股 Pe c attr	全司應佔之 權百分比 vrcentage of equity ibutable to Company 二零零九年 2009	主要業務 Principal activities
泰昇 (香港) 控股有限公司 Tysan (Hong Kong) Holdings Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
泰昇地基工程有限公司 <i>(附註1及3)</i> Tysan Foundation Limited <i>(notes 1 and 3)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 51,000,000港元 遞延股 3,000,000港元 Ordinary HK\$51,000,000 Deferred HK\$3,000,000	100	100	地基打樁 Foundation piling
泰昇建築 (澳門) 有限公司 <i>(附註1)</i> Tysan Construction (Macau) Limited (note 1)	澳門 Macau	普通股 澳門幣25,000元 Ordinary MOP25,000	100	100	地基打樁 Foundation piling
泰昇機械租賃有限公司 (附註 Tysan Machinery Hire Limited (note 3)	3) 香港 Hong Kong	普通股 10,000港元 遞延股 200,000港元 Ordinary HK\$10,000 Deferred HK\$200,000	100	100	機械租賃 Machinery hiring

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19. 附屬公司權益 (續)

19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行及 繳足註冊股本/ 股本面值 Nominal value of issued and fully paid registered/ share capital	股; Pe o attri	k司應佔之 權百分比 rcentage if equity butable to Company 二零零九年 2009	主要業務 Principal activities
泰昇地基工程 (香港) 有限公司 <i>(附註1)</i> Tysan Contractors (Hong Kong) Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	項目管理及 提供諮詢服務 Project management and provision of consultancy services
泰昇土力工程有限公司 <i>(附註1)</i> Tysan Geotechnical Limited <i>(note 1)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	地盤實地勘探 Site investigation
先進機械工程有限公司 <i>(附註1)</i> Proficiency Equipment Limited <i>(note 1)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 6,750,000 港元 Ordinary HK\$6,750,000	100	100	機械租賃及 買賣 Machinery hiring and trading
先進工程營造有限公司 <i>(附註1)</i> Proficiency Engineering Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 2 港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	提供工程服務 Provision of engineering services
剛耀有限公司 <i>(附註1)</i> Lion Bright Limited <i>(note 1)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	機械租賃及 買賣 Machinery hiring and trading
泰昇管理有限公司 (附註1及3) Tysan Management Limited (notes 1 and 3)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股100港元 遞延股2港元 Ordinary HK\$100 Deferred HK\$2	100	100	企業管理 Corporate management



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19. 附屬公司權益 (續)

19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

本公司之主要附屬公司詳情如下: (續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Cont'd)

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行及 繳足註冊股本/ 股本面值 Nominal value of issued and fully paid registered/ share capital	股權 Perc of e attribu	可應佔之 百分比 entage equity utable to ompany 二零零九年 2009	主要業務 Principal activities
新曜有限公司 Sun Sparkle Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	企業融資 Corporate financing
卓民有限公司 Great Unison Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股1港元 Ordinary HK\$1	100	100	企業融資 Corporate financing
泰昇投資發展有限公司 Tysan Investment Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
泰昇地產發展投資有限公司 Tysan Property Development & Investment Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
泰昇建築有限公司 Tysan Construction Company Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
沛溢投資有限公司 (附註1) Faithmark Investments Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
Tremend Yield Limited (附註 1) (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
三悦投資有限公司 (附註1) Trions Investment Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
善信投資有限公司 (附註1) Sure Faith Investment Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	持有物業 Property holding

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19. 附屬公司權益 (續)

19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行及 繳足註冊股本/ 股本面值 Nominal value of issued and fully paid registered/ share capital	股 Pe c attr	公司應佔之 權百分比 ercentage of equity ibutable to Company 二零零九年 2009	主要業務 Principal activities
頓肯房地產有限公司 (附註1) Duncan Properties Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
Dragonhill Limited (附註1) (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
剛毅投資有限公司 (附註1) Great Regent Investments Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
興懋有限公司 (附註1) Great Prosper Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股100港元 Ordinary HK\$100	90	90	投資控股 Investment holding
泰昇房地產開發(天津)有限公司 (附註1及4) Tysan Property Development (Tianjin) Company Limited (notes 1 and 4)	可 中國 /中國內地 PRC/ Mainland China	1 5,500,000 美元 US\$1 <i>5,</i> 500,000	90	90	物業發展 Property development
泰升房地產 (上海)有限公司 <i>(附註1及5)</i> Tysan Land (Shanghai) Limited (notes 1 and 5)	中國/ 中國內地 PRC/ Mainland China	20,500,000 美元 US\$20,500,000	80	80	物業發展 Property development
泰昇工程服務有限公司 <i>(附註 1)</i> Tysan Engineering Company Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 10,000港元 Ordinary HK\$10,000	70	70	投資控股 Investment holding



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19. 附屬公司權益 (續)

19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行及 繳足註冊股本/ 股本面值 Nominal value of issued and fully paid registered/ share capital	股村 Per of attrib	司應佔之 聖百分比 centage equity butable to Company 二零零九年 2009	主要業務 Principal activities
泰昇工程(香港)有限公司 (附註 1) Tysan Engineering (H.K.) Company Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 20,600,000港元 Ordinary HK\$20,600,000	70	70	提供電機及 機械服務 Provision of electrical and mechanical services
泰昇貿易有限公司 (附註1、 Tysan Trading Company Limited (notes 1, 2 and 6)	2及6) 香港 Hong Kong	普通股100港元 Ordinary HK\$100	50	60	一般貿易 General trading
華園國際有限公司(附註1) China Garden International Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股100港元 Ordinary HK\$100	60	60	投資控股 Investment holding
紅光投資有限公司 (附註1) Red Shine Investment Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	60	60	投資控股 Investment holding
海逸投資有限公司 (附註1) Hiat Investment Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	60	60	物業投資 Property investment
佳利威有限公司 <i>(附註1)</i> Carriway Limited <i>(note 1)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	60	60	投資控股 Investment holding
資盛行有限公司 <i>(附註1)</i> Fund House Limited <i>(note 1)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	60	60	投資控股 Investment holding
頓肯物業管理 (上海) 有限公司 (附註1及4) Duncan Property Managemen (Shanghai) Company Limited (notes 1 and 4)		500,000美元 US\$500,000	60	60	物業管理 Property management

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19. 附屬公司權益 (續)

19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行及 繳足註冊股本/ 股本面值 Nominal value of issued and fully paid registered/ share capital	股權 Perce of e attribu	I應佔之 百分比 entage quity table to ompany 二零零九年 2009	主要業務 Principal activities
上海華園國際房地產 開發經營有限公司 (附註1及4) Shanghai China Garden International Real Estate Development & Management Company Limited (notes 1 and 4)	中國/ 中國內地 PRC/ Mainland China	5,000,000美元 US\$5,000,000	60	60	物業投資 Property investment
上海長寧頓肯房地產 開發經營有限公司 <i>(附註1及4)</i> Shanghai Changning Duncan Property Development Company Limited (notes 1 and 4)	中國/ 中國內地 PRC/ Mainland China	10,000,000美元 US\$10,000,000	60	60	物業發展 Property development
上海頓肯房地產諮詢有限公司 <i>(附註1及5)</i> Shanghai Duncan Property Consulting Company Limited (notes 1 and 5)	中國/ 中國內地 PRC/ Mainland China	100,000美元 US\$100,000	60	60	提供物業 諮詢服務 Provision of property consultancy services
Consco Investment Company Limited (附註1) (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 100,000港元 Ordinary HK\$100,000	58.25	58.25	投資控股 Investment holding

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財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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19. 附屬公司權益 (續)

19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

已發行及

本公司之主要附屬公司詳情如下:(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Cont'd)

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	繳足註冊股本/ 股本面值 Nominal value of issued and fully paid registered/ share capital	股相 Per of attrib	司應佔之 權百分比 centage equity outable to Company 二零零九年 2009	主要業務 Principal activities
天津國際大廈有限公司 <i>(附註 1 、 2 及 5)</i> Tianjin International Building Company Limited <i>(notes 1, 2 and 5)</i>	中國/ 中國內地 PRC/ Mainland China	1 0,000,000 美元 US\$10,000,000	46.6	46.6	物業投資 Property investment
曜基有限公司 <i>(附註 1)</i> Sparkle Key Limited <i>(notes 1)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 10,000 港元 Ordinary HK\$10,000	97	97	投資控股 Investment holding

附註:

- 1. 透過附屬公司持有。
- 本公司有權在該等實體之董事局會議 上作出大多數投票,故彼等被視為本 公司之附屬公司。
- 3. 遞延股份無權獲派股息(於有關公司可供分派股息之純利超過10億港元之任何財政年度按每年5厘之息率派發之固定非累計股息除外),亦無權於股東大會上投票,而且於清盤時無權收取資本退還之任何盈餘(該等股份之已繳股本除外,惟該公司之普通股持有人必須於清盤時已經就每股普通股獲分派共10,000億港元)。
- 4. 該等實體乃根據中國法例註冊為外商 獨資企業。
- 該等實體乃根據中國法例註冊為中外 合資企業。
- 6. 於二零零九年十月十六日,本集團以 代價10港元(附註41(b))向一獨立第三 方出售其於泰昇貿易有限公司10%的 股權。

Notes:

- 1. Held through subsidiaries.
- The Company has the power to cast the majority of votes at meetings of the board of directors of these entities and therefore they are regarded as subsidiaries of the Company.
- 3. The deferred shares carry no rights to dividends (other than a fixed non-cumulative dividend at the rate of 5% per annum for any financial year during which the net profit of the relevant company available for dividends exceeds HK\$1 billion), no rights to vote at general meetings, no rights to receive any surplus on a return of capital on a winding-up (other than the amount paid up on such shares, provided that the holders of the ordinary shares of that company have been distributed in such a winding-up of a sum of HK\$1,000 billion in respect of each ordinary share).
- These entities are registered as wholly-foreign-owned enterprises under PRC law.
- 5. These entities are registered as Sino-foreign joint ventures under PRC law.
- 6. On 16 October 2009, the Group disposed of its 10% equity interest in Tysan Trading Company Limited to an independent third party at a consideration of HK\$10 (note 41(b)).

