NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

1. 公司資料

泰昇集團控股有限公司為一間於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司。

本公司之註冊辦事處位於Clarendon House, Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda。本公司之主要營業地點 位於香港灣仔港灣道30號新鴻基中心6 樓。

於本年度內,本集團經營下列主要業 務:

- 地基打樁
- 機電及建築工程
- 機器租賃及買賣
- 物業投資及管理
- 物業發展

2.1 編製賬目之基準

本財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)及詮釋)、香港公認會計準則」)及詮釋)、香港公認會計準則及香港公司條例之披露規定,並資資數是大大大數量位,而所有價值均湊整至最接近之千位數值(「千港元」)。

綜合賬目基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度之財務報表。附屬公司之業績由收購日期(即本集團獲取控制權當日)起綜合賬目,直至該控制權終止之日為止。所有本集團內公司間之重大交易及結存,均已於綜合賬目時對銷。

少數股東權益乃指外界股東應佔本公司之附屬公司之業績及資產淨值所應 佔之利益。

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Tysan Holdings Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda.

The registered office of the Company is located at Clarendon House, Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda. The principal place of business of the Company is located at 6/F, Sun Hung Kai Centre, 30 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

During the year, the Group was involved in the following principal activities:

- foundation piling
- electrical and mechanical ("E&M") engineering and building construction
- machinery leasing and trading
- property investment and management
- property development

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which also include Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for the periodic remeasurement of investment properties and certain equity investments, which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand ("HK\$'000") except when otherwise indicated.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 March 2006. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. All significant intercompany transactions and balances within the Group are eliminated on consolidation.

Minority interests represent the interests of outside shareholders in the results and net assets of the Company's subsidiaries.



財務報表附註

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

2.2 新訂及經修訂之香港財務報告準則之影響

以下為影響本集團並於本年度財務報 表首次採納之新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則:

香港會計準則第1號

財務報表之呈報

香港會計準則第2號

存貨

香港會計準則第7號

現金流量表

香港會計準則第8號

會計政策、會計估計之

變更及錯誤

香港會計準則第10號

結算日後事項

香港會計準則第11號

建築合約

香港會計準則第12號

所得税

香港會計準則第14號

分類報告

香港會計準則第16號

物業、機器及設備

香港會計準則第17號

和賃

香港會計準則第18號

收益

香港會計準則第19號

僱員福利

香港會計準則第20號

政府補助金之會計法及

政府資助之披露

香港會計準則第21號

外幣滙率變動之影響

香港會計準則第23號

借款成本

香港會計準則第24號

有關連人士披露

香港會計準則第27號

綜合及獨立財務報表

香港會計準則第28號

於聯營公司之投資

香港會計準則第32號

金融工具:披露及呈報

2.2 IMPACT OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The following new and revised HKFRSs affect the Group and are adopted for the first time for the current year's financial statements:

HKAS 1

Presentation of Financial Statements

HKAS 2

Inventories

HKAS 7

Cash Flow Statements

HKAS 8

Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

HKAS 10

Events after the Balance Sheet Date

HKAS 11

Construction Contracts

HKAS 12

Income Taxes

HKAS 14

Segment Reporting

HKAS 16

Property, Plant and Equipment

HKAS 17

Leases

HKAS 18

Revenue

HKAS 19

Employee Benefits

HKAS 20

Accounting for Government Grants and

Disclosure of Government Assistance

HKAS 21

The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates

HKAS 23

Borrowing Costs

HKAS 24

Related Party Disclosures

HKAS 27

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

HKAS 28

Investments in Associates

HKAS 32

Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

2.2 新訂及經修訂之香港財務報告準 則之影響*(續)*

香港會計準則第33號

每股盈利

香港會計準則第36號

資產減值

香港會計準則第37號

撥備、或然負債及或然資產

香港會計準則第38號

無形資產

香港會計準則第39號

金融工具:確認及計算

香港會計準則第39號(經修訂)

金融資產及金融負債之 過渡及首次確認

香港會計準則第40號

投資物業

香港財務報告準則第2號

以股份支付之款項

香港財務報告準則第3號

業務合併

香港財務報告準則第5號

持作出售之非流動資產及

已終止業務

香港(常務詮譯委員會)-

詮釋第21號

所得税一收回經重估之

不可折舊資產

香港一詮釋第4號

租賃-釐定香港土地租賃之租期

採納香港會計準則第2、7、8、10、11、12、14、16、18、19、20、21、23、27、28、33、36、37、38號、香港財務報告準則第2、5號以及香港一詮釋第4號對本集團及本公司之會計政策以及本集團及本公司財務報表之計算方法並無重大影響。

香港會計準則第1號對少數股東權益於 綜合資產負債表、綜合損益表、綜合 權益變動表及其他披露內之呈報方式 有所影響。

香港會計準則第24號擴大對有關連人士之定義並影響本集團有關連人士之 披露。

2.2 IMPACT OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Cont'd)

HKAS 33

Earnings per Share

HKAS 36

Impairment of Assets

HKAS 37

Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

HKAS 38

Intangible Assets

HKAS 39

Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement

HKAS 39 Amendment

Transition and Initial Recognition of Financial Assets and

Financial Liabilities

HKAS 40

Investment Property

HKFRS 2

Share-based Payment

HKFRS 3

Business Combinations

HKFRS 5

Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations

HK(SIC)-Int 21

Income Taxes - Recovery of Revalued Non-depreciable Assets

HK-Int 4

Leases – Determination of the Length of Lease Term in respect of Hong Kong Land Leases

The adoption of HKASs 2, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21, 23, 27, 28, 33, 36, 37, 38, HKFRSs 2, 5 and HK-Int 4 has had no material impact on the accounting policies of the Group and the Company and the methods of computation in the Group's and the Company's financial statements.

HKAS 1 has affected the presentation of minority interests on the face of the consolidated balance sheet, consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of changes in equity and other disclosures.

HKAS 24 has expanded the definition of related parties and affected the Group's related party disclosures.



2.2 新訂及經修訂之香港財務報告準 則之影響(續)

採納其他香港財務報告準則之影響概 述如下:

(a) 香港會計準則第17號-租賃

於過往年度,自用租賃土地及樓 宇是按成本減累計折舊及任何減 值虧損後列賬。

此項會計政策之變動對綜合損益 表及累計虧損並無影響。截至二 零零五年三月三十一日止年度之 比較數字已在綜合資產負債表中 重列,以反映租賃土地之重新分 類。

2.2 IMPACT OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Cont'd)

The impact of adopting the other HKFRSs is summarised as follows:

(a) HKAS 17 - Leases

In prior years, leasehold land and buildings held for own use were stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

Upon the adoption of HKAS 17, the Group's leasehold interest in land and buildings is separated into leasehold land and buildings. The Group's leasehold land is classified as an operating lease, because the title of the land is not expected to pass to the Group by the end of the lease term, and is classified as to prepaid land lease payments, while buildings are classified as part of property, plant and equipment. Prepaid land lease payments under operating leases are initially stated at cost and subsequently amortised on the straight-line basis over the lease term. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and buildings elements, the entire lease payments are included in the cost of the land and buildings as a finance lease in property, plant and equipment.

This change in accounting policy has had no effect on the consolidated income statement and accumulated losses. The comparative amounts for the year ended 31 March 2005 in the consolidated balance sheet have been restated to reflect the reclassification of the leasehold land.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

2.2 新訂及經修訂之香港財務報告準 則之影響*(續)*

(b) 香港會計準則第32號及香港會 計準則第39號 - 金融工具

(i) 股本證券

採納香港會計準則第39號並 無導致此等股本證券之計算 出現任何變動。

(ii) 銀行借貸

上述變動之影響概述於財務 報表附註2.4。

2.2 IMPACT OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Cont'd)

(b) HKAS 32 and HKAS 39 – Financial Instruments

(i) Equity securities

In prior years, the Group classified its investments in equity securities for trading purposes as short term investments, and were stated at their fair values on an individual basis with gains and losses recognised in the income statement. Upon the adoption of HKAS 39, these securities held by the Group at 1 April 2005 in the amount of HK\$432,000 are designated as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss under the transitional provisions of HKAS 39 and accordingly are stated at fair value with gains or losses being recognised in the income statement.

The adoption of HKAS 39 has not resulted in any change in the measurement of these equity securities.

(ii) Bank borrowings

Upon the adoption of HKAS 39, the bank borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to the initial recognition, the bank borrowings are stated at amortised cost. This change in accounting policy has been accounted for by restating the bank borrowings by way of an opening adjustment to the accumulated losses and bank borrowings as at 1 April 2005.

The effects of the above changes are summarised in note 2.4 to the financial statements.



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31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

2.2 新訂及經修訂之香港財務報告準 則之影響(續)

(c) 香港會計準則第40號 - 投資物業

於過往年度,投資物業之公平值變動以資產重估儲備之變動處理。倘此儲備之總額不足以彌補投資組合中之虧絀,則虧絀之差額會自損益表扣除。其後任何重估盈餘乃計入損益表,惟以先前已扣除之虧絀為限。

採納香港會計準則第40號後,因投資物業公平值變動而產生之損益表內。 將計入其產生年度之損益表內。集組合基準之投資物業之淨虧繼之淨虧繼之 7,800,000港元。由於採納香至二時期第40號,本集團截至二院 計準則第40號,本集團截至二院前溢利增加52,400,000港元。 前溢利增加52,400,000港元。 會)一詮釋第21號(如下文所述), 截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度 度之遞延税項開支增加20,900,000 港元。

(d) 香港財務報告準則第3號-業 務合併

於過往年度,因收購而產生之商譽及負商譽已撥充資本線立。 學及負商譽已撥充資直線立。 在計算,惟須在出現任何減值跡結。 進行減值測試。負商譽於購一 進行減值測試。負商學於購一 產負債表列賬,並於產餘下不 資產餘下不 可使用年期內有系統地在綜合 益表內確認。

採納香港財務報告準則第3號後,本集團於被收購方之可識別資產、負債及或然負債之公平淨值權益超出附屬公司之收購成本(先前列為負商譽)之任何差額,經重估後會即時在綜合損益表內確認。

2.2 IMPACT OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Cont'd)

(c) HKAS 40 – Investment Property

In prior years, changes in the fair values of investment properties were dealt with as movements in the asset revaluation reserve. If the total of this reserve was insufficient to cover a deficit, on a portfolio basis, the excess of the deficit was charged to the income statement. Any subsequent revaluation surplus was credited to the income statement to the extent of the deficit previously charged.

Upon the adoption of HKAS 40, gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the income statement in the year in which they arise. As at 31 March 2005, the Group's investment properties had a net deficit of HK\$7.8 million on a portfolio basis. As a result of the adoption of HKAS 40, the Group's profit before tax increased by HK\$52.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2006. In addition, due to the adoption of HK(SIC)-Int 21 (as mentioned below), deferred tax charge increased by HK\$20.9 million for the year ended 31 March 2006.

(d) HKFRS 3 – Business Combinations

In prior years, goodwill and negative goodwill arising on acquisitions was capitalised and amortised on the straight-line basis over its estimated useful life and was subject to impairment testing when there was any indication of impairment. Negative goodwill was carried in the consolidated balance sheet and was recognised in the consolidated income statement on a systematic basis over the remaining average useful life of the acquired depreciable/amortisable assets.

Upon the adoption of HKFRS 3, any excess of the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquirees' identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition of subsidiaries (previously referred to as negative goodwill), after reassessment, is recognised immediately in the consolidated income statement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



31 March 200<mark>6 二零</mark>零六年三月三十一日

2.2 新訂及經修訂之香港財務報告準 則之影響*(續)*

(d) 香港財務報告準則第3號-業 務合併(續)

香港財務報告準則第3號之過渡性 條文規定本集團於二零零五年四 月一日以對商譽之成本作出相應 調整,將累計攤銷之賬面值撇 銷,且於二零零五年四月一日不 再於保留溢利中確認負商譽之賬 面值。

由於本集團之商譽已於二零零五年三月三十一日全數攤銷/減值,採納香港財務報告準則第3號對商譽並無任何影響。改變負商譽之影響概述於財務報表附註2.4。根據香港財務報告準則第3號之過渡性條文,並無重列比較數字。

(e) 香港(常務詮釋委員會)- 詮釋 第21號-所得税-收回經重估 之不可折舊資產

於上年度,因重估投資物業而產 生之遞延税項按出售投資物業適 用之税率確認。

採納香港(常務詮釋委員會)一 会 釋第21號後,消除了透過出售, 回投資物業之賬面值之假設, 重估本集團投資物業而產生之 延稅項按反映透過使用而收 業隨後之稅務影響而釐定, 出 與 以 , 計算遞延稅項時已採用利得 稅率。

上述變動之影響概述於財務報表 附註2.4。上述變動已由所呈報之 最早期間追溯採用,並已重列比 較數字。

2.2 IMPACT OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Cont'd)

(d) HKFRS 3 – Business Combinations (Cont'd)

The transitional provisions of HKFRS 3 have required the Group to eliminate at 1 April 2005 the carrying amounts of accumulated amortisation with a corresponding adjustment to the cost of goodwill and to derecognise at 1 April 2005 the carrying amounts of negative goodwill against retained profits.

As the Group's goodwill has been fully amortised/impaired as at 31 March 2005, the adoption of HKFRS 3 does not have any impact on goodwill. The effects of the change to negative goodwill are summarised in note 2.4 to the financial statements. In accordance with the transitional provisions of HKFRS 3, comparative amounts have not been restated.

(e) HK(SIC)-Int 21 – Income Taxes – Recovery of Revalued Non-depreciable Assets

In prior years, deferred tax arising on the revaluation of investment properties was recognised based on the tax rate that would be applicable upon the sale of the investment properties.

Upon the adoption of HK(SIC)-Int 21, which removes the presumption that the carrying amount of investment properties is to be recovered through sale, deferred tax arising on the revaluation of the Group's investment properties is determined on the basis that reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the recovery of the properties through use. Accordingly, the profits tax rate has been applied to the calculation of deferred tax.

The effects of the above changes are summarised in note 2.4 to the financial statements. The change has been adopted retrospectively from the earliest period presented and comparative amounts have been restated.