住 圃

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

19. 附屬公司權益 (續)

上表所列之本公司附屬公司是董事認 為對本集團之本年度業績有重大影響 或構成本集團大部份資產淨值之附屬 公司。董事認為,詳列其他附屬公司 會引致內容過於冗長。

20. 聯營公司權益

19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

		朱圉			
		G	GROUP		
		二零一零年	二零零九年		
		2010	2009		
		千港元	千港元		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
應佔資產淨值	Share of net assets	17,182	_		
聯營公司之欠款	Amount due from an associate	284	274		
聯營公司之貸款	Loan to an associate	2,450			
		19,916	274		
減:減值	Less: Impairment	(284)	(274)		
		19,632			

聯營公司之欠款為無抵押、免息及無 固定還款期。

向聯營公司貸款之金額為2,450,000港元(二零零九年:無),為無抵押、免息及並無固定還款期。

來自聯營公司之貸款包括在本集團之非流動負債為24,560,000港元(二零零九年:無),為無抵押、免息及無須自二零一零年三月三十一日起十二個月內償還。

本集團的貿易應收款項及應付聯營公司之結存分別於財務報表附註25及29 披露。

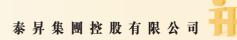
聯營公司結存之賬面值與其公平值相 若。 The amount due from an associate is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment.

The loan to an associate of HK\$2,450,000 (2009: Nil) is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment.

The loan from an associate included in the Group's non-current liabilities of HK\$24,560,000 (2009: Nil) is unsecured, interest-free and will not be repayable within 12 months from 31 March 2010.

The Group's trade receivable and payable balances with the associates are disclosed in note 25 and 29 to the financial statements, respectively.

The carrying amounts of the balances with associates approximate to their fair values.



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20. 聯營公司權益 (續)

20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Cont'd)

主要聯營公司之詳情如下:

Particulars of the principal associates are as follows:

名稱 Name	所持已發行 股份詳情及面值 Particulars and nominal value of issued shares held	註冊成立地點 Place of incorporation	本集團應佔之 擁有權百分比 Percentage of ownership interest attributable to the Group	主要業務 Principal activities
力騏投資有限公司 Turbo Dragon Investment Limited	每股普通股 面值 1 港元 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	香港 Hong Kong	50	投資控股 Investment holding
泰昇建築工程有限公司 (「泰昇建築工程」)# Tysan Building Construction Company Limited ("TBC") #	每股普通股 面值1港元 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	香港 Hong Kong	49	提供樓宇及 建築工程 Provision of building and construction works
澳泰昇建築(澳門)有限公司 (「澳泰昇」)# Mac Tysan Construction (Macau) Limited ("Mac Tysan")#	每股普通股 面值1澳門元 Ordinary shares of MOP1 each	澳門 Macau	49	提供樓宇及 建築工程 Provision of building and construction works
泰昇工程策劃有限公司 (「泰昇工程策劃」)# Tysan Project Management Limited ("TPML") #	每股普通股 面值1港元 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	香港 Hong Kong	49	提供樓宇及 建築工程 Provision of building and construction works

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20. 聯營公司權益 (續)

該等實體為本公司過往年度之附屬公司,而本公司在泰昇建築工程之。泰昇會會議上享有絕大多數投票權。泰昇建築工程持有澳泰昇及泰昇工程方的,在一人日,本集團以代價510,000港元的Victor Create Limited(「Victor Create」)出售其於泰昇建築工程1%之股權。之股權,在泰昇建築工程董事會會議上不再享有絕大多數投票權,而相應地該等實體成為本集團之聯營公司。有關是次出售之其他詳情載於財務報表附註41(a)。

上表列出董事認為主要影響本集團分 佔聯營公司業績或形成本集團所佔聯 營公司大部份權益之本集團聯營公 司。董事認為,詳列其他聯營公司會 引致內容過於冗長。

下表列示摘錄自本集團聯營公司財務 報表之財務資料概要:

資負收溢利

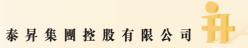
20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Cont'd)

These entities were the Company's subsidiaries in prior years as the Company had the power to cast the majority votes of TBC, which holds 100% equity interest in each of Mac Tysan and TPML, at meetings of the board of directors of TBC. On 29 July 2009, the Group disposed of its 1% equity interest in TBC to Victor Create Limited ("Victor Create"), at a consideration of HK\$510,000. Subsequent to the disposal, the Group owned 49% equity interests in these entities and is no longer in a position to cast the majority of the votes at the meetings of the board of directors of TBC and accordingly, these entities became associates of the Group. Further details of this disposal are included in note 41(a) to financial statements.

The above table lists the associates of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors, affected the Group's share of results of the associates or formed a substantial portion of the Group's interests in associates. To give details of other associates would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

The following table illustrates the summarised financial information of the Group's associates extracted from their financial statements:

		集團		
	G	GROUP		
	二零一零年	二零零九年		
	2010	2009		
	千港元	千港元		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Assets	61,052	_		
Liabilities	26,199	_		
Revenue	31,710	_		
Profits	549			



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21. 按公平值計入損益之股份投資

21. EQUITY INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

集團

GROUP

二零ー零年二零零九年20102009千港元千港元

HK\$'000 HK\$'000

於香港上市之股份投資, 按市值

Listed equity investments in Hong Kong,

at market value

4,002

2,501

上述於二零一零年及二零零九年三月 三十一日之股份投資已列為持作買賣 用途。

The above equity investments at 31 March 2010 and 2009 were classified as held for trading.

22. 存貨

22. INVENTORIES

		集團		
		GROUP		
		二零一零年	二零零九年	
		2010	2009	
		千港元	千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
原料	Raw materials	5,644	15,466	
零件及其他	Spare parts and others	20,266	15,817	
		25,910	31,283	

住圃

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

23. 持有供銷售之物業

23. PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

	朱 閚		
	GROUP		
	二零一零年	二零零九年	
	2010	2009	
	千港元	千港元	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
At beginning of year	473,876	303,521	
Transfer from properties under			
development (note 17)	104,196	854,310	
Properties sold during the year	(384,143)	(689,682)	
Exchange realignment	3,720	5,727	
At end of year	197,649	473,876	
	Transfer from properties under development (note 17) Properties sold during the year Exchange realignment	日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日	

本集團持有供銷售之物業位於中國內地及以長期租約持有。於二零零九年三月三十一日,本集團若干持有供銷售之物業乃抵押予銀行,作為本集團獲授之若干銀行信貸之抵押(附註32)。

The Group's properties held for sale are located in Mainland China and are held under long term leases. At 31 March 2009, certain of the Group's properties held for sale were pledged to banks as security for certain banking facilities granted to the Group (note 32).

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財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

隹圃

集團

24. 建築合約

24. CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

		朱閚	
		G	ROUP
		二零一零年	二零零九年
		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
客戶有關合約工程之欠款	Amounts due from customers for contract works	92,639	53,818
欠客戶有關合約工程之款項	Amounts due to customers for contract works	(201,434)	(132,106)
		(108,795)	(78,288)
所產生之合約成本加截至 本年報日期已確認溢利	Contract costs incurred plus recognised profits less recognised losses to date		
減已確認虧損		3,465,074	3,458,094
減:已收及應收進度賬款	Less: Progress billings received and receivable	(3,573,869)	(3,536,382)
		(108,795)	(78,288)

25. 應收貿易賬款

本集團跟隨本地行業標準制定信貸政策。給予貿易客戶之平均一般信貸期為90日內(應收保固金除外),惟須經管理層定期檢討。有鑒於上文所述及本集團之應收貿易賬款與大量不同客戶有關,故概無信貸風險過於集中之情況。應收貿易賬款均為免息。

25. TRADE RECEIVABLES

The Group has established credit policies that follow local industry standards. The average normal credit periods offered to trade customers other than for retention receivables are within 90 days, and are subject to periodic review by management. In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

			-11-
		G	ROUP
		二零一零年	二零零九年
		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應收貿易賬款	Trade receivables	397,471	300,993
減值	Impairment	(30)	(828)
		397,441	300,165

應收貿易賬款中包括應收聯營公司款項601,000港元(二零零九年:無),其還款信貸條款與給予本集團主要客戶的條款相若。

Included in the trade receivables are amounts due from associates of HK\$601,000 (2009: Nil), which are repayable on similar credit terms to those offered to the major customers of the Group.

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25. 應收貿易賬款 (續)

25. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Cont'd)

以發票日期及撥備淨值計算,應收貿 易賬款於報告期末之賬齡分析如下: An aged analysis of the trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of provision, is as follows:

			集團		
		G	GROUP		
		二零一零年	二零零九年		
		2010	2009		
		千港元	千港元		
		HK\$′000	HK\$'000		
應收貿易賬款:	Trade receivables:				
90日內	Within 90 days	282,348	173,752		
91日至180日	91 to 180 days	1,759	245		
181日至360日	181 to 360 days	1,643	2,077		
360日以上	Over 360 days	32	117		
		285,782	176,191		
應收保固金	Retention receivables	111,659	123,974		
		397,441	300,165		

應收貿易賬款減值撥備之變動如下:

The movements in provision for individual impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

		集團		
		G	ROUP	
		二零一零年	二零零九年	
		2010	2009	
		千港元	千港元	
		HK\$′000	HK\$'000	
年初	At beginning of year	828	224	
已確認減值虧損	Impairment losses recognised	140	1,220	
撇銷為不可收回之款項	Amount written off as uncollectible	(844)	(616)	
出售附屬公司	Disposal of subsidiaries	(94)		
年終	At end of year	30	828	

計入上述應收貿易賬款之減值撥備為30,000港元(二零零九年:828,000港元)是就個別應收貿易賬而作其撥備前賬面總值為30,000港元(二零零九年:1,328,000港元)。個別已減值應收貿易賬款與處於財務困難之客戶有關,預期概不可收回。

Included in the above provision for impairment of trade receivables of HK\$30,000 (2009: HK\$828,000) is a provision for individually impaired trade receivables with a gross carrying amount before provision of HK\$30,000 (2009: HK\$1,328,000). The individually impaired trade receivables relate to customers that were in financial difficulties and none of the receivables is expected to be recovered.



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25. 應收貿易賬款 (續)

視作將不予減值之應收貿易賬款之賬 齡分析如下:

25. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Cont'd)

The aged analysis of the trade receivables that are not considered to be impaired is as follows:

			集團	
		GROUP		
		二零一零年	二零零九年	
		2010	2009	
		千港元	千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
既無過期亦無減值	Neither past due nor impaired	394,007	297,726	
1日至90日內過期	1 to 90 days past due	1,759	245	
91日至270日內過期	91 to 270 days past due	1,643	1,577	
270日至360日內過期	More than 270 days past due	32	117	
		397,441	299,665	

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a large number of diversified customers for whom there was no recent history of default. Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

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26. 其他應收款項、預付款項及訂金 26. OTHER RECEIVABLES, PREPAYMENTS AND DEPOSITS

		集	專	2	公司		
		GRO	OUP	COI	MPANY		
		二零一零年	二零零九年	二零一零年	二零零九年		
		2010	2009	2010	2009		
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
預付款項及訂金	Prepayments and deposits	30,450	21,184	137	159		
其他應收款項	Other receivables	26,497	12,555				
		56,947	33,739	137	159		

概無上述資產已過期或出現減值。計 入上述結存之金融資產與並無近期違 約歷史之應收款項有關。 None of the above assets is either past due or impaired. The financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default.

27. 衍生金融工具

27. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

集團

GROUP

Assets Liabilities Assets Liabilities チ港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元			二零一	二零一零年		二零零九年	
Assets Liabilities Assets Liabilities 子港元 子港元 子港元 日本元 HK\$'000 HK\$'00			201	2010		2009	
			資產	負債	資產	負債	
HK\$'000 HK			Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities	
遠期外匯 累計認購期權 利率掉期Forward currency accumulators12293——利率掉期Interest rate swaps—1,453——121,746——歸類為非即期 的部分: 利率掉期Portion classified as non-current: Interest rate swaps—(1,453)——			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
累計認購期權 accumulators 12 293 — — 利率掉期 Interest rate swaps — 1,453 — — I2 1,746 — — 歸類為非即期 Portion classified as non-current: — — — 利率掉期 Interest rate swaps — (1,453) — —			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
利率掉期 Interest rate swaps — 1,453 — — — s	遠期外匯	Forward currency					
12 1,746 — — 歸類為非即期 Portion classified as 的部分: non-current: 利率掉期 Interest rate swaps — (1,453) — —	累計認購期權	accumulators	12	293	_	_	
歸類為非即期 Portion classified as 的部分: non-current: 利率掉期 Interest rate swaps — (1,453) — —	利率掉期	Interest rate swaps		1,453			
的部分: non-current: 利率掉期 Interest rate swaps — (1,453) — — —			12	1,746	_	_	
即期部分 Current portion 12 293 — —	利率掉期	Interest rate swaps		(1,453)			
	即期部分	Current portion	12	293			

本集團已訂立多項遠期外匯累計認購權合約及利率掉期,以管理其不符合對沖會計處理標準之外匯及匯率風險。非對沖衍生工具之公平淨值變動1,734,000元(二零零九年:無)乃計入年內之損益表內。該等金融工具之服面值與其公平值相若。上述衍生金融工具所涉交易乃與信譽良好且近期違約歷史之金融機構進行。

The Group has entered into various forward currency accumulator contracts and interest rate swaps to manage its foreign currency and exchange rate exposures which did not meet the criteria for hedge accounting. Changes in the fair value, net, of non-hedging derivatives amounting to HK\$1,734,000 (2009: Nil) were charged to the income statement during the year. The carrying amounts of those financial instruments are the same as their fair values. The above transactions involving derivative financial instruments are with creditworthy financial institutions with no recent history of default.



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隹 園

28. 現金及銀行結存

28. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

				木団
			G	ROUP
		附註	二零一零年	二零零九年
		Notes	2010	2009
			千港元	千港元
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
定期存款	Time deposits	(a)	952,375	96,477
受限制現金	Restricted cash	(a), (b)	114,180	56,675
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances	(a)	396,865	125,416

附註:

(a) 於報告期末,本集團合共 1,308,002,000港元(二零零九年: 242,836,000港元)之現金及銀行結存 乃以人民幣(「人民幣」)為單位。人民 幣不可自由兑換為其他貨幣,然而根 據外匯管理條例及結匯、售匯及付匯 管理規定,本集團獲准透過獲授權進 行外匯業務之銀行,將人民幣兑換為 其他貨幣。

> 銀行存款按每日銀行存款利率計算之 浮動利率賺取利息。定期存款具有不 同之存款期限,由一天至三年不等, 視乎本集團之即時現金需求而定,並 按有關之定期存款利率賺取利息。銀 行結存及訂金存入並無近期違約歷史 之信譽卓著之銀行。

(b) 於報告期末,受限制現金指根據本集 團之銀行信貸之條款存置於託管銀行 賬戶之定期存款。

Notes:

(a) At the end of the reporting period, the total cash and bank balances of the Group denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") amounted to HK\$1,308,002,000 (2009: HK\$242,836,000). RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through authorised banks to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three years depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective time deposit rates. The bank balances and deposits are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

(b) At the end of the reporting period, restricted cash represented time deposits maintained in escrow bank accounts pursuant to the terms of the Group's banking facilities.

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29. 應付貿易賬款及應計款項

以發票日期計算,應付貿易賬款於結 算日之賬齡分析如下:

29. TRADE PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

An aged analysis of the trade payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

		集	集團		公司	
		GRO	OUP	COMPANY		
		二零一零年	二零零九年	二零一零年	二零零九年	
		2010	2009	2010	2009	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
應付貿易賬款:	Trade payables:					
30日內	Within 30 days	98,525	205,260	10	6	
31日至90日	31 to 90 days	3,718	1,398	_	_	
91日至180日	91 to 180 days	481	8,071	_	_	
180日以上	Over 180 days	10,168	4,550			
		112,892	219,279	10	6	
應付保固金	Retention payables	112,894	90,728	_	_	
應計款項	Accruals	150,743	96,897	877	696	
		376,529	406,904	887	702	

應付貿易賬款均為免息,一般還款期 為九十日。

應付貿易賬款中包括應付聯營公司款項124,000港元(二零零九年:無),有關信貸條款與該等聯營公司給予其主要客戶的條款相若。

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on 90-day terms.

Included in the trade payables are amounts due to associates of HK\$124,000 (2009: Nil), which are of similar credit terms to those offered by the associates to their major customers.



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30. 其他應付款項、已收訂金及預收 款項

其他應付款項均為免息,平均還款期 為一個月。

31. 已收訂金

於二零一零年三月三十一日,已收訂金指簽署發展中物業預售合約後自客戶收取司部金。本集團於物業仍在發展期間預售物業。由於與客戶訂有合約,故與客戶訂有合約後,客戶須向本集團所持有之該等金額支付訂金。本集團所持有之該等金額均為免息。

於二零零九年三月三十一日,已收訂 金指簽署物業銷售合約後向客戶收取 之訂金。本集團所持有之該等金額均 為免息。

30. OTHER PAYABLES, DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND RECEIPTS IN ADVANCE

Other payables are non-interest-bearing and have an average term of one month.

31. DEPOSITS RECEIVED

As at 31 March 2010, deposits received represented down payment received from customers upon signing of the pre-sale contracts of properties under development and sales contracts of properties held for sale of the Group. The Group conducted the pre-sale of properties when they were still under development. As contracted with customers, deposits were paid to the Group upon the signing of the pre-sale contracts. Such amounts held by the Group are non-interest-bearing.

As at 31 March 2009, deposits received represented down payment received from customers upon signing of the sale contracts of properties. Such amounts held by the Group are non-interest-bearing.



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32. 附息銀行借貸

32. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS

集團 GROUP

			二零一零年 2010			二零零九年 2009	
		實際利率 Effective interest rate	期限	千港元	實際利率 Effective interest rate	期限	千港元
		(%)	Maturity	HK\$'000	(%)	Maturity	HK\$'000
無抵押: 銀行貸款	Unsecured: Bank loans	1.1-1.8	二零一零年 至二零一五年 2010 - 2015	388,560	1.4-5.8	二零零九年 至二零一二年 2009 - 2012	222,808
有抵押:	Secured:						
信託收據貸款	Trust receipt loans	_	_	_	2.1-5.1	二零零九年 2009	43,000
銀行貸款	Bank loans	1.3-2.5	二零一零年 至二零一四年 2010 - 2014	233,040	1.6-9.1	二零零九年 至二零一二年 2009 - 2012	285,428
分期貸款	Instalment loans	0.7	二零一零年 至二零二二年 2010 - 2022	83,175	1.4-5.0	二零零九年至 二零二二年 2009 - 2022	88,194
				316,215			416,622
銀行借貸總額	Total bank borrowings			704,775			639,430
				二零一零年 2010 千港元 HK\$'000			二零零九年 2009 千港元 HK\$'000
根據下列項目分析 須於下列期間內 償還之銀行借	Bank borrowings repo	ayable:					
於一年內或按通	知時 Within one year or	on demand		194,537			396,851
第二年 第三年至第五年	In the second year In the third to fifth ye	ears, inclusive		117,706			126,846
(包括首尾兩年	F) ,			356,145			76,777
超過第五年	Beyond five years			36,387			38,956
須畝―午內償還	, Portion due within one y	voar.		704,775			639,430
タバ キ内頂塚 分類為流動負	,						
之部份				(194,537)			(396,851)
長期部份	Long term portion			510,238			242,579



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32. 附息銀行借貸 (續)

本集團之抵押銀行借貸乃由本集團於報告期末之賬面值分別約149,893,000港元(二零零九年:133,211,000港元)、369,340,000港元(二零零九年:332,560,000港元)及114,180,000港元(二零零九年:56,675,000港元)之若干樓宇、設備與機器(附註14)、投資物業(附註15)及受限制現金(附註28)作抵押。

於二零零九年三月三十一日,本集團 賬面值為229,925,000港元之持有供銷 售物業(附註23)已抵押予若干銀行作 為獲授若干銀行信貸之抵押。

此外,本公司已就本公司若干附屬公司取得之借貸融資簽立擔保(附註39(a))。

本集團所有銀行借貸均按浮動利率計 息。銀行借貸之賬面值與其公平值相 若。

本集團以多種貨幣為單位之銀行借貸 賬面值如下:

32. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS (Cont'd)

The Group's secured bank borrowings were secured by certain of its building, equipment and machinery (note 14), investment properties (note 15) and restricted cash (note 28) with carrying amounts of HK\$149,893,000 (2009: HK\$133,211,000), HK\$369,340,000 (2009: HK\$332,560,000) and HK\$114,180,000 (2009: HK\$56,675,000) respectively, at the end of the reporting period.