2.3 已頒佈但未生效之香港財務報告 準則之影響

本集團於本財務報表並無採用以下已 頒佈但未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財 務報告準則。除另有指明外,此等香 港財務報告準則於二零零六年一月一 日或以後開始之會計期間起生效:

香港會計準則第1號(經修訂)

資本披露

香港會計準則第39號(經修訂)

公平值之選擇

香港會計準則第39號及

香港財務報告準則第4號(經修訂)

金融擔保合約

香港財務報告準則第7號

金融工具:披露

香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會) - 詮釋第4號

釐定安排是否包含租約

香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會) - 詮釋第8號

香港財務報告準則第2號之範疇

香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會) - 詮釋第9號

重估嵌入式衍生工具

香港會計準則第1號(經修訂)須於二零零七年一月一日或以後開始之年度採用。經修訂準則將會影響有關本集團管理資本之目標、政策及程序之定質資料披露;本公司視為資本之定量數據;及對資本規定之遵守及違規之結果。

香港財務報告準則第7號規定須作出有關金融工具之披露,並綜合許多香港會計準則第32號之披露規定。此項香港財務報告準則須於二零零七年一月一日或以後開始之會計期間起採用。

2.3 IMPACT OF ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements. Unless otherwise stated, these HKFRSs are effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2006:

HKAS 1 Amendment

Capital Disclosures

HKAS 39 Amendment

The Fair Value Option

HKAS 39 and HKFRS 4 Amendments

Financial Guarantee Contracts

HKFRS 7

Financial Instruments: Disclosures

HK(IFRIC)-Int 4

Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease

HK(IFRIC)-Int 8

Scope of HKFRS 2

HK(IFRIC)-Int 9

Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives

The HKAS 1 Amendment shall be applied for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2007. The revised standard will affect the disclosures about qualitative information about the Group's objective, policies and processes for managing capital; quantitative data about what the Company regards as capital; and compliance with any capital requirements and the consequences of any noncompliance.

HKFRS 7 requires disclosures relating to financial instruments and incorporates many of the disclosure requirements of HKAS 32. This HKFRS shall be applied for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2007.



2.3 已頒佈但未生效之香港財務報告 準則之影響*(續)*

根據香港會計準則第39號及香港財務報告準則第4號有關金融擔保合約之修訂本,金融擔保合約初步按公平值確認,然後按(i)根據香港會計準則第37號釐定之金額;及(ii)初步確認之金額減(如適用)根據香港會計準則第18號確認之累計攤銷(以較高者為準)計算。

香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋第4號、香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋第8號及香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋第9號須分別於二零零六年一月一日、二零零六年五月一日及二零零六年六月一日或以後開始之會計期間起採用。

除上文所述者外,本集團預期採納上 述公佈將不會對本集團於首次採納期 間之財務報表有任何重大影響。

2.3 IMPACT OF ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Cont'd)

In accordance with the amendments to HKAS 39 and HKFRS 4 regarding financial guarantee contracts, financial guarantee contracts are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently measured at the higher of (i) the amount determined in accordance with HKAS 37 and (ii) the amount initially recognised, less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised in accordance with HKAS 18.

HK(IFRIC)-Int 4, HK(IFRIC)-Int 8 and HK(IFRIC)-Int 9 shall be applied for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2006, 1 May 2006 and 1 June 2006, respectively.

Except as stated above, the Group expects that the adoption of the pronouncements listed above will not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements in the period of initial application.



2.4 會計政策變動之影響概要

2.4 SUMMARY OF THE IMPACT OF CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) 對綜合資產負債表之影響

(a) Effect on the consolidated balance sheets

於二零零五年四月一日

At 1 April 2005

	香港(常務 詮釋委員會) 一詮釋第21號# HK(SIC)-Int 21# 重估投資物業 之遞延税項 Deferred tax on	香港財務報告 準則第3號* HKFRS 3* 不再確認 負商譽	香港會計 準則第39號* HKAS 39* 銀行借貸之 成本攤銷	香港會計	準貝 I Effect of new policies	新政策之影響
/m 2-1	revaluation	Derecognition	Amortisation of	租賃款		
總計 Total	of investment properties	of negative goodwill	cost of bank borrowings	Prepaid land ase payments		
千港元	F港元	手港元	50175Willigs 千港元	#港元	icasc	
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
					Assets	資產
					Decrease in property,	物業、機器及
(1,509)	_	_	_	(1,509)	plant and equipment	設備減少
1 470				1 470	Increase in prepaid land	預付土地
1,473 24,340	20,649	3,691	_	1,473	lease payments Decrease in negative goodwill	租賃款增加 負商譽減少
24,040	20,049	3,091			Increase in other receivables, prepayments and	其他應收款項、 預付款項及
36	_	_	_	36	deposits	按金增加
24,340						
					<u>Liabilities/equity</u>	負債/權益
					Decrease in interest-bearing	附息銀行
(2,491)	- 007 400	_	(2,491)	_	bank borrowings Increase in deferred tax liabilities	借貸減少
237,438 (119,245)	237,438 (119,245)	_	_	; – –	Decrease in minority interests	遞延税項負債增加 少數股東權益減少
(117,245)	(117,240)			ated	Decrease/(increase) in accumulate	スが成れて 累計虧損
(91,362)	(97,544)	3,691	2,491	_	losses	減少/(增加)
24,340						



2.4 會計政策變動之影響概要 (續)

2.4 SUMMARY OF THE IMPACT OF CHANGES IN **ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Cont'd)

(a) 對綜合資產負債表之影響(續)

於二零零六年三月三十一日

(a) Effect on the consolidated balance sheets (Cont'd)

At 31 March 2006

新政策之影響	準則第 HKA Effect of new policies 預作 Prepailease pay	S 17# 寸土地 目賃款 d land	香港會計 準則第39號* HKAS 39* 銀行借貸之 成本攤銷 Amortisation of cost of bank borrowings 千港元 HK\$*000	香港財務報告 準則第3號* HKFRS 3* 不再確認 負商層 Derecognition of negative goodwill 千港元 HK\$*000	香港(常務 詮釋委員會) 一詮釋第21號# HK(SIC)-Int 21# 重估投資物業 之遞延税項 Deferred tax on revaluation of investment properties 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
資產	Assets	φοσο	τικφ σσσ	τιις σσσ	τιιφ σσσ	τιιφ σσσ
物業、機器及 設備減少 預付土地	Decrease in property, plant and equipment Increase in prepaid land	1,473)	_	_	_	(1,473)
租賃款增加	' '	1,437	_	_	_	1,437
負商譽減少 其他應收款項、 預付款項及	Decrease in negative goodwill Increase in other receivables, prepayments and	_	_	3,115	17,431	20,546
按金增加	deposits	36	_	_	_	36
						20,546
負債/權益	<u>Liabilities/equity</u>					
附息銀行 借貸減少	Decrease in interest-bearing bank borrowings	_	(1,781)	_	_	(1,781)
遞延税項負債增加	Increase in deferred tax liabilities	_	_	_	263,989	263,989
少數股東權益減少 累計虧損減少/	Decrease in minority interests Decrease/(increase) in	_	_	_	(132,631)	(132,631)
(增加)	accumulated losses	_	1,781	3,115	(111,121)	(106,225)
滙兑浮動儲備減少	Decrease in exchange fluctuation reserv	е —	_	_	(2,806)	(2,806)
						20,546

Adjustments taken prospectively from 1 April 2005 自二零零五年四月一日起採用之調整

Adjustments/presentation taken effect retrospectively 具追溯效力之調整/呈報方式



2.4 會計政策變動之影響概要 (續)

2.4 SUMMARY OF THE IMPACT OF CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

- (b) 對二零零四年四月一日及二零 零五年四月一日之權益結存之 影響
- (b) Effect on the balances of equity at 1 April 2004 and at 1 April 2005

			-	-	
	_			香港(常務詮釋	
		香港會計	香港財務報告	委員會)	
	準	■則第39號	準則第3號	-詮釋第21號	
		HKAS 39	HKFRS 3	HK(SIC)-Int 21	
新政策之影響	Effect of new policies			重估投資物業	
	쉷	見行借貸之	不再確認	之遞延税項	
		成本攤銷	負商譽	Deferred tax on	
	Amo	rtisation of	Derecognition	revaluation	
	C	ost of bank	of negative	of investment	總計
	ŀ	orrowings	goodwill	properties	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零零四年四月一日	At 1 April 2004				
累計虧損增加	Increase in accumulated losses	_	_	(87,615)	(87,615)
少數股東權益減少	Decrease in minority interests	_	_	(115,504)	(115,504)
					(203,119)
於二零零五年四月一日	At 1 April 2005				
累計虧損減少/	Decrease/(increase) in				
(增加)	accumulated losses	2,491	3,691	(97,544)	(91,362)
少數股東權益減少	Decrease in minority interests	_	_	(119,245)	(119,245)
					(210,607)

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

2.4 會計政策變動之影響概要 (續)

2.4 SUMMARY OF THE IMPACT OF CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

(c) 對截至二零零六年及二零零五 年三月三十一日止年度綜合損 益表之影響 (c) Effect on the consolidated income statements for the years ended 31 March 2006 and 2005

<u>載至二零零五年</u> 三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2005

Effect of adopting HK(SIC)-Int 21

新政策之影響 Effect of new policies 重估投資物業之遞延税項

Deferred tax on

revaluation of investment

properties

千港元 HK\$'000

其他收入及盈利減少Decrease in other income and gains(3,218)税項增加Increase in tax(10,452)少數股東權益減少Decrease in minority interests3,741

虧損增加總額 Total increase in loss (9,929)

每股基本虧損增加 (港仙) Increase in basic loss per share (1.3 cents)

每股攤薄虧損增加 (港仙) Increase in diluted loss per share 不適用 N/A



財務報表附註

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31 March 2006 三零零六年三月三十一日

2.4 會計政策變動之影響概要 (續)

2.4 SUMMARY OF THE IMPACT OF CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

(c) 對截至二零零六年及二零零五 年三月三十一日止年度綜合損 益表之影響(續) (c) Effect on the consolidated income statements for the years ended 31 March 2006 and 2005 (Cont'd)

截至二零零六年 三月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 March 2006

新政策之影響	Effect of new policies	香港會計 準則第39號 HKAS 39 銀行借貸之 成本攤銷 Amortisation of cost of bank borra gs 千港方 HK\$'000	香港財務報告 準則第3號 HKFRS 3 不再確認 負商商 Derecognition of negative goodwill 千港元 HK\$'000	香港會計 準則第40號 HKAS 40 重估投資物業 之盈餘 Surplus on revaluation of investment properties 千港元 HK\$*000	香港 (常務詮釋 委員會) 一詮釋第21號 HK(SIC)-Int 21 重估投資物業 之遞延税項 Deferred tax on revaluation of investment properties	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
投資物業之	Increase in changes in	ΠΑΦ ΟΟΟ	ΓΙΚΨ ΟΟΟ	ΠΑΦ ΟΟΟ	ΤΙΚΦ ΟΟΟ	ΠΑΡΟΟΟ
公平值 變動增加 其他收入及	fair value of investment properties Decrease in other	_	_	52,386	_	52,386
A 他收入及 盈利減少	income and gains	_	(576)	_	(3,218)	(3,794)
其他支出減少	Decrease in other expenses	460	_	_	_	460
融資成本增加	Increase in finance costs	(1,170)	_	_	_	(1,170)
税項增加	Increase in tax	_	_	_	(20,870)	(20,870)
少數股東權益減少/(增加)	Decrease/(increase) in minority interests			(26,488)	10,511	(15,977)
溢利增加/ (減少)總額	Total increase/(decrease) in profit	(710)	(576)	25,898	(13,577)	11,035
每股基本盈利 增加/(減少) (港仙)	Increase/(decrease) in basic earnings per share	(0.1 cent)	(0.1 cent)	3.4 cents	(1.8 cents)	1.4 cents
(/ 5 // //	r 	12	1220	223110	1	
每股攤薄盈利 增加/(減少) (港仙)	Increase/(decrease) in diluted earnings per share	(0.1 cent)	(0.1 cent)	3.3 cents	(1.7 cents)	1.4 cents

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

2.5 主要會計政策概要

附屬公司

附屬公司乃指本公司直接或間接控制 其財務及經營政策之公司,藉此從該 附屬公司之業務取得利益。

附屬公司之業績(指已收取及應收之股息而言)已計入本公司之損益表內。本公司於附屬公司之權益乃按成本減任何減值虧損列賬。

聯營公司

聯營公司乃本集團於其股本投票權擁有一般不少於20%之長期權益及可對其行使重大影響力之實體,惟並非附屬公司。

本集團佔聯營公司之收購後業績與儲備,分別計算在綜合損益表及綜合儲備內。本集團在聯營公司之權益,以本集團按權益會計法分佔資產淨值減任何減值虧損於綜合資產負債表列賬。

關連人士

任何一方如屬以下情況,即視為本集 團之關連人士:

- (a) 該方透過一家或多家中介公司, 直接或間接(i)控制本集團,受本 集團控制或與本集團受同一方控 制;(ii)於本集團擁有權益,並可 藉著該權益對本集團行使重大影 響力;或(iii)共同控制本集團;
- (b) 該方為聯營公司;
- (c) 該方為共同控制實體;
- (d) 該方為本集團之主要管理人員其 中一名成員:
- (e) 該方為(a)或(d)所述之任何個別人 士家族之近親;

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity whose financial and operating policies the Company controls, directly or indirectly, so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of the subsidiaries are included in the Company's income statement to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's interests in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

Associates

An associate is an entity, not being a subsidiary, in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and reserves of associates is included in the income statement and consolidated reserves, respectively. The Group's interests in associates are stated in the consolidated balance sheet at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses.

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries,
 (i) controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the
 Group; (ii) has an interest in the Group that gives it significant influence over the Group; or (iii) has joint control over the Group;
- (b) the party is an associate;
- (c) the party is a jointly-controlled entity;
- (d) the party is a member of the key management personnel of the Group;
- (e) the party is a close member of the family of any individual referred to in (a) or (d);



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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

2.5 主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

關連人士(續)

- (f) 該方為一家實體,直接或間接受(d)或(e)所述之任何個別人士控制或共同控制或重大影響,或(d)或(e)所述之任何個別人士直接或間接擁有該實體之重大投票權;或
- (g) 該方為本集團僱員利益而設立之 僱用後福利計劃之一方,或為本 集團關連人士之任何實體。

物業、機器及設備以及折舊

折舊乃按每項物業、機器及設備之估計可使用年期以直線基準撇銷成本計算。計算折舊之主要年率如下:

租賃土地	按租賃年期
樓宇	2.5%
設備及機器	10% - 331/3%
傢俬及裝置	20%
汽車	20%
遊艇	10%
租賃物業裝修	10% - 331/3%

當物業、機器及設備項目部分之可使 用年期不同時,該項目之成本按合理 基準在各部分間分配,而各部分將單 獨計提折舊。

Related parties (Cont'd)

- the party is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly, any individual referred to in (d) or (e); or
- (g) the party is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of the Group, or of any entity that is a related party of the Group.

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the assets to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the income statement in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of an item of property, plant and equipment and the cost of the item can be measured reliably, the expenditure is capitalised as an additional cost of that asset or as a replacement.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Leasehold land	Over the terms of the leases
Buildings	2.5%
Equipment and machinery	10% - 331/3%
Furniture and fixtures	20%
Motor vehicles	20%
Motor yacht	10%
Leasehold improvements	10% - 331/2%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately.