As at 31 March 2009, the Group's properties held for sale (note 23) with carrying amounts of HK\$229,925,000 were pledged to certain banks as security for certain banking facilities granted by them.

In addition, the Company has executed guarantees in respect of borrowing facilities granted to certain of the Company's subsidiaries (note 39(a)).

All of the bank borrowings of the Group bear interest at floating interest rates. The carrying amounts of the bank borrowings approximate to their fair values.

The carrying amounts of the Group's bank borrowings denominated in various currencies are as follows:

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		— ₹ ₹ I	— < < / /
		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
港元	Hong Kong dollars	695,368	618,052
人民幣	Renminbi	_	21,378
歐元	Euro	9,407	
		704,775	639,430
		704,775	039,2

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33. 遞延税項

33. DEFERRED TAX

於本年度內,遞延税務負債及資產之 變動如下: The movements in deferred tax liabilities and assets during the year are as follows:

遞延税項負債

Deferred tax liabilities

		重估 投資物業 Revaluation of investment properties 千港元 HK\$'000	撥備超出有關 折舊部分 Allowance in excess of related depreciation 千港元 HK\$*000	預扣税 Withholding taxes 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零零八年四月一日	At 1 April 2008	(246,365)	(4,711)	_	(251,076)
年內計入損益表/ (於損益表扣除) 之遞延税項	Deferred tax credited/(charged) to the income statement during the year	1,034	(3,345)	(18,968)	(21,279)
匯兑調整	Exchange realignment	(6,064)	_	_	(6,064)
於二零零九年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2009	(251,395)	(8,056)	(18,968)	(278,419)
		重估 投資物業 Revaluation of investment properties 千港元 HK\$'000	撥備超出有關 折舊部分 Allowance in excess of related depreciation 千港元 HK\$'000	預扣税 Withholding taxes 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
於二零零四年四月一日	At 1 April 2009	投資物業 Revaluation of investment properties 千港元	折舊部分 Allowance in excess of related depreciation 千港元	Withholding taxes 千港元	Total 千港元
於二零零四年四月一日 年內於損益表扣除 之遞延税項	At 1 April 2009 Deferred tax charged to the income statement during the year	投資物業 Revaluation of investment properties 千港元 HK\$'000	折舊部分 Allowance in excess of related depreciation 千港元 HK\$'000	Withholding taxes 千港元 HK\$'000	Total 千港元 HK\$'000
年內於損益表扣除	Deferred tax charged to the income statement	投資物業 Revaluation of investment properties 千港元 HK\$'000 (251,395)	折舊部分 Allowance in excess of related depreciation 千港元 HK\$*000 (8,056)	Withholding taxes 千港元 HK\$'000 (18,968)	Total 千港元 HK\$'000 (278,419)

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財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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33. 遞延税項 (續)

遞延税項資產

集團

33. DEFERRED TAX (Cont'd)

Deferred tax assets

GROUP

土地增值税撥備 Provision of land appreciation tax 千港元 HK\$'000

63,071

於二零零八年四月一日 年內計入損益表之遞延税項

於二零零九年三月三十一日 及二零零九年四月一日

年內計入損益表之遞延税項

匯兑調整

於二零一零年三月三十一日

本集團於香港產生之税項虧損為238,158,000港元(二零零九年:241,825,000港元),可用作無限期抵銷出現虧損之公司之未來應課税溢利。長期產生虧損之附屬公司所產生之該等虧損則不會確認為遞延税項資產,且將應課稅溢利用於沖抵稅項虧損被視作不可能。

本公司派付予其股東之股息並無任何 所得税後果。 At 1 April 2008 —

Deferred tax credited to the income statement during the year 29,051

At 31 March 2009 and 1 April 2009 29,051

Deferred tax credited to the income statement during the year 33,633 Exchange realignment 387

At 31 March 2010

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$238, 158,000 (2009: HK\$241,825,000) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

Pursuant to the Corporate Income Tax ("CIT") Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and jurisdiction of the foreign investors. The Group is therefore liable to withholding taxes on dividends distributed by its subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

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34. 股本

34. SHARE CAPITAL

股份 Shares

COMPANY 二零零九年

公司

二零一零年 二零零九年 2010 2009 千港元 千港元 HK\$'000 HK\$'000

法定: Authorised:

2,000,000,000股 2,000,000 ordinary shares

每股面值0.10港元之普通股 of HK\$0.10 each 200,000 200,000

已發行及繳足: Issued and fully paid:

845,315,903股 (二零零九年: 845,315,903 (2009: 838,215,903) 838,215,903股) 每股面值 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each

0.10港元之普通股 83,821

年內,因本集團購股權獲行使而以認購價每股0.82港元(二零零九年:0.82港元)發行7,100,000(二零零九年:750,000股)每股面值0.10港元之股份,總現金代價為5,822,000港元(二零零九年:615,000港元)(扣除開支前)。

During the year, 7,100,000 (2009: 750,000) shares of HK\$0.10 each were issued for cash at a subscription price of HK\$0.82 (2009: HK\$0.82) per share pursuant to the exercise of the Company's share options for a total cash consideration, before expenses of HK\$5,822,000 (2009: HK\$615,000).

購股權

本公司購股權計劃之詳情載於財務報 表附註35。

Share options

Details of the Company's share option scheme are included in note 35 to the financial statements.



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35. 購股權計劃

本公司現時設立一項購股權計劃(「計劃」),為本集團成功營運作出貢獻之合資格參與者提供獎勵及回報。該計劃之合資格參與者包括本公司之董事(包括獨立非執行董事)及本集團其他僱員。

目前准許根據該計劃授出之尚未行使 購股權最高數目,合共不得超過本公 司任何時間已發行股份之10%。

本公司之計劃概要如下:

目的

Purpose

參與者

Participants

可予發行之普通股總數及於年報發表 日期佔已發行股本之百分比

Total number of ordinary shares available for issue and the percentage of the issued share capital that it represents as at the date of the annual report

每名參與者之最高配額

Maximum entitlement of each participant

根據購股權必須認購證券之期限 Period within which the securities must be taken up under an option

於行使前必須持有購股權之最低期限 Minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised

35. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company currently operates a share option scheme (the "Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Eligible participants of the Scheme include the Company's directors, including independent non-executive directors, and other employees of the Group.

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the Scheme must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time.

A summary of the Scheme of the Company is as follows:

為鼓勵合資格參與者於達致本公司目標時作出最佳表現,同時讓彼 等分享曾作出努力及貢獻而達致之本公司業務成果。

To encourage eligible participants to perform their best in achieving the goals of the Company while at the same time allow them to share the fruits of the Company's business achieved through their effort and contribution.

本公司或其任何附屬公司之行政人員、僱員或董事(包括執行董事及非執行董事)。

Executives or employees or directors (including both executive directors and non-executive directors) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

40,196,590股普通股及已發行股本之4.7%。

40, 196, 590 ordinary shares and 4.7% of the issued share capital.

不得超過於任何12個月期間本公司已發行股本之1%。

Shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company in any 12-month period.

由董事釐定及知會每名承授人,但於任何情況下不遲於授出購股權當日後十年內,惟受有關提前終止之條文所規限。

Determined and notified by the directors to each grantee, but shall end in any event not later than 10 years from the date of the grant of options subject to the provisions for early termination thereof.

由董事釐定及載於有關邀約函件中。

To be determined by the directors and included in the relevant offer letters.

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35. 購股權計劃 (續)

本公司之計劃概要如下:(續)

於接納時應付款項 Amount payable on acceptance

釐定行使價之基準

Basis for determining the exercise price

計劃之餘下年期

The remaining life of the Scheme

購股權並無賦予持有人收取股息或於 股東大會上投票之權利。

年內根據計劃尚未行使之購股權如 下:

35. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Cont'd)

A summary of the Scheme of the Company is as follows: (Cont'd)

無。

Nil.

由董事釐定,但必須為以下之最高者(i)股份之面值;(ii)於邀請授出購股權當日(必須為營業日),在聯交所日報表所報普通股之收市價;及(iii)緊接授出購股權日期前五個營業日,普通股於聯交所日報表所報之平均收市價。

Determined by the directors but must be the highest of (i) the nominal value of shares; (ii) the closing price of the ordinary shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of offer of the share options, which must be a business day; and (iii) the average closing price of the ordinary shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant of options.

計劃維持有效,直至二零一二年八月二十七日。 The Scheme remains in force until 27 August 2012.