2.5 主要會計政策概要 (續)

物業、機器及設備及折舊(續)

剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊法均於 每個結算日進行檢討,並作出適當調 整。

物業、機器及設備項目乃於出售後或當預期使用或出售將不會產生未來經濟利益時不再確認。於資產不再確認年度之損益表內確認之任何出售或報廢收益或虧損為出售所得款項淨額與有關資產之賬面值之差額。

投資物業

投資物業指為賺取租金收入及/或資本增值(而非作為生產或提供貨品或服務或行政管理用途)或為於日常業務過程中銷售而持有之土地及樓宇權益。該等物業最初按成本(包括交易成本)計算。於首次確認後,投資物業按反映結算日之市況之公平值列賬。

投資物業公平值變動產生之收益或虧 損於產生年度計入損益表內。

報廢或出售投資物業產生之任何收益 或虧損於報廢或出售年度在損益表內 確認。

發展中物業

發展中物業按成本減值虧損列賬。成本包括全部發展費用、借款成本及其 他發展中物業直接應佔之成本。

於預售或擬出售並預期由結算日起一 年內落成之發展中物業列入流動資產 內。

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (Cont'd)

Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in the income statement in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the balance sheet date.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the income statement in the year in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the income statement in the year of the retirement or disposal.

Properties under development

Properties under development are stated at cost less any impairment losses, which includes all development expenditure, borrowing costs and other costs directly attributable to such properties.

Properties under development which have either been pre-sold or which are intended for sale and are expected to be completed within one year from the balance sheet date are classified as current assets.



2.5 主要會計政策概要 (續)

持有供銷售之物業

持有供銷售之物業乃以成本及可變現 淨值兩者中之較低者列入資產負債 表。成本包括土地成本、於發展期間 撥充資本之利息及有關物業發展之其 他直接成本。可變現淨值乃參考個別 物業當時之市價減直至完成為止之所 有成本(如適用)及推銷及銷售之成本 計算。

資產減值

當有跡象顯示出現減值,或須就資產(存貨、建築合約資產、金融資產及資產、金融資產及資物業除外)進行年度減值測試時,值與查額按資產使用值兩者中之較高者減出售成與其公平值兩者中之較高者減出售成時,並就個別資產釐定,其他資產並無產生大致獨立。在此情況下實資產類別之現金流入。在此情況下單位釐定。

減值虧損僅於資產賬面值超逾可收回 金額時確認。評估使用價值時,估計 未來現金流量按可反映現時市場評估 之貨幣時間價值及資產特定風險之稅 前貼現率貼現至現值。減值虧損於產 生期間自損益表扣除。

資產乃於各報告日期進行評估,以決定有否任何跡象顯示先前已確認。倘若見是否不再存在或已減少。衛門是否不再存在或已減少會類作學對可收回金額作內。先前確認之資產減值虧損(商數額)僅會於用以釐定資產可收回數數確付。計改變時撥回,惟撥回後之數額確以,惟撥回後之數額確與過往年度並無就資產任戶數值虧損而應釐定之賬面值(扣除產生期間計入損益表內。

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Properties held for sale

Properties held for sale are stated in the balance sheet at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the cost of land, interest capitalised during the period of development and other direct costs attributable to the development of the properties. Net realisable value is determined by reference to the prevailing market prices on an individual property basis, less all costs to completion, if applicable, and costs of marketing and selling.

Impairment of assets

When an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, construction contract assets, financial assets, investment properties), the asset's recoverable amount is calculated as the higher of the asset's value in use and its fair value less costs to sell, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of an asset, however not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation), had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is credited to the income statement in the period in which it arises.



2.5 主要會計政策概要 (續)

投資及其他金融資產 適用於截至二零零五年 三月三十一日止年度:

本集團將投資(附屬公司及聯營公司除 外)列為其他資產及短期投資。

其他資產

其他資產指非上市會所債券及會籍, 擬持有作長期用途,並按成本減任何 減值虧損列賬。

短期投資

短期投資乃持作買賣用途之股本證券投資,按其於結算日之市場報價基準以公平值列賬(按個別投資基準而定)。因證券公平值變動而產生之收益或虧損已於產生期間計入損益表/自損益表扣除。

適用於截至二零零六年三月三十一 日止年度:

香港會計準則第39號界定金融資產列 為按公平值計入損益之金融資產或貸 款及應收款項(如適用)。倘該投資並 非按公平值計入損益,金融資產初步 確認時將按公平值加直接應佔交易成 本計算。本集團於初步確認後將其金 融資產分類,並於許可及適當情況 下,於結算日重新評估此分類。

正常情況下買入及出售之金融資產於 交易日確認,即本集團承諾購入該資 產之日期。正常情況下買入或出售乃 買入或出售須於規例或市場慣例一般 設定之期間內交付資產之金融資產。

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Investments and other financial assets
Applicable to the year ended 31 March 2005:

The Group classified its investments, other than subsidiaries and associates, as other assets and short term investments.

Other assets

Other assets represent unlisted club debentures and memberships, which are intended to be held for long term purposes, and are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

Short term investments

Short term investments are investments in equity securities held for trading purposes and are stated at their fair values on the basis of their quoted market prices at the balance sheet date, on an individual investment basis. The gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of a security are credited or charged to the income statement in the period in which they arise.

Applicable to the year ended 31 March 2006:

Financial assets in the scope of HKAS 39 are classified as either financial assets at fair value through profit or loss or loans and receivables, as appropriate. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs. The Group determines the classification of its financial assets after initial recognition and, where allowed and appropriate, re-evaluates this designation at the balance sheet date.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Group commits to purchase the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.



2.5 主要會計政策概要 (續)

投資及其他金融資產(續) 適用於截至二零零六年 三月三十一日止年度:(續)

按公平值計入損益之金融資產

列為持作買賣用途之金融資產乃計入 「按公平值計入損益之金融資產」類 別。擬於短期內出售而購入之金融資 產,均列為持作買賣之金融資產。持 作買賣投資之收益或虧損均於損益表 內確認。

貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項乃固定或可釐定付款金額而在活躍市場中並無報價之非衍生金融資產。該等資產以實際利率法計算攤銷成本入賬。有關收益及虧損均於貸款及應收款項不再確認或減值時以及透過攤銷過程在損益表內確認。

公平值

在有秩序金融市場交投活躍之投資之 公平值乃參考結算日辦公時間結並無活 之市場買入報價而計算。對於並無活 躍市場之投資,其公平值則以估值法 釐定。估值法包括使用近期公平市場 交易、參照本質相同之另一金融工具 交現行市值、貼現現金流量分析及期 權定價模式。

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Investments and other financial assets (Cont'd)
Applicable to the year ended 31 March 2006: (Cont'd)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets classified as held for trading are included in the category "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss". Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of sale in the near term. Gains or losses on investments held for trading are recognised in the income statement.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement when the loans and receivables are derecognised or impaired, as well as through the amortisation process.

Fair value

The fair value of investments that are actively traded in organised financial markets is determined by reference to quoted market bid prices at the close of business at the balance sheet date. For investments where there is no active market, fair value is determined using valuation techniques. Such techniques include using recent arm's length market transactions; reference to the current market value of another instrument which is substantially the same; a discounted cash flow analysis; and option pricing models.



31 March 200<mark>6 二零</mark>零六年三月三十一日

2.5 主要會計政策概要 (續)

金融資產減值 適用於截至二零零六年 三月三十一日止年度:

本集團於每個結算日評估有否任何客 觀跡象顯示一項金融資產或一組金融 資產出現減值。

按攤銷成本列賬之資產

倘有客觀跡象顯示按攤銷成本列賬之 貸款及應收款項已產生減值虧損, 損之金額按資產之賬面值與估計未來 現金流量(不包括尚未產生之未來信貸 損失)以金融資產之原來實際利率)折現之 損失)以金融資產之原來實際利率)折現之現 值間之差額計算。有關資產之賬面值 可直接或透過備抵賬目作出扣減。減 值虧損之金額乃於損益表內確認。

於以後期間,倘若減值虧損之金額減少,而減少之原因可客觀上與減值虧損確認後所發生之事件相關聯,則先前確認之減值虧損可予撥回。於撥回當日,倘若資產賬面值並無超出其攤到了本,則任何減值虧損之其後撥回將於損益表內確認。

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets
Applicable to the year ended 31 March 2006:

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.

Assets carried at amortised cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on loans and receivables carried at amortised cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). The carrying amount of the asset is reduced either directly or through the use of an allowance account. The amount of the impairment loss is recognised in the income statement.

The Group first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, and individually or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If it is determined that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, the asset is included in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and that group is collectively assessed for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is or continues to be recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed. Any subsequent reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the income statement, to the extent that the carrying value of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost at the reversal date.



2.5 主要會計政策概要 (續)

附息貸款及借貸

所有借貸均按所收取代價之公平值減 除直接應佔交易成本後初步確認。

在初步確認後,附息貸款及借貸其後 採用實際利率法按攤銷成本計算。

有關收益及虧損乃於不再確認負債以 及透過攤銷過程,在淨利潤或淨虧損 中確認。

租賃資產

凡將資產擁有權(法定業權除外)之絕大部份回報與風險轉由本集團承受之租約均列為融資租約。於訂立融資租約時,租賃資產之成本按最低租約付款之現值撥充資本,並連同承擔(利息部份除外)入賬,以反映購入及融資情況。根據撥充資本之融資租約持有之資產均列入物業、機器及設備內,並於資產之估計可使用年期內折舊。該等租約之融資成本乃於損益表中扣除,以便於租期內按固定比率扣除。

由出租者承受資產擁有權之絕大部份回報與風險之租約均列為經營租約納經營租約的本集團為出租人,本集團根據經營租約所租賃之資產乃計入非流動資產,根據經營租約而應收之租金,乃於租期內以直線法計入損益表。倘本集團乃承租人,經營租約之租金均按照租期以直線法自損益表扣除。

經營租約項下之預付土地租賃款初步按成本列賬,並其後於租期內按直線基準確認。當租賃付款不可於土地及樓宇部分之間可靠地分配,則整項租賃付款將計入土地及樓宇之成本內,作為物業、機器及設備之融資租約。

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Interest-bearing loans and borrowings

All borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received less directly attributable transaction costs.

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Gains and losses are recognised in net profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

Leased assets

Leases that transfer substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets to the Group, other than legal title, are accounted for as finance leases. At the inception of a finance lease, the cost of the leased asset is capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payments and recorded together with the obligation, excluding the interest element, to reflect the purchase and financing. Assets held under capitalised finance leases are included in property, plant and equipment and depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The finance costs of such leases are charged to the income statement so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge over the lease terms.

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group under operating leases are included in non-current assets and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to the income statement on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under the operating leases are charged to the income statement on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Prepaid land lease payments under operating leases are initially stated at cost and subsequently recognised on the straight-line basis over the lease term. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and buildings elements, the entire lease payments are included in the cost of the land and buildings as a finance lease in property, plant and equipment.



2.5 主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

存貨

存貨在適當扣除陳舊或滯銷貨品後按 成本(以先入先出法計算)與可變現淨 值兩者中之較低者列賬。可變現淨值 乃估計售價減去估計直至製成及出售 止所需一切成本後之數額。

建築合約

合約收益包括已協議之合約數額及由 修訂訂單、索償及獎金所得之適當數 額。合約成本包括直接材料、分包成 本、直接勞工成本及合適比例之可變 及固定建築成本。

固定價格建築合約之收益按完成百分 比予以確認,並參考於該日已產生之 成本佔有關合約之估計總成本之比例 計算。

成本加建築合約之收益按完成之百分 比予以確認,並參考於該段期間產生 之可收回成本及賺取之有關費用,以 截至該日已產生之成本佔有關合約之 估計總成本之比例計算。

若管理層預見未來會產生虧損,則會 於預見該等虧損時作出撥備。

若已產生之合約成本加已確認溢利減 已確認虧損超過進度付款,該盈餘視 作為客戶有關合約工程之欠款。

若進度付款超過截至該日之合約成本 加已確認溢利減已確認虧損,該盈餘 視作為欠客戶有關合約工程之款項。

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost, on the first-in, first-out basis, and net realisable value after making due allowance for any obsolete or slow-moving items. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less all estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Construction contracts

Contract revenue comprises the agreed contract amount and appropriate amounts from variation orders, claims and incentive payments. Contract costs incurred comprise direct materials, the costs of subcontracting, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed construction overheads.

Revenue from fixed price construction contracts is recognised on the percentage of completion method, measured by reference to the proportion of costs incurred to date to the estimated total cost of the relevant contract.

Revenue from cost plus construction contracts is recognised on the percentage of completion method, by reference to the recoverable costs incurred during the period plus the related fees earned, measured by the proportion of costs incurred to date to the estimated total cost of the relevant contract.

Provision is made for foreseeable losses as soon as they are anticipated by management.

Where contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is treated as an amount due from contract customers.

Where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is treated as an amount due to contract customers.



2.5 主要會計政策概要 (續)

借貸成本

因收購、建築或生產合資格資產(即需要長時間撥備作擬定用途或銷售之資產)而直接產生之借貸成本乃資本化作該等資產之部份成本。當資產大致上可作擬定用途或銷售時,即停止將借貸成本資本化。特定借貸用於合資格資產之前作為短暫投資所賺取之投資收入於已資本化之借貸成本中扣除。

外幣

若干海外附屬公司之功能貨幣為港元以外之貨幣。於結算日日,該等實體之資產與負債乃按結算日適用之呈報貨幣,其損益為之呈報貨幣,率與負債不定之加權平均進差額乃計之是,之獨立部分作為進入,就該項特定外國實體時,就該項特定額,乃於在權益中確認之遞延累計金額,乃於損益表內確認。

於綜合現金流量表時,海外附屬公司之現金流量乃以出現現金流量當日之 滙率換算為港幣。而海外附屬公司於年內經常出現之現金流量項目則以年內之加權平均滙率換算為港幣。

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised.

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded using the functional currency rates ruling at the date of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. All differences are taken to the income statement. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries are currencies other than the Hong Kong dollar. As at the balance sheet date, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into the presentation currency of the Company at the exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date and, their income statements are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. The resulting exchange differences are included in a separate component of equity as exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign entity, the deferred cumulative amount recognised in equity relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the income statement.

For the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

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2.5 主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

所得税

所得税包括即期及遞延税項。所得税 於損益表中確認,或若有關項目於相 同或不同期間在權益中確認,則直接 在權益中確認。

本期及過往期間之即期税項資產及負債乃按預期可獲稅務機關退回或付予 稅務機關之金額計算。

遞延税項使用負債法就結算日資產及 負債之税基與其作財務申報用途之賬 面值之間產生之一切暫時性差異作出 撥備。

遞延税項負債乃就所有應課税暫時性 差異予以確認,惟以下情況除外:

- 於進行某項交易時因初步確認資產或負債且無對會計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧損構成影響而產生之遞延稅項負債;及
- 就與於附屬公司之投資及於聯營公司之權益相關之應課稅暫時性差異而言,惟倘撥回暫時性差異的時間可予控制,且暫時性差異可能不會於可見將來撥回則作別論。

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the income statement, or in equity if it relates to items that are recognised in the same or a different period directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and interests in associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.



2.5 主要會計政策概要 (續)

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

所得税(續)

遞延稅項資產按所有可抵扣暫時性差異、未動用稅收抵免及未動用稅項虧損之結轉確認,惟以將未來應課稅溢利用作抵銷可抵扣暫時性差異、可動用之未動用稅項資產及未動用稅項虧損之結轉為限,惟以下情況除外:

- 於進行某項交易時因初步確認資產或負債且無對會計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧損構成影響而產生之可抵扣暫時性差異有關之遞延稅項資產;及
- 就與於附屬公司之投資及於聯營公司之權益相關的可抵扣暫時性差異而言,遞延稅項資產僅在暫時性差異可能於可見將來撥回,及應課稅溢利可予動用抵銷暫時性差異時始予確認。

遞延税項資產之賬面值於每個結算日 進行審核,並減至將不能再有足夠應 課税溢利以動用全部或部份遞延税項 資產為限。反之,先前未確認之遞延 税項資產則於每個結算日進行重估, 並於將可能有足夠應課税溢利以動用 全部或部份遞延税項資產時確認。

遞延税項資產及負債,乃依據於結算 日已頒佈或實質上已頒佈之税率(及税 務法例),按預期適用於變現資產或償 還負債期間之税率計算。

當存在可依法執行之權利,可將即期 税項資產抵銷即期税項負債,而遞延 税項涉及同一應課税實體及同一稅務 機關時,遞延税項資產及遞延税項負 債方可互相抵銷。

Income tax (Cont'd)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward of unused tax credit and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilised except:

- where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and interests in associates, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Conversely, previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each balance sheet date and are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.



2.5 主要會計政策概要 (續)

僱員福利

以股份支付之交易

本公司設立一項購股權計劃,作為向 為本集團之業務成就作出貢獻之合資 格參與者給予獎勵及回報。本集團之 僱員(包括董事)以股份支付之交易方式 收取報酬,而僱員提供服務作為收取 股權工具之代價(「以股權支付之交 易」)。

與僱員進行以股權支付之交易之成本,乃參照授出日期之公平值計算。 公平值由外聘估值師使用二項式釐 定。評定以股權支付之交易之價值 時,除對本公司股份價格有影響之條件(「市場條件」)(倘適用)外,並無將 任何績效條件計算在內。

對於已授出但尚未歸屬之購股權,不會確認任何開支,但視乎市場條件而決定歸屬與否之已授出購股權則除外,對於該類購股權而言,只要所有其他績效條件已經達成,不論市場條件是否達成,均被視為已歸屬。

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Employee benefits

Share-based payment transactions

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a binomial model. In valuing equity-settled transactions, no account is taken of any performance conditions, other than conditions linked to the price of the shares of the Company ("market conditions"), if applicable.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award (the "vesting date"). The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each balance sheet date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to the income statement for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for awards where vesting is conditional upon a market condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance conditions are satisfied.



2.5 主要會計政策概要 (續)

僱員福利(續)

以股份支付之交易(續)

倘若以股權支付之購股權之條款有所 變更,所確認之開支最少須達到猶如 條款並無任何變更之水平。此外,倘 若按變更日期之計算,任何變更導致 以股份支付之安排之總公平值有所增 加,或為僱員帶來其他利益,則應就 該等變更確認開支。

倘若以股權支付之購股權被註銷,應 被視為已於註銷日期歸屬,而任何尚 未確認之授予購股權開支應即時暗 認,然而,倘授予新購股權代替已註 銷之購股權,並於授出日期指定為替 代購股權,則已註銷之購股權及新購 股權,均應被視為原購股權之變更, 一如前段所述。

計算每股盈利時,尚未行使購股權之 攤薄影響乃反映為額外股份攤薄。

本集團已採納香港財務報告準則第2號 有關以股權支付之購股權之過渡性條 文,並僅對於二零零二年十一月七日 後授出而於二零零五年四月一日尚未 歸屬以及於二零零五年四月一日或之 後授出之以股權支付之購股權採用香 港財務報告準則第2號。

有薪假期結轉

本集團根據其僱員之僱傭合約按每個 曆年之基準為僱員提供有薪年假。在 若干情況下,於結算日尚未利用之該 等假期獲准結轉累積,並由有關之各 個僱員於下一年度動用。於結算日, 已就僱員於該年度應得及所結轉之有 薪假期之預期未來成本作出應計費 用。

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Employee benefits (Cont'd)

Share-based payment transactions (Cont'd)

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification, which increases the total fair value of the share-based payment arrangement, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

The Group has adopted the transitional provisions of HKFRS 2 in respect of equity-settled awards and has applied HKFRS 2 only to equity-settled awards granted after 7 November 2002 that had not vested on 1 April 2005 and to those granted on or after 1 April 2005.

Paid leave carried forward

The Group provides paid annual leave to its employees under their employment contracts on a calendar year basis. Under certain circumstances, such leave which remains untaken as at the balance sheet date is permitted to be carried forward and utilised by the respective employees in the following year. An accrual is made at the balance sheet date for the expected future cost of such paid leave earned during the year by the employees and carried forward.

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31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

2.5 主要會計政策概要 (續)

僱員福利(續)

僱傭條例長期服務金

本集團之若干僱員已完成根據香港僱傭條例所規定為本集團服務之服務年期,可於倘若其僱用終止時,合資格獲取長期服務金。故此,若僱員離職時符合香港僱傭條例所指之特定情況,集團須負責支付此等長期服務金。

退休金計劃

本集團為若干香港僱員設立固定比例 供款公積金(「公積金」),其資產乃與 本集團之資產分開管理,且由獨立專 業基金經理負責管理。公積金之供款 按合資格僱員基本薪酬之某個百分比 計算,當計劃規定之供款到期支付 時,從損益表中扣除。公積金之持續 供款已於一九九九年四月一日終止。

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Employee benefits (Cont'd)

Employment Ordinance long service payments

Certain of the Group's employees have completed the required number of years of service to the Group in order to be eligible for long service payments under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance in the event of the termination of their employment. The Group is liable to make such payments in the event that such a termination of employment meets the circumstances specified in the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance.

A contingent liability is disclosed in respect of possible future long service payments to employees, as a number of current employees have achieved the required number of years of service to the Group, to the balance sheet date, in order to be eligible for long service payments under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance if their employment is terminated in the circumstances specified. A provision has not been recognised in respect of such possible payments, as it is not considered probable that the situation will result in a material future outflow of resources from the Group.

Pension schemes

The Group operated a defined contribution provident fund (the "Fund") for certain of its employees in Hong Kong, the assets of which are held separately from those of the Group and are managed by an independent professional fund manager. Contributions under the Fund were made based on a percentage of the eligible employees' basic salaries and were charged to the income statement as they became payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme. The ongoing contributions to the Fund were terminated on 1 April 1999.



2.5 主要會計政策概要 (續)

僱員福利(續)

退休金計劃(續)

位於中國內地之本集團附屬公司僱員須 參與由本地市政府設立之中央公積金計 劃。該等附屬公司須為中央公積金計劃 作出供款,款項為彼等薪金之若干百分 比。供款於根據中央公積金計劃規例須 予支付時計入損益表內。

收益確認

當經濟利益流入本集團,及收益可準確量度時,有關收益按以下基準確認:

(a) 來自地基打椿、機電及建築工程 合約

> 如上文「建築合約」之會計準則中 進一步闡釋之完成百份比為基 準;

(b) 來自出售持有供銷售之物業 於交換具法律約束力之銷售合約 時:

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Employee benefits (Cont'd)

Pension schemes (Cont'd)

Following the introduction of the Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme"), the Group has restructured its retirement scheme arrangements to comply with the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. The Group has secured a Mandatory Provident Fund exemption status for the above retirement benefits scheme and, in addition, has participated in an approved defined contribution MPF Scheme with effect from 1 December 2001, for all of its employees in Hong Kong. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries located in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their covered payroll to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

 From foundation piling, E&M engineering and building construction contracts

On the percentage of completion basis, as further explained in the accounting policy for "Construction contracts" above;

(b) From the sale of properties held for sale

On the exchange of legally binding sales contracts;



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.5 主要會計政策概要 (續)

收益確認(續)

(c) 來自機器買賣

當擁有權之大部份風險及回報已 轉至買家,而本集團不保留一般 與擁有權有關之某程度管理權, 亦不再實際控制已出售之機器;

(d) 物業及機器租賃之租金收入

在物業及機器出租期間按直線法 在租期內計算;

(e) 來自提供物業管理服務

於提供有關服務之有關期內;

(f) 利息收入

按應計基準以實際利率法採用將 金融工具在預計可用年期期間估 計在日後收取之現金折現至金融 資產賬面淨值之利率確認:及

(g) 股息收入

當股東收取股息之權利確定時。

現金及等同現金項目

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及等同 現金項目包括手上現金及活期存款, 以及可於收購之日起計之短到期日(一般為三個月內)即時轉換為確實數額現 金及面對不重大之價值變動風險之短 期高度流動投資項目,扣除須於要求 時償還並為本集團之現金管理之完整 部份之銀行透支。

就資產負債表而言,現金及銀行結存 包括用途不受限制之手頭及銀行現 金,包括定期存款。

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Revenue recognition (Cont'd)

(c) From machinery trading

When the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the machines sold;

(d) Rental income from property and machinery leasing

In the period in which the properties and machines are leased and on the straight-line basis over the lease terms;

(e) From the rendering of property management services

In the period in which such services are rendered;

(f) Interest income

On an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset; and

(g) Dividend income

When the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the balance sheets, cash and bank balances comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, which are not restricted as to use.



2.5 主要會計政策概要 (續)

撥備

倘目前之某些責任(包括法定或推定) 是由於一些過去已發生之事件所致, 而且可能於未來有資源需要流出用作 清還該責任,同時有關之金額能得到 可靠估計,則會確認撥備。

當折讓效應重大時,就撥備而確認之 金額為於結算日預計需用作清還該責 任之未來支出之現值。隨着時間而增 加之現值之經折讓金額計入損益賬之 融資成本內。

3. 重大會計判斷及估計

在應用本集團之會計政策時,管理層根據過往經驗、對未來之預期及其他資料作出不同判斷及估計。可能對綜合財務報表內確認之金額構成重大影響之估計不明朗因素之主要來源載列如下:

應收貿易賬款減值撥備

本集團之應收貿易賬款減值撥備政策 乃根據評估賬目之可收回程度及及 分析以及按管理層之判斷而釐定。 評估該等應收款項之最終變現情況 時,須要作出很大程度之判斷,包括 評估每名客戶現時之信譽及過去之別 評估每名客戶現時之信譽及過去 回歷史。倘本集團客戶之財政狀別 便經,導致彼等之付款能力減弱,則須 作出額外撥備。

2.5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the balance sheet date of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the income statement.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management makes various judgements and estimates based on past experience, expectations of the future and other information. The key sources of estimation uncertainty that can significantly affect the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements are disclosed below:

Provision for impairment of trade receivables

The policy for provision for impairment of trade receivables of the Group is based on the evaluation of collectibility and aging analysis of accounts and on management's judgement. A considerable amount of judgement is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each customer. If the financial conditions of customers of the Group are to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional provision may be required.



3. 重大會計判斷及估計 (續)

建築工程之完工百分比

即期税項及遞延税項

本集團須繳納多個司法權區之所得稅。釐定稅項撥備金額及繳付相關稅項之時間時需要作出重大判斷。在民業務過程中,多項交易及釐定最終稅項之計算方法未能確定。倘若該等事宜之最終稅項結果與初步記錄金額不同,則有關差額將影響作出釐定期間之所得稅及遞延稅項撥備。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Cont'd)

Percentage of completion of construction works

The Group recognises the revenue according to the percentage of completion of the individual contract of construction works. The Group's management estimates the percentage of completion of construction works if the value of works has not been certified by the customers at the balance sheet date. These estimates are based on actual cost incurred over the total budgeted cost. Corresponding contract revenue is also estimated by management. Because of the nature of the activity undertaken in construction contracts, the date at which the contract activity is entered into and the date when the activity is completed usually fall into different accounting periods. The Group reviews and revises the estimates of both contract revenue and contract costs in the budget prepared for each construction contract as the contract progresses.

Current tax and deferred tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in a number of jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the amount of the provision for tax and the timing of payment of the related taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will have an impact on the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.



財務報表附註

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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4. 分類資料

分類資料以兩種形式呈報:(i)主要分類 申報基準,按業務劃分;及(ii)次要分 類申報基準,按地區劃分。

本集團之經營業務根據其業務性質及 所提供之產品及服務獨立組織及管 理。本集團之每項業務類別為策略性 業務單位,提供之產品及服務與其他 業務類別之風險及回報不同。業務類 別之資料概述如下:

- (a) 地基打樁;
- (b) 機電及建築工程;
- (c) 機器租賃及買賣;
- (d) 物業投資及管理;及
- (e) 物業發展。

釐定本集團按地區劃分之業務類別時,業務應佔之收益乃根據客戶所在 地點,而業務應佔資產乃根據資產所 在地點計算。

分類業務間之銷售及轉讓乃參考向第 三者銷售時之售價按當時之市價進行 交易。

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Segment information is presented by way of two segment formats: (i) on a primary segment reporting basis, by business segment; and (ii) on a secondary segment reporting basis, by geographical segment.

The Group's operating businesses are structured and managed separately, according to the nature of their operations and the products and services they provide. Each of the Group's business segments represents a strategic business unit that offers products and services which are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of the other business segments. Summary details of the business segments are as follows:

- (a) the foundation piling segment;
- (b) the E&M engineering and building construction segment;
- (c) the machinery leasing and trading segment;
- (d) the property investment and management segment; and
- (e) the property development segment.

In determining the Group's geographical segments, revenues are attributed to the segments based on the location of the customers, and assets are attributed to the segments based on the location of the assets.

Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted with reference to the selling prices used for sales made to third parties at the then prevailing market prices.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd) 4

分類資料(續)

4

31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

按業務劃分 (a)

以下各表呈列本集團截至二零零六年及二零零五年三月三十一日止年度,按業務分類之收益、溢利/(虧損)及若干資產、負債及 支之資料。

(a) Business segments

The following tables present revenue, profit/(loss) and certain assets, liability and expenditure information for the Group's business segments for the years ended 31 March 2006 and 2005.