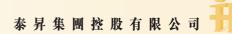
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Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

The following share options were outstanding under the Scheme during the year:

一更更力在

		_ ~ ~ _	_ 令 一 夸 干		_	
		20	10	200	09	
		加權		加權		
		平均		平均		
		行使價	購股權	行使價	購股權	
		Weighted	數目	Weighted	數目	
		average	Number	average	Number	
		exercise price	of options	exercise price	of options	
		港元	Ŧ	港元	F	
		HK\$	′000	HK\$	′000	
		每股		每股		
		per share		per share		
年初	At beginning of year	0.82	34,250	0.82	35,000	
年內行使	Exercised during the year	0.82	(7,100)	0.82	(750)	
年內失效	Lapsed during the year	0.82	(800)	_		
年終	At end of year	0.82	26,350	0.82	34,250	



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35. 購股權計劃 (續)

35. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Cont'd)

於報告期末,尚未行使購股權之行使 價及行使期間如下: The exercise prices and exercise periods of the share options outstanding as at that end of the reporting period are as follows:

二零一零年	二零零九年		
2010	2009	/- / - / /	/= (+ ++n pp
購股權數目	購股權數目	行使價*	行使期限
Number of options	Number of options	Exercise price*	Exercise periods
Ŧ	Ŧ 1222	每股港元	
′000	′000	HK\$ per share	
			二零零七年九月五日
			至二零一一年八月二十三日
1,375	2,125	0.82	5-9-2007 to 23-8-2011
			二零零七年九月六日
			至二零一一年八月二十三日
625	625	0.82	6-9-2007 to 23-8-2011
			二零零七年九月二十七日
			至二零一一年八月二十三日
2,000	4,000	0.82	27-9-2007 to 23-8-2011
			二零零七年八月三十日
			至二零一一年八月二十三日
100	1,250	0.82	30-8-2007 to 23-8-2011
			二零零八年八月二十四日
			至二零一一年八月二十三日
6,750	8,750	0.82	24-8-2008 to 23-8-2011
			二零零九年八月二十四日
			至二零一一年八月二十三日
6,750	8,750	0.82	24-8-2009 to 23-8-2011
			二零一零年八月二十四日
			至二零一一年八月二十三日
8,750	8,750	0.82	24-8-2010 to 23-8-2011
26,350	34,250	0.82	
		0.02	

^{*} 購股權之行使價須就供股或紅股發 行,或本公司股本中其他類似變動而 作出調整。

於二零零九年六月二十四日,總數 800,000之購股權於一名僱員辭職後已 失效。 On 24 June 2009, a total of 800,000 share options lapsed upon resignation of an employee.

^{*} The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

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35. 購股權計劃 (續)

年內行使7,100,000份購股權導致發行7,100,000股本公司普通股,及710,000港元的新股本及5,112,000港元的股份溢價(扣除發行開支前),詳情載於財務報表附註34。

於報告期末,根據計劃,本公司有26,350,000份(二零零九年:34,250,000份)購股權尚未行使。根據本公司現行股本結構,全面行使尚未行使之購股權將導致本公司額外發行26,350,000股(二零零九年:34,250,000港元(二零零九年:3,425,000港元),股份溢價(扣除發行開支前)為18,972,000港元(二零零九年:24,660,000港元)。

於報告期後,兩名董事行使合共 3,000,000份購股權,導致本公司發行 3,000,000股普通股新股,令股本新增 300,000港元及股份溢價2,160,000港 元。

於批准該等財務報表當日,根據計劃,本公司有23,350,000份(二零零九年:33,450,000份)購股權尚未行使, 佔本公司當日已發行股份約2.8%(二零零九年:4.1%)。

36. 儲備

(a) 集團

於本年度及過往年度本集團儲備 金額及其變動於財務報表第41頁 之綜合權益變動表呈列。

根據中外合營企業之有關法例及 條例,本集團在中國註冊之附屬 公司之溢利部份已轉撥至限定使 用之法定儲備。

35. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Cont'd)

The 7,100,000 share options exercised during the year resulted in the issue of 7,100,000 ordinary shares of the Company and new share capital of HK\$710,000 and share premium of HK\$5,112,000 (before issue expenses), as further detailed in note 34 to the financial statements.

At the end of the reporting period, the Company had 26,350,000 (2009: 34,250,000) share options outstanding under the Scheme. The exercise in full of the outstanding share options would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 26,350,000 (2009: 34,250,000) additional ordinary shares of the Company and additional share capital of HK\$2,635,000 (2009: HK\$3,425,000) and share premium of HK\$18,972,000 (2009: HK\$24,660,000) before issue expenses.

Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, a total of 3,000,000 share options were exercised by two directors resulted in the issue of 3,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company with additional new share capital of HK\$300,000 and share premium of HK\$2,160,000.

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the Company had 23,350,000 (2009: 33,450,000) share options outstanding under the Scheme, which represented approximately 2.8% (2009: 4.1%) of the Company's shares in issue as at that date.

36. RESERVES

(a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 41 of the financial statements.

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations for Sino-foreign joint venture enterprises, a portion of the profits of the Group's subsidiaries which are registered in the PRC has been transferred to statutory reserves which are restricted as to use.



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36. 儲備 (續)

36. RESERVES (Cont'd)

(b) 公司

(b) Company

		附註 Notes	股份溢價賬 Share premium account 千港元 HK\$'000	繳入盈餘 Contributed surplus 千港元 HK\$'000	購股權儲備 Share option reserve 千港元 HK\$*000	保留溢利/ (累計虧損) Retained profits/ (accumulated losses) 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零零八年 四月一日	At 1 April 2008		518,437	29,950	7,725	4,079	560,191
本年度溢利	Profit for the year					16,841	16,841
年內全面收益 總額 股本結算購	Total comprehensive income for the year Equity-settled share option		_	_	_	16,841	16,841
股權安排	arrangements		_	_	5,193	_	5,193
行使購股權 已宣派及支付 二零零八年	Exercise of share options 2008 final dividend declared and	35	816	_	(276)	_	540
末期股息 二零零九年中	paid 2009 interim	12	_	_	_	(12,562)	(12,562)
期股息	dividend	12				(8,382)	(8,382)
於二零零九年 三月三十一日及 二零零九年 四月一日 本年度溢利	At 31 March 2009 and 1 April 2009 Profit for the year		519,253 —	29,950	12,642 —	(24) 29,998	561,821 29,998
年內全面收益 總額 股本結算購股權	Total comprehensive income for the year Equity-settled share option			_	_	29,998	29,998
安排 行使購股權 已宣派及支付 二零零九年	arrangements Exercise of share options 2009 final dividend declared	35	— 8,858	_ _	2,054 (3,746)	- -	2,054 5,112
末期股息 二零一零年 中期股息	and paid 2010 interim dividend	12 12				(12,573)	(12,573) (12,588)
三零一零年 三月三十一日	At 31 March 2010		528,111	29,950	10,950	4,813	573,824

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

36. 儲備 (續)

(b) 公司(續)

本公司繳入盈餘指於本公司股份 上市前,根據於一九九一年之集 團重組所購入之附屬公司股份公 平值,較交換本公司已發行股份 之面值之餘額。根據一九八一年 百慕達公司法,在若干情況下, 本公司可自繳入盈餘分派予股 東。

37. 經營租約安排

(a) 作為出租人

本集團根據經營租約安排,以租約年期介乎六至七十二個月,出租其若干機器(附註14)及其投資物業(附註15)。租約條款一般亦要求租戶及客戶支付抵押訂金及按當時市況定期作出租金調整。

於報告期末,本集團根據與其租 戶及客戶訂立之不可撤銷經營租 約於以下年期之未來最低應收租 金總額如下:

36. RESERVES (Cont'd)

(b) Company (Cont'd)

The contributed surplus of the Company represents the excess of the fair value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group reorganisation in 1991 prior to the listing of the Company's shares, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor. Under the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, the Company may make distributions to its members out of the contributed surplus under certain circumstances.

37. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

(a) As lessor

The Group leases certain of its machinery (note 14) and its investment properties (note 15) under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from six to seventy-two months. The terms of the leases generally also require the tenants and customers to pay security deposits and provide for periodic rental adjustments according to the then prevailing market conditions.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants and customers falling due as follows:

集 国

			木団
			GROUP
		二零一零年	二零零九年
		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
一年內 第二至第五年	Within one year In the second to fifth years,	65,011	65,676
(包括首尾兩年)	inclusive	35,857	43,620
		100,868	109,296

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37. 經營租約安排(續)

(b) 作為承租人

本集團根據經營租約安排,以租 約年期介乎十二至六十個月,承 租若干辦公室物業、貨倉、員工 宿舍及若干機器。

於報告期末,本集團根據不可撤 銷經營租約於以下年期之未來最 低租約付款總額如下:

37. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS (Cont'd)

(b) As lessee

The Group leases certain of its office properties, warehouses, staff quarters and certain machinery under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from twelve to sixty months.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

			集團		
		(GROUP		
		二零一零年	二零零九年		
		2010	2009		
		千港元	千港元		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
一年內 第二至第五年	Within one year In the second to fifth years,	8,724	9,284		
(包括首尾兩年)	inclusive	5,868	3,872		
		14,592	13,156		

本公司於報告期末並無任何經營 租約安排(二零零九年:無)。 The Company did not have any operating lease arrangement at the end of the reporting period (2009: Nil).

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38. 承擔

除上文附註37(b)詳述之經營租約承擔外,於報告期末,本集團有資本承擔如下:

38. COMMITMENTS

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in note 37(b) above, the Group had the following capital commitments at the end of the reporting period:

		集團		
		GROUP		
		二零一零年	二零零九年	
		2010	2009	
		千港元	千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
已授權,但未訂約	Authorised, but not contracted for			
物業、機器及設備	Property, plant and equipment	9,798	9,479	
已訂約,但未作撥備	Contracted, but not provided for			
物業、機器及設備	Property, plant and equipment	52,563	23,446	
		62,361	32,925	

此外,本集團就發展中物業之已訂約 但未作撥備之承擔於二零一零年三月 三十一日為226,952,000港元(二零零 九年:257,382,000港元)。

於報告期末,本公司並無重大承擔(二零零九年:無)。

In addition, the Group had contracted, but not provided for, commitments in respect of construction works relating to properties under development amounting to HK\$226,952,000 (2009: HK\$257,382,000) as at 31 March 2010.