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無

dated	二零零五年 2005 千港元 HK\$''000 (經重列)	675,845	1	675,845	919'21	750	3 (7,247)	11,122	(1,676)
総合 Consolidated	二學零六年 2006 千港元 HK\$'000	1,080,734	1	1,080,734	108,317	1,586	10 (20,346)	89,567 (32,736)	56,831
抵銷 Eliminations	1年 2005 第元 200	I	(3,078)	(3,078)	1				
## i	二零零六年 2006 千港元 HK\$′000	I	(5,834)	(5,834)	1				
無分類 Jnallocated	二零零五年 2005 千港元 HK\$'000 (經重列) Restated]	I	1	1	(33,325)				
Na la	二零零六年 2006 千湖元 HK\$'000	I	I	1	(33,296)				
物業發展 Property development	二零零五年 2005 千诺元 千诺元 H(\$'000	10,279	ı	10,279	6,168				
参 Prop develo	二零零六年 2006 千港元 HK\$'000	I	I	1	1,199				
까業投資及管理 Property investment and management	1分年 三零零五年 2008 2005 7港元 7港元 7港元 78元 148 2000 148 2000 148 2000 148 2000	95,363	1	95,363	76,727				
物業投資及f Property investment c manageme	二零零六年 2006 千港元 HK\$'000	662'56	I	662'56	107,254				
機器租賃及買賣 Machinery leasing and trading	二零五年 2005 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	15,427	2,430	17,857	[14,584]				
機器 Mo leas	二零零六年 2006 千港元 HK\$'000	20,162	2,268	22,430	3,422				
機電及建築工程 E&M engineering and building construction	二零零五年 2005 子港元 HK\$'000	125,690	648	126,338	2,639				
機電及 E&M el and l	二零零六年 2006 千港元 HK\$'000	172,003	1,159	173,162	2,660				
地基打椿 Foundation piling	二零零五年 2005 7港元 HK\$'000	429,086	1	429,086	[20,009]				
者 S -	二零零六年 2006 千港元 HK\$'000	792,770	2,407	771,267	22,078				
		Segment revenue: Sales to external customers	Intersegment sales	Total	Segment results	Interestincome	Uvidena income irom listed investments Finance costs	Profit before tax Tax	Profit / loss for the year
		分類收益: 銷售予外間 客戶	分類業務間 之銷售	標	分類業績	利息收入しまれるよ	上 17 女 1 人 股 10 女 入 融 資 成 本	除税前溢利 税項	本年度溢利/ (虧損)



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Restated)

1,867,588

1,867,822

843,816

57,410

(2/9)

2,063

1,88

Consolidated (60,234) (806'9) 2,286,389 30,338 45,192 二零零五年 二零零六年 2,286,389 197 I 142 172 1,178,1 576 46,084 1,596 1 1 702 67,648 (172) 二零零五年 二零零六年 67,648 705,522 1,471 1,297 5,317 396,097 396,097 I 364 88 Property development 物業發展 599,539 599,539 1,510 194,334 646 (31,929) 2005 千港元 HK\$'000 (繪庫列) ,044,649 044,649 5,639 8 1,987 Restateal Property investment and management 物業投資及管理 (60,234) 1,140,240 1,140,240 2,168 二零零六年 82,691 788 3,981 (2,782) leasing and trading 二零零六年 二零零五年 25,898 25,898 10,191 2,063 668'8 188 185 機器租賃及買賣 -0 Machinery (10,279) 35,530 35,530 26,502 6,704 142 172 7,578 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd) E&M engineering and building construction 1 二零零五年 1 Business segments (Cont'd) 60,571 60,571 38,941 96 250 機電及建築工程 64,919 二零零六年 64,919 52,759 I I ı 4 241 97,726 294,523 294,523 (200) 14,327 39,421 地基打樁 GROUP 32,149 2,748 116,389 17,739 (a) Capital expenditure in respect of property, .oss/(gain) on disposal and write-off 4 income during the year (restated) Negative goodwill recognised as Depreciation and amortisation Write-down of inventories to of items of property, plant Provision for impairment of Other segment information: Changes in fair value of investment properties plant and equipment net realisable value trade receivables Interests in associates Assets and liabilities: and equipment Segment liabilities Segment assets Total assets 按業務劃分(續) 投資物業之公平值變動 **微減存貨至可變現淨值 鹿收貿易賬款減值撥備** 機器及設備項目之 於本年度確認為收入 之負商譽(經重列) 物業、機器及設備 之資本開支 (編) 出售及撤銷物業 虧損/(盈利) 分類資產 聯營公司權益 其他分類資料: 折舊及難銷 資產及負債: 分類資料 分類負債 總資産 集 (a)

(3,174)

(31,929)

27,046

4



31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

4. 分類資料 (續)

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

(b) 按地區劃分

下表呈列本集團截至二零零六年 及二零零五年三月三十一日止年 度,按地區分類之收益及若干資 產及開支之資料。

(b) Geographical segments

The following table presents revenue and certain assets and expenditure information for the Group's geographical segments for the years ended 31 March 2006 and 2005.

集團 GROUP

		香港		中國其	[他地區	無分類		綜合	
		Но	ong Kong	Elsewhere	in the PRC	Uno	Unallocated		olidated
	=	二零零六年	二零零五年	二零零六年	二零零五年	二零零六年	二零零五年	二零零六年	二零零五年
		2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
					(經重列)		(經重列)		(經重列)
					(Restated)		(Restated)		(Restated)
分類收益:	Segment revenue:	700 550	571.007	000 101	104750			1 000 70 /	/75.045
銷售予外間客戶	Sales to external customers	788,553	571,087	292,181	104,758			1,080,734	675,845
其他分類資料: 分類資產 物業、機器及	Other segment information: Segment assets Capital expenditure in	439,982	451,669	1,781,763	1,372,591	64,644	43,562	2,286,389	1,867,822
設備之資本開支	respect of property, plant and equipment	25,297	23,476	3,874	3,031	1,167	539	30,338	27,046



收益、其他收入及盈利

收益(亦即本集團之營業額)指由獨立 建築師或工料測量師驗證之地基打樁 與機電及建築工程合約價值; 買賣機 器及物業管理所得收入、出租物業及 機器所得租金收入、出售持有供銷售 之物業之收入抵銷集團內公司間一切 重大交易後之總額。

本集團之收益、其他收入及盈利之分 析如下:

REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

Revenue, which is also the Group's turnover, represents the aggregate of the value of foundation piling, E&M engineering and building construction contracts certified by independent architects or quantity surveyors; income derived from machinery trading and property management; rental income from property and machinery leasing; and income from the sale of properties held for sale, after eliminations of all significant intragroup transactions.

An analysis of the Group's revenue, other income and gains is as follows:

		二零零六年 2006 千港元 HK\$'000	二零零五年 2005 千港元 HK\$'000 (經重列) (Restated)
收益:	Revenue:		
地基打樁	Foundation piling	792,770	429,086
機電及建築工程	E&M engineering and		
	building construction	172,003	125,690
機器租賃及買賣	Machinery leasing and trading	20,162	15,427
物業投資及管理	Property investment and management	95,799	95,363
物業發展	Property development		10,279
		1,080,734	675,845
其他收入及盈利:	Other income and gains:		
利息收入	Interest income	1,586	750
保險索償	Insurance claims	275	1,152
出售一項投資物業之盈利	Gain on disposal of		
	an investment property	_	105
出售物業、機器及	Gain on disposal of items of property,		
設備項目之盈利	plant and equipment	6,908	3,174
按公平值計入損益	Changes in fair value of equity		
之股份投資/短期投資	investments at fair value through		
之公平值變動	profit or loss/short term investments	_	208
年內確認為	Negative goodwill recognised as		
收入之負商譽	income during the year	_	576
來自中國若干附屬公司	Tax refund in respect of reinvestment of		
之可分派溢利	distributable profits from certain		
再投資退税	subsidiaries in the PRC	171	5,475
滙兑盈利淨額	Foreign exchange gains, net	788	_
其他	Others	1,571	4,598
		11,299	16,038
	2005/2006 1 1 7		

財務報表附註

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日



6. 融資成本

6. FINANCE COSTS

		集	事
		GR	OUP
		二零零六年	二零零五年
		2006	2005
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
利息: 須於五年內全數償還之	Interest on: Bank borrowings and overdrafts wholly		
銀行借貸及透支	repayable within five years	29,153	10,085
融資租約	Finance leases	2	126
利息總額 減:發展中物業資本化 之利息(附註16)	Total interest Less: Interest capitalised in properties under	29,155	10,211
	development (note 16)	(8,809)	(2,964)
		20,346	7,247



財務報表附註

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2006 三零零六年三月三十一日

7. 除税前溢利

7. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

本集團之除税前溢利經扣除/(計入) 下列各項後達致: The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

			二零零六年	二零零五年
			2006	2005
		附註	千港元	千港元
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
				(經重列)
				(Restated)
本年度商譽攤銷*	Goodwill amortisation for the year*	19	_	87
折舊	, Depreciation	13	45,156	57,287
預付土地租賃款之攤銷	Amortisation of prepaid land		·	
	lease payments	15	36	36
土地及樓宇經營租約	Minimum lease payments under			
之最低租約付款	operating leases of land and building	S	9,879	9,224
建築設備之租金	Rental of construction equipment		13,775	10,896
核數師酬金:	Auditors' remuneration:			
本年度撥備	Provision for the year		1,623	1,285
上年度撥備不足/	Underprovision/(overprovision)			
(多提撥備)	in the prior year		99	(191)
			1,722	1,094
僱員福利支出:	Employee benefits expense:			
(包括董事酬金-附註8)	: (including directors' remuneration – no	ote 8):		
工資及薪金	Wages and salaries		133,716	112,031
退休金計劃供款	Pension scheme contributions		4,560	4,043
			138,276	116,074



31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

7. 除税前溢利 (續)

7. PROFIT BEFORE TAX (Cont'd)

本集團之除稅前溢利經扣除/(計入) 下列各項後達致: The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

		二零零六年 2006 千港元 HK\$'000	二零零五年 2005 千港元 HK\$'000 (經重列) (Restated)
外幣滙兑虧損/(盈利)淨額*	Foreign exchange losses/(gains), net*	(788)	184
應收貿易賬款減值撥備* 撇減存貨至可變現淨值*	Provision for impairment of trade receivables* Write-down of inventories to	142	2,063
出售一項投資物業	net realisable value* Loss/(gain) on disposal of	172	1,851
之虧損/(盈利)*	an investment property*	109	(105)
按公平值計入損益 之股份投資/短期	Changes in fair value of equity investments at fair value through profit or		
投資之公平值變動*	loss/short term investments*	60	(208)
其他資產減值*	Impairment on other assets*	459	_
一間聯營公司之 欠款減值撥備*	Provision for impairment of an amount due from an associate*	234	_
機器經營租約之	Rental income from		
租金收入	operating leases of machinery	(6,002)	(5,584)
投資物業之	Gross rental income from	(00.071)	100,000
租金收入總額 減:開支	investment properties	(93,861)	(93,890)
//吼· 川 又	Less: Outgoings	21,806	19,986
投資物業之租金收入淨額	Net rental income from investment properties	(72,055)	(73,904)
上市投資之股息收入	Dividend income from listed investments	(10)	(3)

^{*} 有關金額已包括在綜合損益表之「其 他支出」或「其他收入及盈利」內。

^{*} These amounts are included in "Other expenses" or "Other income and gains" on the face of the consolidated income statement.



財務報表附註

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

8. 董事酬金

本年度董事之酬金如下:

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The directors' remuneration for the year is as follows:

					集[GRC	
				Ξ	·零零六年 2006 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	二零零五年 2005 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
袍金: 執行董事 獨立非執行董事		Fees: Executive directors Independent non-e		rs	 360	 301
執行董事之其他酬金: Other emoluments of executive dia 基本薪酬、房屋津貼、 Basic salaries, housing allowar other allowances and benefit 退休金計劃供款 Pension scheme contributions		sing allowance: s and benefits ir	S,	12,465 72	11,615 <i>7</i> 2	
					12,897	11,988
			袍金 Fees 千港元	薪酬、津貼 及實物利益 Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 千港元	退休金 計劃供款 Pension scheme contributions 千港元	總計 Total 千港元
二零零六年 執行董事:	2006 Executive directors:		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
張舜堯先生 馮潮澤先生 錢永勛先生 郭敏慧小姐 趙展鴻先生 黃琦先生	Mr. Francis Cheung Mr. Fung Chiu Chal Mr. David Chien Miss Jennifer Kwok Mr. Chiu Chin Hung Mr. Wong Kay	k, Victor	- - - - - -	4,782 2,691 723 1,213 1,641 1,415	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 72	4,794 2,703 735 1,225 1,653 1,427
獨立非執行董事:	Independent non-	executive directors:				
范佐浩先生 周湛燊先生 謝文彬先生	Mr. Fan Chor Ho, Mr. Chau Cham S Mr. Tse Man Bun		120 120 120		_ 	120 120 120
			360			360
總計	Total		360	12,465	72	12,897



31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

8. 董事酬金 (續)

8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (Cont'd)

		袍金 Fees <i>千港元</i> HK\$ [*] 000	薪酬、津貼 及實物利益 Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 千港元 HK\$'000	退休金 計劃供款 Pension scheme contributions 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
二零零五年 執行董事:	2005 Executive directors:				
張舜堯先生 馮潮澤先生 錢永勛先生 郭敏慧小姐 趙展鴻先生 黃琦先生	Mr. Francis Cheung Mr. Fung Chiu Chak, Victor Mr. David Chien Miss Jennifer Kwok Mr. Chiu Chin Hung Mr. Wong Kay	- - - - - -	4,391 2,300 724 1,098 1,735 1,367	12 12 12 12 12 12 —————————————————————	4,403 2,312 736 1,110 1,747 1,379
獨立非執行董事:	Independent non-executive directors:				
范佐浩先生 周湛燊先生 謝文彬先生	Mr. Fan Chor Ho, Paul Mr. Chau Cham Son Mr. Tse Man Bun	120 120 61 ———————————————————————————————————			120 120 61 ———————————————————————————————————
總計	Total	301	11,615	72	11,988

本年度內, 概無任何董事放棄或同意 放棄任何酬金之安排。

There was no arrangement under which any director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

9. 五位最高薪之僱員

於本年度及過往年度,五位最高薪之 僱員均為本公司董事。

9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the current and prior years are all directors of the Company.



財務報表附註

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

10. 税項

香港利得税按年內於香港產生之估計應課税溢利之17.5%(二零零五年:17.5%)作出準備。中國其他地區應課税溢利之税項已按本集團經營地區之現行適用税率,根據現行法律、其詮釋及慣例計算。

10. TAX

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 17.5% (2005: 17.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere in the PRC have been calculated at the applicable tax rates prevailing in the areas in which the Group operates, based on existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof.

GR	OUP
二零零六年	二零零五年
2006	2005
千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(經重列)
	(Restated)

集團

	(経里列) (Restated)
986	531
12,809	8,175
13,795	8,706
_	(1,080)
(90)	(15)
(90)	(1,095)
19,031	5,187
32,736	12,798
	12,809 13,795 ————————————————————————————————————

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

10. 税項 (續)

適用於以本公司及其附屬公司所在地 區之法定税率計算之除税前溢利之税 項開支與以實際税率計算之税項開支 之對賬如下:

10. TAX (Cont'd)

A reconciliation of the tax charge applicable to profit before tax using the statutory rates for the locations in which the Company and its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax expense at the effective tax rate is as follows:

			画 OUP
		二零零六年 2006 千港元 HK\$'000	二零零五年 2005 千港元 HK\$'000 (經重列) (Restated)
除税前溢利	Profit before tax	89,567	11,122
以法定税率計算之税項 就早前期間之現時税項	Tax at the statutory rates Adjustments in respect of current tax of	27,740	10,099
而作出之調整	previous periods	(90)	(1,095)
毋須課税收入	Income not subject to tax	(2,740)	(8,113)
不予扣減税項之開支	Expenses not deductible for tax	5,058	7,008
動用前期之税項虧損	Tax losses utilised from previous periods	(1,067)	(660)
未確認税項虧損	Tax losses not recognised	3,835	5,559
按本集團實際税率計算 之税項開支	Tax charge at the Group's effective rate	32,736	12,798



31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一

11. 本公司股東應佔純利/(淨虧損)

本公司於財務報表處理之截至二零零六年三月三十一日止年度本公司股東應佔淨虧損為2,356,000港元(二零零五年:1,994,000港元)(附註32(b))。

12. 本公司普通股股東應佔每股盈利 /(虧損)

每股基本盈利乃按照本公司普通股股 東應佔本年度純利20,977,000港元(二 零零五年:淨虧損22,467,000港元(經 重列))及於本年度內已發行普通股之 加權平均數768,739,875股(二零零五 年:761,910,013股)計算。

本年度之每股攤薄盈利乃按照本公司普通股股東應佔純利20,977,000港元計算。計算時所用之加權平均普通股股數,為本年度內已發行普通股(如計算每股基本盈利時所用之768,739,875股),以及假設在本年度內行使所有購股權時無償發行12,398,490股普通股之加權平均數。

由於該年度內發行在外之購股權對該 年度每股基本虧損具反攤薄影響,故 截至二零零五年三月三十一日止年度 並無披露每股攤薄虧損。

11. NET PROFIT/(LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The net loss attributable to equity holders of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2006 dealt with in the financial statements of the Company was HK\$2,356,000 (2005: HK\$1,994,000) (note 32(b)).

12. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of the basic earnings per share amounts is based on the net profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company of HK\$20,977,000 (2005: net loss of HK\$22,467,000 (restated)), and the weighted average number of 768,739,875 (2005: 761,910,013) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

The calculation of the diluted earnings per share amount for the year is based on the net profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company of HK\$20,977,000. The weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation is the ordinary shares in issue during the year, as used in the basic earnings per share calculation of 768,739,875 and the weighted average number of ordinary shares assumed to have been issued at no consideration on the deemed exercise of all share options into ordinary shares during the year of 12,398,490.

A diluted loss per share amount for the year ended 31 March 2005 has not been disclosed, as the share options outstanding during that year had an anti-dilutive effect on the basic loss per share for that year.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

13. 物業、機器及設備

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

集團 GROUP

		設備及機器 Equipment	傢俬及裝置 Furniture	汽車	遊艇	租賃 物業裝修	
		and	and	/ (∓ Motor	Motor	视来表形 Leasehold	總計
		machinery	fixtures	vehicles		nprovements	Total
		<i>千港元</i>	千港元	千港元	· 千港元	· <i>千港元</i>	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
二零零六年三月三十一日	31 March 2006						
成本:	Cost:						
年初	At beginning of year	721,602	38,640	17,007	6,098	58,966	842,313
添置	Additions	25,873	1,136	1,529	_	1,800	30,338
出售及撇銷	Disposals and write-off	(121,883)	(10,502)	(1,137)	_	(1,112)	(134,634)
滙兑調整	Exchange realignment	177	46	66		468	757
於二零零六年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2006	625,769	29,320	17,465	6,098	60,122	738,774
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation						
及減值:	and impairment:						
年初	At beginning of year	621,971	33,607	11,442	6,098	48,662	721,780
本年度折舊	Depreciation provided						
撥備	during the year	38,914	1,170	1,908	_	3,164	45,156
出售及撇銷	Disposals and write-off	(116,764)	(9,436)	(800)	_	(1,112)	(128,112)
滙兑調整	Exchange realignment	141	39	28		462	670
於二零零六年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2006	544,262	25,380	12,578	6,098	51,176	639,494
賬面淨值:	Net book value:						
於二零零六年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2006	81,507	3,940	4,887		8,946	99,280
於二零零五年	At 31 March 2005						
三月三十一日(經重列)	(restated)	99,631	5,033	5,565		10,304	120,533



財務報表附計

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2006 三零零六年三月三十一日

13. 物業、機器及設備 (續)

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

集團 GROUP

	租賃	上地及樓宇 Leasehold land and buildings 千港元 HK\$'000 (經重列) (Restated)	設備及機器 Equipment and machinery 千港元 HK\$'000	像俬及装置 Furniture and fixtures 千港元 HK\$'000	汽車 Motor vehicles 千港元 HK\$'000	遊艇 Motor yacht ir 千港元 HK\$'000	租賃 物業裝修 Leasehold mprovements 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000 (經重列) (Restated)
二零零五年三月三十一日	31 March 2005							
成本: 年初 添置 出售及撇銷 重新分類 至投資物業 (附註14)	Cost: At beginning of year Additions Disposals and write-off Reclassification to investment properties (note 14)	17,531 — — — — — — ————————————————————————	714,576 23,571 (16,545)	42,835 752 (4,947)	15,052 2,403 (448)	6,098 — —	58,646 320 —	854,738 27,046 (21,940)
於二零零五年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2005	_	721,602	38,640	17,007	6,098	58,966	842,313
累計折舊及 減值: 年初 本年度折舊撥備 出售及撇銷	Accumulated depreciation and impairment: At beginning of year Depreciation provided during the year Disposals and write-off	3,190 330	585,691 49,585 (13,305)	36,870 1,373 (4,636)	10,143 1,677 (378)	6,094	44,344 4,318 —	686,332 57,287 (18,319)
重新分類 至投資物業 (附註14)	Reclassification to investment properties (note 14)	(3,520)	_	_	_	_	_	(3,520)
於二零零五年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2005		621,971	33,607	11,442	6,098	48,662	721,780
賬面淨值: 於二零零五年三月三十一日	Net book value: At 31 March 2005		99,631	5,033	5,565		10,304	120,533
於二零零四年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2004	14,341	128,885	5,965	4,909	4	14,302	168,406

本集團若干設備及機器已作為銀行向本集團提供銀行信貸之抵押(附註 27)。 Certain of the Group's equipment and machinery were pledged to banks as security for banking facilities granted to the Group (note 27).



31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

13. 物業、機器及設備 (續)

本集團物業、機器及設備之賬面淨值 包括下列以融資租約持有之資產:

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

The net book value of the property, plant and equipment of the Group includes the following assets which are held under finance leases:

集團
GROUP

設備及機器

成本 累計折舊 累計減值虧損

賬面淨值

本集團於經營租約持有供使用之設備 及機器總額及其相關累計折舊及減值 虧損總額如下: Equipment and machinery —

The gross amounts of the Group's equipment and machinery held for use under operating leases and the related accumulated depreciation and impairment losses are as follows:

集團 GROUP

	GROUP		
	二零零六年	二零零五年	
	2006	2005	
	千港元	千港元	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Cost	94,944	128,084	
Accumulated depreciation	(76,303)	(108,810)	
Accumulated impairment losses	(1,170)	(1,412)	
Net book value	17,471	17,862	



於四月一日之賬面值

樓宇重新分類(附註13)

於三月三十一日之賬面值

自租賃土地及

公平值變動 滙兑調整

31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

14. 投資物業

增添 出售

14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

		集團
		GROUP

	二零零六年	二零零五年
	2006	2005
	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Carrying amount at 1 April	995,540	950,350
Additions	15,957	_
Disposals	(13,800)	(750)
Reclassification from leasehold land		
and buildings (note 13)	_	14,011
Fair value changes	60,234	31,929
Exchange realignment	17,219	
Carrying amount at 31 March	1,075,150	995,540

本集團之投資物業按以下租期持有, 其分佈地區如下:

The Group's investment properties are held under the following lease terms in the following geographical locations:

		中國	
		PRC	
	香港	其他地區	總計
	Hong Kong	Elsewhere	Total
	千港元	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Medium term leases	9,900	_	9,900
Long term leases	52,030	1,013,220	1,065,250
_	61,930	1,013,220	1,075,150

中期租約長期租約

本集團之投資物業已於二零零六年三月三十一日由獨立專業合資格物業估值師威格斯資產評估顧問有限公司按公開市場及現有用途基準重新估值。投資物業乃根據經營租約租賃予第三方,有關概要之進一步詳情載於財務報表附計33(a)。

本集團若干投資物業已作為銀行向本 集團提供銀行信貸之抵押(附註27)。

有關本集團投資物業之進一步詳情載 於第123至124頁。 The Group's investment properties were revalued on an open market, existing use basis, on 31 March 2006, by Vigers Appraisal and Consulting Limited, a firm of independent professionally qualified property valuers. The investment properties are leased to third parties under operating leases, further summary details of which are included in note 33(a) to the financial statements.

Certain of the Group's investment properties were pledged to banks as security for banking facilities granted to the Group (note 27).

Further particulars of the Group's investment properties are included on pages 123 to 124.



31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

15. 預付土地租賃款

15. PREPAID LAND LEASE PAYMENTS

集團
GROUP

		OK	001
		二零零六年	二零零五年
		2006	2005
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			(經重列)
			(Restated)
於四月一日之賬面值	Carrying amount at 1 April		
如先前呈報 採納香港會計準則第17號之影響	As previously reported Effect of adopting HKAS 17	_	_
(附註2.2(a))	(note 2.2(a))	1,509	1,545
經重列	As restated	1,509	1,545
年內攤銷	Amortised during the year	(36)	(36)
於三月三十一日之賬面值	Carrying amount at 31 March	1,473	1,509
計入其他應收款項、 預付款項及	Current portion included in other receivables,		
訂金之本期部份	prepayments and deposits	(36)	(36)
非本期部份	Non-current portion	1,437	1,473

租賃土地乃根據中期租約持有,並位於香港。

The leasehold land is held under a medium term lease and is situated in Hong Kong.

16. 發展中物業

16. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

		集團		
		GR	OUP	
		二零零六年	二零零五年	
		2006	2005	
		千港元	千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
年初結存	Balance at beginning of year	311,934	263,604	
本年度添置	Additions during the year	142,816	45,366	
資本化之利息(附註6)	Interest capitalised (note 6)	8,809	2,964	
滙 兑調整	Exchange realignment	5,820		
年終結存	Balance at end of year	469,379	311,934	



31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

17. 附屬公司權益

17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

		公司	
		COM	IPANY
		二零零六年	二零零五年
		2006	2005
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
非上市股份,按成本	Unlisted shares, at cost	4,120	4,120
附屬公司之欠款 一年內到期分類為流動資產之部份	Amounts due from subsidiaries Portion due within one year,	762,665	770,485
T [] 对 对 对 对 对 其 胜 之 即 []	classified as current assets	(39,955)	(70,230)
		722,710	700,255
欠附屬公司之款項 一年內到期分類為流動負債之部份	Amounts due to subsidiaries Portion due within one year,	(120,090)	(125,714)
	classified as current liabilities	120,090	125,714
		726,830	704,375

於結算日,附屬公司之欠款及欠附屬公司之款項均為無抵押及免息。計入流動資產及流動負債之附屬公司結存並無固定還款期,而計入非流動資產之附屬公司結存則毋須於由結算日起計一年內償還。附屬公司結存之賬面值與其公平值相若。

本公司已承諾不要求附屬公司泰昇地基工程有限公司償還欠款80,000,000港元(二零零五年: 80,000,000港元),使該附屬公司可維持政府當局規定所需最低限額之營運資金。

At the balance sheet date, the amounts due from and to subsidiaries are unsecured and interest-free. The balances with subsidiaries included in the current assets and current liabilities have no fixed terms of repayment whereas the balances with subsidiaries included in non-current assets are not expected to be repaid within one year from the balance sheet date. The carrying amounts of balances with the subsidiaries approximate to their fair values

The Company has undertaken not to demand repayment of the amount due from a subsidiary, Tysan Foundation Limited, of HK\$80,000,000 (2005: HK\$80,000,000), in order to let the subsidiary maintain the required minimum working capital as stipulated by government authorities.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

17. 附屬公司權益 (續)

17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

本公司之主要附屬公司詳情如下:

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行及 繳足股份/ 註冊股本面值 Nominal value of issued and fully paid share/ registered capital	本公司 股權i Perce of ec attribut the Co 二零零六年 2006	百分比 ntage quity able to	主要業務 Principal activities
泰昇 (香港) 控股有限公司 Tysan (Hong Kong) Holdings Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
泰昇地基工程有限公司 <i>(附註1及3)</i> Tysan Foundation Limited <i>(notes 1 and 3)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 27,000,000港元 遞延股 3,000,000港元 Ordinary HK\$27,000,000 Deferred HK\$3,000,000	100	100	地基打樁 Foundation piling
泰昇建築(澳門)有限公司 (附註 1) Tysan Construction (Macau) Limited (note 1)	澳門 Macau	普通股 澳門幣 25,000 元 Ordinary MOP25,000	100	100	地基打椿 Foundation piling
泰昇機械租賃有限公司 (附註3) Tysan Machinery Hire Limited (note 3)) 香港 Hong Kong	普通股 10,000港元 遞延股 200,000港元 Ordinary HK\$10,000 Deferred HK\$200,000	100	100	機械租賃 Machinery hiring
泰昇地基工程(香港)有限公司 <i>(附註1)</i> Tysan Contractors (Hong Kong) Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	地基打椿及 項目管理 Foundation piling and project management



31 March 2006 工零零六年三月三十一日

17. 附屬公司權益 (續)

17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

本公司之主要附屬公司詳情如下: (續) Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Cont'd)