The Company had no significant commitments at the end of the reporting period (2009: Nil).



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39. 或然負債

(a) 於報告期末,未於財務報表內作 出撥備之或然負債如下:

39. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

(a) At the end of the reporting period, contingent liabilities not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

		未 國		Д Н		
		GRO	OUP	COMP	MPANY	
		二零一零年	二零零九年	二零一零年	二零零九年	
		2010	2009	2010	2009	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
就財務機構 向附屬公司批出 一般信貸貸款 而給予之擔保	Guarantees given to financial institutions in connection with general credit facilities granted to subsidiaries	_	_	1,406,398	1,040,366	
就履約保證書 而作出之擔保	Guarantees in respect of performance bonds	135,154	154,041	135,154	154,041	
	-	135,154	154,041	1,541,552	1,194,407	

於二零一零年三月三十一日,聯營公司並未動用獲財務機構授出的信貸貸款,而本集團及本公司已就其作出擔保(二零零九年:無)。

As at 31 March 2010, the associates did not utilise the credit facilities granted by financial institutions, to which the Group and the Company have given guarantees (2009: Nil).

- (b) 於二零零八年六月十六日,本集 團向上海市第一中級人民法院 (「上海法院」)提出仲裁,撤銷與 第三方簽訂之最高限額達人民幣 5,180,000元(約5,914,000港元) 之服務費之服務合約,此乃由於 本集團與第三方就合約條款出現 分歧所致(「上海行動」)。於二零 零八年九月九日,上海行動之被 告向上海法院提出反對,並申訴 稱分歧之判決須根據香港法例而 非中國法例進行。反對意見於二 零零八年十一月遭上海法院駁 回,且上訴上海法院之決定亦於 二零零九年一月遭上海市高級人 民法院駁回。於二零零九年二月 二十七日,本集團接獲上海法院 通知,上海行動之被告提交一份 反申索,要求本集團支付人民幣 5,180,000元。上海法院於二零零 九年九月聆訊反申訴,本集團正 等待上海法院的判決。
- On 16 June 2008, the Group lodged a petition to the Shanghai First Intermediate People's Court (the "Shanghai Court") to rescind a service contract signed with a third party for a service fee of up to a maximum amount of RMB5, 180,000 (approximately HK\$5,914,000) as a result of a dispute in the contract terms between the Group and the third party (the "Shanghai Action"). On 9 September 2008, the defendant of the Shanghai Action submitted its objection to the Shanghai Court and claimed that the adjudication of the disputes should be raised under Hong Kong Law instead of PRC Law. The objection was dismissed by the Shanghai Court in November 2008 and the appeal against the decision of the Shanghai Court was also dismissed by the Shanghai Higher People's Court in January 2009. On 27 February 2009, the Group received the notification from the Shanghai Court that the defendant of the Shanghai Action submitted a counterclaim and requested the Group to make the payment of RMB5, 180,000. The Shanghai Court heard the counterclaim in September 2009 and the Group is waiting for the judgement from the Shanghai Court.

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39. 或然負債 (續)

(b) *(續)*

於二零零八年九月十日,在香港 高等法院(「香港法院」)一審法庭 發出之法律文書中,上海訴訟之 被告要求本集團支付人民幣 5,180,000元(「香港訴訟」)。本集 團已於二零零八年十月二十八日 向香港法院申請保留所有以上海 法院為受益人之香港行動之其他 訴訟程序,原因是上海法院較香 港法院更為適宜對所產生之分歧 進行判決。上述申請於二零零九 年十二月四日聆訊,香港法院辦 令保留所有以上海法院為受益人 之香港行動之其他訴訟程序,上 海訴訟之被告應支付本集團的費 用。

經考慮本集團中國法律顧問之法 律意見,董事相信本集團在上, 行動方面有充分理由。此外,法 考慮本集團香港法律顧問之法律 意見,董事相信倘香港行動被要 求於香港審理,本集團有充分理 由辯護。因此,董事認為無須計 提服務費用。

39. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

(b) (Cont'd)

On 10 September 2008, by a writ issued in the Court of First Instance of the High Court of Hong Kong (the "Hong Kong Court"), the defendant of the Shanghai Action, claimed the Group for the payment of RMB5, 180,000 (the "Hong Kong Action"). The Group applied on 28 October 2008 to the Hong Kong Court to stay all further proceedings in the Hong Kong Action in favour of the Shanghai Court on the ground that the Shanghai Court is a more appropriate forum than the Hong Kong Court for the adjudication of the disputes raised. The said application was heard on 4 December 2009 and the Hong Kong Court ordered that all further proceedings in the Hong Kong Action be stayed in favour of the Shanghai Court and that the defendant of the Shanghai Action should pay the costs of the Group.

Having considered the legal advice from the Group's PRC legal counsels, the directors believe that the Group has a good case in respect of the Shanghai Action. In addition, taking into account legal advice from the Group's Hong Kong legal counsels, the directors believe that the Group also has good grounds of defence in case the Hong Kong Action is ordered to proceed in Hong Kong. Accordingly, the directors consider that no provision for the service fee is necessary.

i ii.

財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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40. 關連人士交易

除該等財務報表其他地方披露者外, 本集團於年內與關連人士訂立下列交 易:

(a) 與關連人士之未償還結存

於報告期末,本集團與聯營公司 款項餘額之詳情載於財務報表附 註20。於報告期末,本集團就財 務機構向聯營公司批出一般信貸 貸款而給予之擔保載於財務報表 附註39(a)。

(b) 本集團主要管理人員之報酬如下

短期僱員福利 僱員購股權福利 僱用後福利

已付予主要管理人員 之報酬總額

40. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Save as disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year:

(a) Outstanding balance with related parties

Details of the Group's balances with its associates as at the end of the reporting period are included in note 20 to the financial statements. Guarantees given by the Group to financial institutions in connection with general credit facilities granted to its associates at the end of the reporting period are included in note 39(a) to the financial statements.

(b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

	集			
	GR	OUP		
	二零一零年	二零零九年		
	2010	2009		
	千港元	千港元		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Short term employee benefits	38,084	32,022		
Equity-settled share option expense	2,136	4,923		
Post-employment benefits	144	128		
Total compensation paid to key				
management personnel	40,364	37,073		

有關董事酬金詳情載於財務報表 附註8。

Further details of directors' remuneration are included in note 8 to the financial statements.

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40. 關連人士交易 (續)

- (c) 本集團就租賃位於上海之一項辦公室物業而產生應付予隆俊發展有限公司(由本公司一名執行董事錢永勛先生擁有50%權益)之租金開支1,890,000港元(二零零九年:1,910,000港元)。
- (d) 截至二零一零年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團於泰昇建築工程及其附 屬公司成為本集團聯營公司後,與 之訂立下列交易(附註20):
 - (1) 本集團向其聯營公司澳泰昇 及泰昇建築工程分判建築工 程約2,200,000港元:及
 - (2) 泰昇建築工程已向本集團一 附屬公司支付管理費 480,000港元。

本集團與其聯營公司根據相關協 議的條款訂立該等交易。

41. 出售附屬公司

(a) 出售附屬公司及視作收購聯營 公司

於二零零九年七月二十九日,本 集團與Victor Create訂立協議就其 擁有50%控股權之附屬公司,泰 昇建築工程,以代價510,000港元 出售其於泰昇建築工程1%股權, 並以代價50,000港元將本集團授 予泰昇建築工程之貸款50,000港 元轉讓予Victor Create。泰昇建築 工程及其附屬公司主要從事建築 工程服務。緊隨出售後,本集團 於泰昇建築工程之權益減少至 49%,而泰昇建築工程及其附屬 公司成為本集團之聯營公司(附註 20)。Victor Create由本公司一名 董事兼主要股東擁有60%股權, 並由本公司另一名董事兼主要股 東之子擁有40%股權。根據上市 規則,該項交易構成一項關連交 易。有關該項交易的詳細資料, 已披露於本公司於二零零九年七 月二十九日刊發之公佈內。

40. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

- (c) The Group incurred rental expenses to Land Smart Development Limited, a company owned as to 50% by Mr. David Chien, an executive director of the Company, in respect of a lease for an office property in Shanghai of HK\$1,890,000 (2009: HK\$1,910,000).
- (d) During the year ended 31 March 2010, the Group had the following transactions with TBC and its subsidiaries after they became associates of the Group (note 20):
 - (1) the Group subcontracted building works of approximately HK\$2,200,000 to its associates, Mac Tysan and TBC; and
 - (2) TBC, paid management fee of HK\$480,000 to one of the subsidiaries of the Group.

These transactions were entered into by the Group and its associates in accordance with the terms of the relevant agreements.

41. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

(a) Disposal of subsidiaries and deemed acquisition of associates

On 29 July 2009, the Group entered into an agreement with Victor Create for the disposal of its 1% equity interest in TBC, a then 50%-owned subsidiary, at a consideration of HK\$510,000 and for the assignment of the loan granted by the Group to TBC of HK\$50,000 to Victor Create at a consideration of HK\$50,000. TBC and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the provision of building and construction works. Immediately following the disposal, the Group's interest in TBC reduced to 49% and TBC and its subsidiaries became associates of the Group thereafter (note 20). Victor Create is owned as to 60% by a director and substantial shareholder of the Company and 40% by the son of another director and substantial shareholder of the Company. The transaction constituted a connected transaction in accordance with the Listing Rules. Further details of the transaction were disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 29 July 2009.

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千港元

41. 出售附屬公司(續)

41. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

(a) 出售附屬公司及視作收購聯營 公司(續) (a) Disposal of subsidiaries and deemed acquisition of associates (Cont'd)

		HK\$'000
已出售的資產淨值:	Net assets disposed of:	
物業、機器及設備	Property, plant and equipment	29
向被投資方貸款	Loan to an investee	24,560
應收同係附屬公司款項	Amounts due from fellow subsidiaries	4,939
應收合約工程客戶款項	Amounts due from customers for contract works	7,506
貿易應收賬款	Trade receivables	9,926
其他應收款項、預付款項及按金	Other receivables, prepayments and deposits	609
預付税項	Tax prepaid	207
現金及銀行結餘	Cash and bank balances	13,115
貿易應付賬款及應計費用	Trade payables and accruals	(15,107)
其他應付款項及已收按金	Other payables and deposits received	(608)
應付合約工程客戶款項	Amounts due to customers for contract works	(3,765)
應付税項	Tax payable	(899)
股東貸款	Loan from a shareholder	(2,500)
法定儲備	Statutory reserves	(12)
少數股東權益	Minority interests	(20,250)
		17,750
已轉讓貸款	Loan assigned	50
出售附屬公司權益所得收益	Gain on disposal of interests in subsidiaries	155
		17,955
償付方式:	Satisfied by:	
視作收購聯營公司	Deemed acquisition of associates	17,395
現金代價	Cash consideration	560
		17,955

有關出售附屬公司之現金及等同 現金項目流出淨額分析:

An analysis of the net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of subsidiaries is as follows:

		千港元 HK\$′000
現金代價 已出售之現金及銀行結餘	Cash consideration Cash and bank balances disposed of	560 (13,115)
有關出售附屬公司之現金及 等同現金項目流出淨額	Net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of subsidiaries	(12,555)

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41. 出售附屬公司 (續)

(b) 出售附屬公司之部分權益

於二零零九年十月十六日,本集團向一名獨立第三方出售其當時擁有60%控股權之附屬公司,泰昇貿易有限公司之10%的股權,代價為10港元。從而產生虧損298,000港元。

42. 按類別劃分之金融工具

於報告期末,各類金融工具之賬面值 如下:

集團

金融資產

41. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

(b) Disposal of partial interest in a subsidiary

On 16 October 2009, the Group disposed of its 10% equity interest in Tysan Trading Company Limited, a then 60%-owned subsidiary, to an independent third party at a consideration of HK\$10 and resulted in a loss of HK\$298,000.

42. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

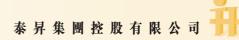
一雨雨十左

GROUP

Financial assets

一壶 泰年

			二零一零年			二零零九年	
			2010			2009	
			按公平值計入			按公平值計入	
			損益之金融資產			損益之金融資產	
			一持作買賣			一持作買賣	
			Financial assets			Financial assets	
			at fair value			at fair value	
		貸款及	through profit		貸款及	through profit	
		應收款項	or loss —		應收款項	or loss-	
		Loans and	held for	共計	Loans and	held for	共計
		receivables	trading	Total	receivables	trading	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
向聯營公司貸款	Loan to an associate						
(附註20)	(note 20)	2,450	_	2,450	_	_	_
貿易應收賬款	Trade receivables	397,411	_	397,441	300,165	_	300,165
按公平值計入	Equity investments						
損益之股份投資	at fair value						
	through profit or loss	_	4,002	4,002	_	2,501	2,501
其他應收款項	Other receivables	26,497	_	26,497	12,555	_	12,555
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial						
	instruments	_	12	12	_	_	_
定期存款	Time deposits	952,375	_	952,375	96,477	_	96,477
受限制現金	Restricted cash	114,180	_	114,180	56,675	_	56,675
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank						
	balances	396,865		396,865	125,416		125,416
		1,889,808	4,014	1,893,822	591,288	2,501	593,789



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42. 按類別劃分之金融工具(續)

42. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (Cont'd)

集團 (續) GROUP (Cont'd)

金融負債 Financial liabilities

		二零一零年 2010			二零零九年 2009	
		按公平值 計入損益			按公平值 計入損益	
	按攤銷成本	按攤銷成本		之金融資產-	之金融資產-	
	列賬之金融負債	列賬之金融負債	總計	持作買賣	持作買賣	總計
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		Financial			Financial	
		liabilities			liabilities	
		at fair value			at fair value	
	Financial	through profit		Financial	through profit	
	liabilities	or loss -		liabilities	or loss -	
	at amortised	held for		at amortised	held for	
	cost	trading	Total	cost	trading	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應付貿易賬款及 Trade payables and						
應付保固金 retention payables	225,786	_	225,786	310,007	_	310,007
其他應付款項 Other payables	13,196	_	13,196	20,885	_	20,885
衍生金融工具 Derivative financial						
instruments	_	1,746	1,746	_	_	_
附息銀行借貸 Interest-bearing						
bank borrowings	704,775	_	704,775	639,430	_	639,430
來自聯營公司之貸款 Loan from an associate	24,560		24,560			
	968,317	1,746	970,063	970,322		970,322

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42. 按類別劃分之金融工具 (續) 42. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (Cont'd)

公司	COMPANY		
金融資產	Financial assets		
		二零一零年	二零零九年
		2010	2009
		貸款及	貸款
		應收款項	及應收款項
		Loans and	Loans and
		receivables	receivables
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
附屬公司之欠款	Amounts due from subsidiaries		
(附註19)	(note 19)	828,492	775,123
銀行結存	Bank balances	276	193
		828,768	775,316
金融負債	Financial liabilities		
		二零一零年	二零零九年
		2010	2009
		按攤銷	按攤銷
		成本列賬	成本列賬
		之金融負債	之金融負債
		Financial	Financial
		liabilities	liabilities
		at amortised	at amortised
		cost	cost
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
欠附屬公司之款項(附註19)	Amounts due to subsidiaries (note 19)	188,757	146,169
應付貿易賬款(附註29)	Trade payables (note 29)	10	6
		188,767	146,175
		·	

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財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

43. 公平值等級架構

本集團採用以下等級架構釐定及披露 金融工具之公平值:

第1層:按相若資產或負債於活躍市場 之未經調整報價計算的公平值

第2層: 以對所錄得公平值有重要影響 之輸入數據均可直接或間接觀 察之估值方法計算的公平值

第3層: 以對所錄得公平值有重要影響 之輸入數據均非市場觀察可得 數據(並非觀察可得輸入數據) 之估值方法計算的公平值

於二零一零年三月三十一日,本集團 持有下列按公平值計量之金融工具:

於二零一零年三月三十一日按公平值 計量之資產:

43. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments:

Level 1: fair values measured based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: fair values measured based on valuation techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly

Level 3: fair values measured based on valuation techniques for which any inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

As at 31 March 2010, the Group held the following financial instruments measured at fair value:

Assets measured at fair value as at 31 March 2010:

		第1層 Level 1 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	第2層 Level 2 <i>千港元</i> HK\$′000	第3層 Level 3 <i>千港元</i> HK\$′000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
股份投資	uity investments at fair value through profit or loss erivative financial	4,002	_	_	4,002
	instruments		12		12
	_	4,002	12		4,014

於二零一零年三月三十一日按公平值 計量之負債: Liabilities measured at fair value as at 31 March 2010:

	第1層	第2層	第3層	總計
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Derivative financial				
instruments		1,746		1,746

截至二零一零年三月三十一日止年度,第1層與第2層並無轉換公平值計量,第3層亦並無轉入或轉出。

衍生金融工具

During the year ended 31 March 2010, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3.

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

44. 財務風險管理目標及政策

信貸風險

本集團之主要金融資產為現金及銀行 結存、以及應收貿易賬款及其他應收 款項。

由於與本集團交易之銀行均具備國際 信貸評級機構授予之高信貸評級,故 銀行結存之信貸風險不大。

利率風險

本集團面臨之利率變動風險主要由於 附息銀行借貸產生。浮息借貸使本集 團面臨利率風險。本集團目前並無利 率對沖政策。儘管如此,管理層監控 本集團所面臨之利率風險並將考慮需 要時訂立利率掉期以減少利率波動風 險。

44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's major financial instruments include cash and bank balances, trade and other receivables, equity investments at fair value through profit or loss, derivative financial instruments, trade and other payables and bank borrowings. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes to these financial statements. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure that appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Credit risk

The Group's principal financial assets are cash and bank balances, and trade and other receivables.

The credit risk on bank balances is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade and other receivables. Management monitors each individual trade debt on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant. The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk, with the exposure spreading over a large number of counterparties and customers. Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade and other receivables are disclosed in notes 25 and 26 to the financial statements.

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to changes in interest rates is mainly attributable to its interest-bearing bank borrowings. Borrowings at variable rates expose the Group to interest rate risk. The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, management monitors the Group's interest rate exposure and considers entering into interest rate swaps to reduce its exposure to interest rate fluctuations should the need arise.

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財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

44. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

利率風險(續)

下表列示在所有其他變數維持不變之情況下,本集團之除稅前溢利(透過對浮息借貸之影響)及本集團之權益(未計對稅項之任何影響前)對利率出現合理可能變動之敏感性。

44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Interest rate risk (Cont'd)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (through the impact on floating rate borrowings) and the Group's equity (before any impact on tax).

利率

上調

rate

Increase

in interest

集團 GROUP 除税前溢利

Increase/

(decrease)

before tax

in profit

權益

減少*

Decrease

in equity*

增加/(減少)

			十港元 HK\$'000	十港元 HK\$'000
二零一零年	2010	100 基點		
銀行貸款衍生金融工具	Banks loans Derivative financial	100 basis points 100 基點	(7,048)	_
1)] T T MM T X	instruments	100 basis points	2,000	_
二零零九年	2009	100 基點		
銀行貸款	Banks loans	100 basis points	(6,394)	_

^{*} 不包括保留盈利

外滙風險

本集團主要於香港及中國內地經營業務,其大部分交易均以港元及人民幣結算。本年度,本集團之銀行借貸以港元及歐元(二零零九年:港元及人民幣)計值。

管理層持續監察本集團所面對之貨幣 風險,並將於有需要時考慮訂立遠期 外滙合約。

Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates mainly in Hong Kong and Mainland China with most of its transactions settled in Hong Kong dollars and Renminbi. In the current year, the Group had bank borrowings denominated in Hong Kong dollars and Euro (2009: Hong Kong dollars and Renminbi).