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行及 繳足股份/ 註冊股本面值 Nominal value of issued and fully paid share/ registered capital	本公司所 股權百 Percen of equ attribute the Com 二零零六年 2006	分比 tage uity uble to	主要業務 Principal activities
泰昇土力工程有限公司 <i>(附註1)</i> Tysan Geotechnical Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	地盤實地勘探 Site investigation
先進機械工程有限公司 <i>(附註1)</i> Proficiency Equipment Limited <i>(note 1)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 6,750,000 港元 Ordinary HK\$6, <i>75</i> 0,000	100	100	機械租賃及 買賣 Machinery hiring and trading
先進工程營造有限公司 <i>(附註1)</i> Proficiency Engineering Limited <i>(note 1)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	提供工程服務 Provision of engineering services
剛耀有限公司 (附註1) Lion Bright Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	機械租賃及 買賣 Machinery hiring and trading
泰昇管理有限公司 (附註1及3, Tysan Management Limited (notes 1 and 3)) 香港 Hong Kong	普通股100港元 遞延股2港元 Ordinary HK\$100 Deferred HK\$2	100	100	企業管理 Corporate management
新曜有限公司 Sun Sparkle Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	企業融資 Corporate financing



31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

17. 附屬公司權益 (續)

17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

本公司之主要附屬公司詳情如下: (續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Cont'd)

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行及 繳足股份/ 註冊股本面值 Nominal value of issued and fully paid share/ registered capital	of ed	5分比 ntage quity table to	主要業務 Principal activities
卓民有限公司 Great Unison Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股1港元 Ordinary HK\$1	100	100	企業融資 Corporate financing
泰昇投資發展有限公司 Tysan Investment Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
泰昇地產發展投資有限公司 Tysan Property Development &Investment Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
泰昇建築有限公司 Tysan Construction Company Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
沛溢投資有限公司 (附註1) Faithmark Investments Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
Tremend Yield Limited (附註1) (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 20 港元 Ordinary HK\$20	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
三悦投資有限公司 (附註1) Trions Investment Limited (note 7)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	物業投資 Property investment
善信投資有限公司 (附註1) Sure Faith Investment Limited (note 7)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	持有物業 Property holding



31 March 2006 三零零六年三月三十一日

17. 附屬公司權益 (續)

17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

本公司之主要附屬公司詳情如下: (續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Cont'd)

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 主冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行及 繳足股份/ 註冊股本面值 Nominal value of issued and fully paid share/ registered capital	本公司 股權百 Percel of ec attribut the Cor 二零零六年 2006	ī分比 ntage quity able to	主要業務 Principal activities
頓肯房地產有限公司 (附註1) Duncan Properties Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
Dragonhill Limited (附註 1) (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
剛毅投資有限公司 (附註1) Great Regent Investments Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	100	100	投資控股 Investment holding
興懋有限公司 (附註1) Great Prosper Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股100港元 Ordinary HK\$100	90	90	投資控股 Investment holding
泰昇房地產開發(天津)有限公司 (前稱「天津泰昇房地產 開發有限公司」)(附註1及4) Tysan Property Development (Tianjin) Company Limited (Formerly known as "Tianjin Tysan Property Development Company Limited") (notes 1 and 4)	中華人民 共和國/ 中國內地 People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	1 5,500,000 美元 US\$1 <i>5,5</i> 00,000	90	90	物業發展 Property development

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17. 附屬公司權益 (續)

17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

本公司之主要附屬公司詳情如下: (續) Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Cont'd)

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行及 繳足股份/ 註冊股本面值 Nominal value of issued and fully paid share/ registered capital	本公司 股權已 Perce of ec attribut the Co 二零零六年 2006	百分比 ntage quity table to	主要業務 Principal activities
泰升房地產(上海)有限公司 (前稱「上海普陀頓肯房地產 開發經營有限公司」) <i>(附註1及5)</i> Tysan Land (Shanghai) Limited (Formerly known as "Shanghai Putuo Duncan Property Development Company Limited") (notes 1 and 5)	中華人民 共和國/ 中國內地 People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	17,400,000美元 US\$17,400,000	80	80	物業發展 Property development
泰昇工程服務有限公司 <i>(附註 1)</i> Tysan Engineering Company Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 10,000港元 Ordinary HK\$10,000	70	70	投資控股 Investment holding
泰昇工程(香港)有限公司 (附註 1) Tysan Engineering (HK) Company Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 4,100,000港元 Ordinary HK\$4,100,000	70	70	提供電機及 機械服務 Provision of electrical and mechanical services
泰昇貿易有限公司 <i>(附註1)</i> Tysan Trading Company Limited <i>(note 1)</i>	香港 Hong Kong	普通股100港元 Ordinary HK\$100	60	60	一般貿易 General trading
華園國際有限公司(附註1) China Garden International Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股100港元 Ordinary HK\$100	60	60	投資控股 Investment holding
紅光投資有限公司 (附註1) Red Shine Investment Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	60	60	投資控股 Investment holding



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17. 附屬公司權益 (續)

17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

本公司之主要附屬公司詳情如下: (續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Cont'd)

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行及 繳足股份/ 註冊股本面值 Nominal value of issued and fully paid share/ registered capital	本公司 股權百 Percel of ec attribut the Cor 二零零六年 2006	ī分比 ntage quity able to	主要業務 Principal activities
海逸投資有限公司 <i>(附註1)</i> Hiat Investment Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	60	60	物業投資 Property investment
佳利威有限公司 (附註1) Carriway Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	60	60	投資控股 Investment holding
資盛行有限公司 (附註1) Fund House Limited (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	60	60	投資控股 Investment holding
頓肯物業管理 (上海) 有限公司 (附註1及4) Duncan Property Management (Shanghai) Company Limited (notes 1 and 4)	中華人民 共和國/ 中國內地 People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	500,000美元 US\$500,000	60	60	物業管理 Property management
上海華園國際房地產 開發經營有限公司 (附註1及4) Shanghai China Garden International Real Estate Development & Management Company Limited (notes 1 and 4)	中華人民 共和國/ 中國內地 People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	5,000,000 美元 US\$5,000,000	60	60	物業投資 Property investment



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17. 附屬公司權益 (續)

17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

本公司之主要附屬公司詳情如下:(續) Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Cont'd)

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行及 繳足股份/ 註冊股本面值 Nominal value of issued and fully paid share/ registered capital	本公司 股權已 Percel of ec attribut the Col 二零零六年 2006	百分比 ntage quity rable to	主要業務 Principal activities
上海長寧頓肯房地產 開發經營有限公司 (附註1及5) Shanghai Changning Duncan Property Development Company Limited (notes 1 and 5)	中華人民 共和國/ 中國內地 People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	10,000,000美元 US\$10,000,000	60	60	物業發展 Property development
上海頓肯房地產開發經營有限公司 (附註1及4) Shanghai Duncan Property Development Company Limited (notes 1 and 4)	中華人民 共和國/ 中國內地 People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	5,000,000美元 US\$5,000,000	60	60	物業發展 Property development
Consco Investment Company Limited (附註1) (note 1)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 100,000港元 Ordinary HK\$100,000	58.25	58.25	投資控股 Investment holding
泰昇建築工程有限公司 (附註 1 及 2) Tysan Building Construction Company Limited (notes 1 and 2)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 10,200,000港元 Ordinary HK\$10,200,000	50	50	提供樓宇及 建築工程 Provision of building and construction works



31 March 2006 三零零六年三月三十一日

17. 附屬公司權益 (續)

17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

本公司之主要附屬公司詳情如下: (續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Cont'd)

名稱 Name	註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點 Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	已發行及 繳足股份/ 註冊股本面值 Nominal value of issued and fully paid share/ registered capital	本公司, 股權百 Percen of eq attribute the Con 二零零六年 2006	分比 tage uity uble to	主要業務 Principal activities
泰昇工程策劃有限公司 (附註 1 及 2) Tysan Project Management Limited (notes 1 and 2)	香港 Hong Kong	普通股2港元 Ordinary HK\$2	50	50	提供樓宇及 建築工程 Provision of building and construction works
澳泰昇建築(澳門)有限公司 (附註 1、2及6) Mac Tysan Construction (Macau) Limited (notes 1, 2 and 6)	澳門 Macau	普通股 澳門幣 25,000 元 Ordinary MOP25,000	50	_	提供樓宇及 建築工程 Provision of building and construction works
天津國際大廈有限公司 <i>(附註 1、2及 5)</i> Tianjin International Building Company Limited <i>(notes 1, 2 and 5)</i>	中華人民 共和國/ 中國內地 People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	10,000,000美元 US\$10,000,000	46.6	46.6	物業投資 Property investment



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17. 附屬公司權益 (續)

本公司之主要附屬公司詳情如下: (續) 附註:

- 1. 透過附屬公司持有。
- 本公司有權在該等公司之董事局會議 上作出大多數投票,故彼等被視為本 公司之附屬公司。
- 3. 遞延股份無權獲派股息(於有關公司可供分派股息之純利超1,000,000,000港元之任何財政年度按每年5厘之息率派發之固定非累計股息除外),亦無權於股東大會上投票,而且於清盤時無權收取資本退還之任何盈餘(該等股份之已繳股本除外,惟該公司之普通股持有人必須於清盤時已經就每股普通股獲分派共1,000,000,000,000,000港元)。
- 該等公司乃根據中國法例註冊為外商 獨資企業。
- 該等公司乃根據中國法例註冊為中外 合資企業。
- 6. 該公司於本年度新成立。

上表所列之本公司附屬公司是董事認為對本 集團之本年度業績有重大影響或構成本集團 大部份資產淨值之附屬公司。董事認為,詳 列其他附屬公司會引致內容過於冗長。

18. 聯營公司權益

應佔資產淨值 聯營公司之欠款

減:減值撥備

17. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Cont'd)

Notes:

- 1. Held through subsidiaries.
- 2. The Company has the power to cast the majority of votes at meetings of the board of directors of these entities and therefore they are regarded as subsidiaries of the Company.
- 3. The deferred shares carry no rights to dividends (other than a fixed non-cumulative dividend at the rate of 5% per annum for any financial year during which the net profit of the relevant company available for dividends exceeds HK\$1 billion), no rights to vote at general meetings, no rights to receive any surplus on a return of capital on a winding-up (other than the amount paid up on such shares, provided that the holders of the ordinary shares of that company have been distributed in such a winding-up of a sum of HK\$1,000 billion in respect of each ordinary share).
- 4. These entities are registered as wholly-foreign-owned enterprises under the PRC law
- These entities are registered as Sino-foreign joint ventures under the PRC law
- 6. The entity was newly established during the year.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

18. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

	集	画
	GR	OUP
	二零零六年	二零零五年
	2006	2005
	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Share of net assets	_	_
Amount due from an associate	234	234
	234	234
Less: Provision for impairment	(234)	_
		234



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

18. 聯營公司權益 (續)

聯營公司之欠款為無抵押、免息及無 固定還款期。

聯營公司結存之賬面值與其公平值相

主要聯營公司之詳情如下:

18. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Cont'd)

The amount due from an associate is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment.

The carrying amount of the balance with an associate approximates to its fair value.

本集團應佔之

Particulars of the principal associate are as follows:

名稱 Name	業務架構 Business structure	所持已發行 股份詳情 Particulars of issued shares held	註冊 成立地點 Place of incorporation	擁有權百分比 Percentage of ownership interest attributable to the Group	主要業務 Principal activity
力騏投資有限公司 Turbo Dragon Investment Limited	公司 Corporate	每股普通股 面值 1 港元 Ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	香港 Hong Kong	50	投資控股 Investment holding

上表列出董事認為主要影響本集團分 佔聯營公司業績或形成本集團所佔聯 營公司大部份權益之本集團聯營公 司。董事認為,詳列其他聯營公司會 引致內容過於冗長。

The above table lists the associate of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the Group's share of results of the associates or formed a substantial portion of the Group's interests in associates. To give details of other associates would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.



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19. 商譽及負商譽

19. GOODWILL AND NEGATIVE GOODWILL

集團 GROUP

				負商譽	
			商譽	Negative	總計
		附註	Goodwill <i>千港元</i>	goodwill <i>千港元</i>	Total <i>千港元</i>
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	,	1010	τιικφ σσσ	(附註 2.4(a))	τιιτφ σσσ
				(note 2.4(a))	
二零零六年三月三十一日	31 March 2006				
ーダダハナーカー! H	31 March 2000				
於二零零五年四月一日:	At 1 April 2005:				
如先前呈報之成本	Cost as previously reported		23,474	(92,953)	(69,479)
採納以下會計準則之影響:	Effect of adopting:				
香港(常務詮釋委員會) - 詮釋第21號	HK(SIC)-Int 21		43,717	47,459	91,176
香港財務報告準則第3號	HKFRS 3		43,717	45,494	45,494
	TININO	-			
經重列之成本	Cost as restated		67,191		67,191
如先前呈報之累計攤銷及減值	Accumulated amortisation				
W. 1011 - IW - 20 H - 20 M - 21 W - 2	and impairment				
	as previously reported		(23,474)	68,613	45,139
採納以下會計準則之影響:	Effect of adopting:				
香港(常務詮釋委員會)	HK(SIC)-Int 21				
一詮釋第21號			(43,717)	(26,810)	(70,527)
香港財務報告準則第3號	HKFRS 3	_		(41,803)	(41,803)
經重列之累計攤銷及減值	Accumulated amortisation				
,,,,	and impairment as restated		(67,191)	_	(67,191)
	'	=			
於二零零五年四月一日及	Net carrying amount				
二零零六年三月三十一日之	at 1 April 2005 and				
賬面淨值	31 March 2006				



31 March 2006 三零零六年三月三十一日

19. 商譽及負商譽 (續)

19. GOODWILL AND NEGATIVE GOODWILL (Cont'd)

集團 GROUP

		附註 Note	商譽 Goodwill 千港元 HK\$'000	負商譽 Negative goodwill 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
二零零五年三月三十一日	31 March 2005				
於二零零四年四月一日: 如先前呈報之成本 採納香港(常務詮釋委員會)	At 1 April 2004: Cost as previously reported Effect of adopting		23,474	(92,953)	(69,479)
- 詮釋第21號之影響	HK(SIC)-Int 21	2.2(e)	43,717	47,459	91,176
經重列之成本	Cost as restated	_	67,191	(45,494)	21,697
如先前呈報之累計攤銷及減值	Accumulated amortisation and impairment				
採納香港(常務詮釋委員會)	as previously reported Effect of adopting		(23,387)	64,819	41,432
一詮釋第21號之影響	, ,	2.2(e)	(43,717)	(23,592)	(67,309)
經重列之累計攤銷及減值	Accumulated amortisation and impairment as restated	<u>.</u>	(67,104)	41,227	(25,877)
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount	_	87	(4,267)	(4, 180)
於二零零四年四月一日之成本 (扣除累計攤銷及減值) 年內確認為收入/ (攤銷撥備)(經重列)	Cost at 1 April 2004, net of accumulated amortisation and impairment Recognised as income/ (amortisation provided)		8 <i>7</i>	(4,267)	(4,180)
	during the year (restated)	_	(87)	576	489
於二零零五年三月三十一日 之賬面淨值	Net carrying amount at 31 March 2005			(3,691)	(3,691)
於二零零五年三月三十一日: 成本 累計攤銷及減值	At 31 March 2005: Cost Accumulated amortisation		67,191	(45,494)	21,697
	and impairment	_	(67,191)	41,803	(25,388)
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount			(3,691)	(3,691)

31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

短期投資

20. 按公平值計入損益之股份投資/ 20. EQUITY INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS/SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS

集團

GROUP

二零零六年 二零零五年 2006 2005 千港元 千港元 HK\$'000 HK\$'000

隹 圃

於香港上市之股份投資,按市值

Listed equity investments

in Hong Kong, at market value

372

432

21. 存貨

原料

年初

年終

年內出售之物業

零件及其他

21. INVENTORIES

Raw materials

Spare parts and others

朱	立
GRO	OUP
二零零六年	二零零五年
2006	2005
千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
329	3,209
8,344	6,942
8,673	10,151

22. 持有供銷售之物業

22. PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

集團 **GROUP**

二零零五年

	2006 千港元 HK\$′000	2005 千港元 HK\$'000
At beginning of year Properties sold during the year	11,468 —	16,855 (5,387)
At end of year	11,468	11,468

本集團持有供銷售之物業位於中國內 地及以長期租約持有。

The Group's properties held for sale are located in the Mainland China and are held under long term leases.