Management monitors the Group's currency exposure on an ongoing basis and considers entering into forward currency contracts when the need arises.

Excluding retained profits

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

44. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

外滙風險(續)

下表列示於報告期末,在所有其他變數維持不變之情況下,本集團之除稅前溢利(因貨幣資產及負債之公平值出現變動)對歐元匯率出現合理可能變動之敏感性。

Foreign exchange risk (Cont'd)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity at the end of the reporting period to a reasonably possible change in the Euro exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities).

集團 GROUP

	除税前溢利	歐元匯率
權益增加/	增加/(減少)	增加/(減少)
(減少) *	Increase/	Increase/
Increase/	(decrease)	(decrease) in
(decrease)	in profit	Euro
in equity *	before tax	rate
千港元	千港元	%
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	%

二零一零年	2010			
倘港元兑歐元弱勢	If Hong Kong dollar	_		
倘港元兑歐元強勢	weakens against Euro If Hong Kong dollar	5	(290)	_
	strengthens against Euro	5	290	_

二零零九年 2009

截至二零零九年三月三十一日,本集 團並無任何以歐元列值之貨幣資產及 負債。 The Group did not have any monetary assets and liabilities denominated in Euro as at 31 March 2009.

* 不包括保留盈利

* Excluding retained profits

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財務報表附註 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

44. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

流動資金風險

本集團之目標為透過利用銀行借貸在 持續獲取資金與靈活性之間保持平 衡。本集團定期檢討其主要資金狀 況,確保有足夠財務資源應付其財務 承擔。

根據已訂約未貼現賬款,以下載列本 集團及本公司於報告期末之金融負債 到期日:

集團

44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Liquidity risk

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank borrowings. The Group regularly reviews its major funding positions to ensure that it has adequate financial resources in meeting its financial obligations.

The maturity profile of the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

GROUP

				一条一条牛		
				2010		
			12 個月			
		按要求	以內	1至 5年	5年以上	
		償還	Less than	1 to 5	Over	總計
		On demand	12 months	years	5 years	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應付貿易賬款及應付保固金	Trade payables and retention payables	_	225,786	_	_	225,786
其他應付款項	Other payables	_	13,196	_	_	13,196
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	_	293	1,453	_	1,746#
附息銀行借貸	Interest-bearing bank borrowings	_	195,064	474,979	36,387	706,430
來自聯營公司的貸款	Loan from an associate	24,560				24,560
		24,560	434,339	476,432	36,387	971,718

- # 該金額指衍生金融工具(如遠期外匯 累計認購期權)將予交換之合約金額 (現金流量總額經已交換),另加支付 之固定/收取之浮動利率掉期之淨額 (現金流量淨額經已交換)。
- # The amount represents the contractual amount to be exchanged in a derivative financial instrument (e.g., forward currency accumulators) for which gross cash flows are exchanged, plus the net amount for pay-fixed/receive-floating interest rate swaps for which net cash flows are exchanged.

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44. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續) 44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

流動資金風險(續) Liquidity risk (Cont'd)

集團	GROUP	•				
				二零零九年		
				2009		
			12 個月			
		按要求	以內	1至5年	5年以上	44.11
		償還	Less than	1 to 5	Over	總計
		On demand	12 months	years	5 years	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應付貿易賬款及應付保固金	Trade payables and retention payables	_	310,007	_	_	310,007
其他應付款項	Other payables	_	20,885	_	_	20,885
附息銀行借貸	Interest-bearing bank borrowings		397,370	203,999	38,956	640,325
			728,262	203,999	38,956	971,217
公司	COMPA	ANY				
				二零一零年		
				2010		
			12 個月			
		按要求	以內	1至 5年	5年以上	44.11
		償還	Less than	1 to 5	Over	總計
		On demand	12 months	years	5 years	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$′000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
欠附屬公司之款項 (附註19)	Amounts due to subsidiaries (note 19)	188,757	_	_	_	188,757
應付貿易賬款			10			10
	Trade payables		10			10

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44. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

流動資金風險(續)

公司(續)

Liquidity risk (Cont'd)

COMPANY (Cont'd)

				二零零九年 2009		
			12個月			
		按要求	以內	1至5年	5年以上	
		償還	Less than	1 to 5	Over	總計
		On demand	12 months	years	5 years	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
欠附屬公司之款項 (附註19)	Amounts due to subsidiaries (note 19)	146,169	_	_	_	146,169
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables		6			6
		146,169	6			146,175

金融資產及金融負債之公平值

董事認為,於綜合財務狀況表所報告 之金融資產及金融負債之賬面值與其 各自之公平值相若。

Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities

The directors consider that the carrying amounts of the financial assets and financial liabilities reported in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate to their respective fair values.

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44. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

股本價格風險

股權價格風險是指因股權指數水平及個別證券之價值變動致使股權證券公平值降低之風險。於二零年及二零零九年三月三十一日,本集團面路因個別股份投資被分類為買賣股份投資(附註21)而引致之股權價格風險。本集團已上市投資乃於香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市,並按報告期末市場報價估值。

下表列示在所有其他變數維持不變之情況下,且未計及稅項影響前,於報告期末,股份投資之賬面值對股份投資公平值10%變動之敏感性。

Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair values of equity securities decrease as a result of changes in the levels of equity indices and the value of individual securities. The Group is exposed to equity price risk arising from individual equity investments classified as trading equity investments (note 21) as at 31 March 2010 and 2009. The Group's listed investments are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange and are valued at quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to every 10% decrease in the fair values of the equity investments, with all other variables held constant and before any impact on tax, based on their carrying amounts at the end of the reporting period.

除税前溢利

股份投資

之賬面值 Carrying of equity investments HK\$'000	減少 Decrease in profit before tax HK\$'000	權益 減少 * Decrease in equity* HK\$'000
4,002	400	
e 2,501	250	
	之賬面值 Carrying of equity investments HK\$'000	之賬面值 減少 Carrying Decrease in profit investments before tax HK\$'000 HK\$'000

^{*} 不包括保留盈利

^{*} Excluding retained profits



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44. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

資本管理

本集團資本管理之主要目標為確保本 集團有能力按持續經營業務之原則營 運及維持健康資本比率以支持其業務 並最大化股東價值。

本集團根據經濟狀況之變動管理其資本結構並作出調整。為維持或調整支付予股東之股息、退還股東之資本或發行新股份。於截至二零一零年三月三十一日及二零零九年三月三十一日止年度內,有關資本管理之目標、政策及程序並無作出任何變動。

44. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Company's capital management are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2010 and 31 March 2009.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by the total equity of the Group. The Group's policy is to maintain the gearing ratio not more than 50%. Net debt includes trade payables and retention payables, other payables, derivative financial instruments, interest-bearing bank borrowings and loan from an associate less cash and cash equivalents. Capital includes total equity of the Group. The gearing ratios as at the end of the reporting periods were as follows:

		二零一零年	二零零九年
		2010	2009
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應付貿易賬款 及應付保固金	Trade payables and retention payables	225,786	310,007
其他應付款項	Other payables	13,196	20,885
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	1,746	_
附息銀行借貸	Interest-bearing bank borrowings	704,775	639,430
聯營公司借款	Loan from an associate	24,560	_
減:定期存款	Less: Time deposits	(952,375)	(96,477)
受限制現金	Restricted cash	(114,180)	(56,675)
現金及銀行結存	Cash and bank balances	(396,865)	(125,416)
債務/(現金)淨額	Net debt/(cash)	(493,357)	691,754
總權益	Total equity	2,285,016	1,934,692
資本負債比率	Gearing ratio	N/A	36%

31 March 2010 二零一零年三月三十一日

45. 報告期後事項

於二零一零年六月十二日,本公司之 非全資附屬公司津港開發有限公司 (「津港開發」)、本公司之全資附屬公 司 Stonehill Limited(「Stonehill」)及本 公司非全資附屬公司Consco Investment Company Limited (「Consco」)之餘下股東天安(天津)投 資有限公司(「天安(天津)投資」)訂立 出售協議,在該協議所載之先決條件 的規限下,同意向一名獨立第三方出 售彼等於Consco的全部權益(包投股權 及債務權益),總代價約870,000,000 港元,當中598,000,000港元將由津港 開發及Stonehill收取(「出售事項」)。 Consco及其附屬公司的主要業務為物 業投資。根據上市規則,出售事項構 成本公司之非常重大出售事項而有關 出售事項之公佈已於二零一零年六月 二十二日刊發。

45. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 12 June 2010, Tianjin Development Company Limited ("TDC"), a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, Stonehill Limited ("Stonehill"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and Tian An (Tianjin) Investment Company Limited ("TAIC"), the remaining shareholder of Consco Investment Company Limited ("Consco"), a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a disposal agreement, subject to the conditions precedent set out therein, to sell and dispose of all their interests, inclusive of equity interest and debt interests, in Consco to an independent third party at a total consideration of approximately HK\$870 million, of which HK\$598 million will be receivable by TDC and Stonehill (the "Disposal"). The principal business of Consco and its subsidiary is property investment. The Disposal constitutes a very substantial disposal of the Company under the Listing Rules and an announcement of the Disposal was made on 22 June 2010.

46. 比較數字

若干比較數字已修訂,以符合本年度 之呈報。

47. 財務報表之核准

董事會已於二零一零年六月二十三日 批准及授權刊發財務報表。

46 COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

Certain comparative amounts have been revised to conform with the current year's presentation.

47. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 23 June 2010.