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23. 建築合約

23. CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

		朱	: 閏
		GR	OUP
		二零零六年	二零零五年
		2006	2005
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
客戶有關合約	Amounts due from customers		
工程之欠款	for contract works	142,476	99,381
欠客戶有關合約	Amounts due to customers		
工程之款項	for contract works	(19,261)	(19,373)
		123,215	80,008
		123,213	00,000
所產生之合約成本加截至	Contract costs incurred plus		
本年報日期已確認溢利減	recognised profits less		
已確認虧損	recognised losses to date	2,232,219	1,783,356
減:已收及應收	Less: Progress billings received		
進度賬款	and receivable	(2,109,004)	(1,703,348)
		123,215	80,008
		123,213	00,006

於結算日,計入應收貿易賬款內應收客戶持有之有關合約工程之保證金約達44,210,000港元(二零零五年:35,535,000港元)(附註24)。

At the balance sheet date, retentions held by customers for contract works included in trade receivables amounted to approximately HK\$44,210,000 (2005: HK\$35,535,000) (note 24).

集團

31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日



24. 應收貿易賬款

24. TRADE RECEIVABLES

		集團		
		GROUP		
		二零零六年	二零零五年	
		2006	2005	
		千港元	千港元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
應收貿易賬款:	Trade receivables:			
90日內	Within 90 days	172,679	106,923	
91日至180日	91 to 180 days	2,333	1,164	
181日至360日	181 to 360 days	153	973	
360日以上	Over 360 days	180	431	
		175,345	109,491	
應收保證金(附註23)	Retention receivables (note 23)	44,210	35,535	
		219,555	145,026	

本集團跟隨本地行業標準制訂信貸政 策。給予貿易客戶之平均一般信貸期為 90日內(應收保證金除外),惟須經管理 層定期檢討。有鑒於上文所述及本集團 之應收貿易賬款與大量不同客戶有關, 故概無信貸風險過於集中之情況。

應收貿易賬款之賬面值與其公平值相 若。

The Group has established credit policies that follow local industry standards. The average normal credit periods offered to trade customers other than for retention receivables are within 90 days, and are subject to periodic review by management. In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk.

The carrying amounts of the trade receivables approximate to their fair values.



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25. 應付貿易賬款及應計款項

25. TRADE PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

		集團		公司	
		GROUP		COMPANY	
		二零零六年	二零零五年	二零零六年	二零零五年
		2006	2005	2006	2005
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應付貿易賬款:	Trade payables:				
30日內	Within 30 days	98,160	65,641	54	17
31日至90日	31 to 90 days	8,298	13,313	_	_
91日至180日	91 to 180 days	511	920	_	_
180日以上	Over 180 days	1,311	4,407		
		108,280	84,281	54	17
應付保證金	Retention payables	15,759	16,502	_	_
應計款項	Accruals	50,991	42,008	650	516
		175,030	142,791	704	533

應付貿易賬款之賬面值與其公平值相若。

The carrying amounts of the trade payables approximate to their fair values.

26. 其他應付款項、已收訂金及預收 款項

其他應付款項均為免息,平均還款期為一個月。其他應付款項、已收訂金及預收款項之賬面值與其公平值相若。

26. OTHER PAYABLES, DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND RECEIPTS IN ADVANCE

Other payables are non-interest-bearing and have an average term of one month. The carrying amounts of other payables, deposits received and receipts in advance approximate to their fair values.







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27. 附息銀行借貸

27. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS

				集團	
		實際利率		GR	OUP
		Effective	期限	二零零六年	二零零五年
		interest rate	Maturity	2006	2005
			,	千港元	千港元
		%		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
無抵押:	Unsecured:				
銀行貸款	Bank loans	5.5 – 6.1	二零零六年至	218,720	203,000
			二零零八年		
			2006 - 2008		
信託收據貸款	Trust receipt loans	6.1 – 8.0		22,351	11,258
			2006		
					01.4.050
				241,071	214,258
有抵押:	Secured:				
銀行貸款	Bank loans	53-63	二零零六年至	410,943	179,446
以门 英 叭	Dalik Ioalis	5.0 0.0	二零一零年	410,740	17 7,440
			2006 - 2010		
按揭貸款	Mortgage loans	5.9	二零零六年	6,500	1,500
1× 14 × 1/1	Triongage loans	5.7	2006	0,300	1,500
			2000		
				417,443	180,946
				<u> </u>	
銀行借貸總額	Total bank borrowings			658,514	395,204
根據下列項目分析:	Analysed into:				
須於下列期間內償還	Bank borrowings repay	/able:			
之銀行借貸:					
於一年內或按通知時	Within one year or			000 (00	100.010
/5/5 /	on demand			202,680	123,918
第二年	In the second year			169,676	84,910
第三年至第五年	In the third to fifth yea	ars,		00 / 150	10/07/
(包括首尾兩年)	inclusive			286,158	186,376
				658,514	395,204
須於一年內償還,	Portion due within one ye	or.		030,314	393,204
タボーキ 内 貞遠 アー・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・	classified as current	uı,			
力 類 為 派 勤 貞 頃 之 部 份	liabilities			(202,680)	(123,918)
< □ ΙΛΙ ΛΙΙ	IIUDIIIIIE3			(202,000)	[123,710]
長期部份	Long term portion			455,834	271,286
	9 - 1				



31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

27. 附息銀行借貸 (續)

本集團之銀行借貸乃由本集團於結算日賬面淨值總額約604,228,000港元(二零零五年:346,830,000港元)之若干設備與機器(附註13)及投資物業(附註14)作抵押。

此外,本公司已就本公司若干附屬公司取得之借貸融資簽立擔保(附註35)。

本集團所有銀行借貸均按浮動利率計 息。銀行借貸之賬面值與其公平值相 若。

本集團以港元及人民幣為單位之銀行 借貸賬面值如下:

港元 人民幣

27. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS (Cont'd)

The Group's bank borrowings were secured by certain of the Group's equipment and machinery (note 13) and investment properties (note 14) with an aggregate net book value of approximately HK\$604,228,000 (2005: HK\$346,830,000) at the balance sheet date.

In addition, the Company has executed guarantees in respect of borrowing facilities granted to certain of the Company's subsidiaries (note 35).

All of the bank borrowings of the Group bear interest at floating interest rates. The carrying amounts of the bank borrowings approximate to their fair values.

The carrying amounts of the Group's bank borrowings denominated in Hong Kong dollars and Renminbi are as follows:

	二零零六年 2006 千港元 HK\$′000	二零零五年 2005 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
Hong Kong dollars Renminbi	421,206 237,308 658,514	351,053 44,151 395,204



31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

28. 應付融資租約

於上年度,本集團就經營機器租賃業 務租用若干機器。該等租約歸類為融 資租約,餘下租期為一年。

於結算日,在融資租約下未來最低租 約付款總額及其現值如下:

28. FINANCE LEASE PAYABLES

In the prior year, the Group leased certain of its plant and machinery for its machinery hiring business. These leases were classified as finance leases and had remaining lease terms of one year.

At the balance sheet date, the total future minimum lease payments under finance leases and their present values, were as follows:

		最低租約付款		最低租約付款現值	
		Minimum lease		Present value of minimum	
	集團				
	GROUP	payments		lease payments	
		二零零六年	二零零五年	二零零六年	二零零五年
		2006	2005	2006	2005
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
須於下列期間償還之款項:	Amounts payable:				
一年內	Within one year		252		250
最低融資租約付	Total minimum finance				
款項總額	lease payments	_	252		250
日後融資費用	Future finance charges	_	(2)		
动次和幼族科勃西纳河麓	Total net finance				
融資租約應付款項總淨額	lease payables	_	250		
分類為流動負債之部份	Portion classified				
刀 炽 闷 川 剉 貝 貝 乙 叩 刀	as current liabilities		(250)		
長期部份	Long term portion				



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29. 遞延税項

29. DEFERRED TAX

於本年度內,遞延税務負債及資產之 變動如下: The movements in deferred tax liabilities and assets during the year are as follows:

可供抵銷

集團

GROUP

			未來應課税	
		加速	溢利之虧損 Losses available	
		税項折舊	for offset	
		Accelerated tax	against future	總計
		depreciation	taxable profit	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零零四年四月一日:	At 1 April 2004:			
如先前呈報	As previously reported	(10,630)	986	(9,644)
前期調整	Prior year adjustment	(226,986)		(226,986)
經重列	As restated	(237,616)	986	(236,630)
年內計入損益表/ (於損益表扣除)之遞延税項	Deferred tax credited/(charged) to the income statement during			
(經重列)(附註10)	the year (restated) (note 10)	(6,078)	891	(5,187)
於二零零五年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2005	(243,694)	1,877	(241,817)
於二零零五年四月一日:	At 1 April 2005:			
如先前呈報	As previously reported	(6,256)	1,877	(4,379)
前期調整	Prior year adjustment	(237,438)		(237,438)
經重列	As restated	(243,694)	1,877	(241,817)
年內於損益表扣除 之遞延税項(附註10) 年內於權益中扣除	Deferred tax charged to the income statement during the year (note 10) Deferred tax debited to equity	(17,314)	(1,717)	(19,031)
之遞延税項	during the year	(5,681)		(5,681)
於二零零六年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2006	(266,689)	160	(266,529)



31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

29. 遞延税項 (續)

本集團於香港產生之税項虧損為257,487,000港元(二零零五年:257,986,000港元),可用作無限期抵銷出現虧損之公司之未來應課稅溢利,而長期產生虧損之附屬公司所產生之該等虧損則不會確認為遞延稅項資產。

於二零零六年三月三十一日,就本集團若干附屬公司或聯營公司之未滙出盈利產生之應付税項而言,由於該等款額滙出時,本集團並無額外之税項負債,故並未確認重大遞延税項負債(二零零五年:無)。

本公司派付予其股東之股息並無任何所得稅後果。

30. 股本

股份

法定:

每股面值0.10港元之 普通股2,000,000,000股

每股面值0.10港元之 普通股837,465,903股 (二零零五年: 764,965,903股)

(二零零五年: 2,000,000,000股)

已發行及繳足:

29. DEFERRED TAX (Cont'd)

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$257,487,000 (2005: HK\$257,986,000) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time.

At 31 March 2006, there was no significant unrecognised deferred tax liability (2005: Nil) for taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of certain of the Group's subsidiaries or associates as the Group has no liability to additional tax should such amounts be remitted.

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

30. SHARE CAPITAL

Shares

		·司 NPANY
	二零零六年 2006 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000	二零零五年 2005 <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
Authorised: 2,000,000,000 (2005: 2,000,000,000) ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	200,000	200,000
Issued and fully paid: 837,465,903 (2005: 764,965,903) ordinary shares		

83,746

of HK\$0.10 each

76,496



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30. 股本 (續)

於本年度及過往年度內,股本之變動 如下:

- (a) 於上年度,根據本公司已於二零零二年八月二十八日終止之舊購股權計劃,1,800,000份購股權附帶之認購權已按發行價每股0.20港元獲行使,致使發行1,800,000股每股面值0.10港元之股份,現金總代價為360,000港元。
- (b) 於本年度內,根據現有購股權計劃,37,500,000份及35,000,000份(二零零五年:13,000,000份)購股權附帶之認購權已分別按發行價每股0.252港元及每股0.15港元(二零零五年:0.15港元)獲行使,致使發行72,500,000股(二零零五年:13,000,000股)每股面值0.10港元之股份,現金總代價為14,700,000港元(二零零五年:1,950,000港元)

30. SHARE CAPITAL (Cont'd)

The movements in share capital for the current and prior years were as follows:

- (a) In the prior year, the subscription rights attaching to 1,800,000 share options under the old share option scheme of the Company, which was terminated on 28 August 2002, were exercised at an issue price of HK\$0.20 per share, resulting in the issue of 1,800,000 shares of HK\$0.10 each for a total cash consideration of HK\$360,000.
- (b) During the year, the subscription rights attaching to 37,500,000 and 35,000,000 (2005: 13,000,000) share options under the existing share option scheme were exercised at issue prices of HK\$0.252 and HK\$0.15 (2005: HK\$0.15) per share, respectively, resulting in the issue of 72,500,000 (2005: 13,000,000) shares of HK\$0.10 each for a total cash consideration of HK\$14,700,000 (2005: HK\$1,950,000).

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2006 二零零六年三月三十一日

30. 股本 (續)

以下乃參考上述本公司已發行股本變動之本年度及過往年度內交易之概要:

30. SHARE CAPITAL (Cont'd)

A summary of the transactions during the current and prior years with reference to the above movements in the Company's issued share capital is as follows:

		已發行 股份數目		股份溢價賬 Share	
		Number of shares in issue	已發行股本 Issued capital 千港元 HK\$'000	premium account 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total 千港元 HK\$'000
於二零零四年四月一日	At 1 April 2004	750,165,903	75,016	510,157	585,173
根據已於二零零二年 八月二十八日終止 之舊購股權計劃已 行使之購股權(a)	Share options exercised under the old share option scheme terminated on 28 August 2002 (a)	1,800,000	180	180	360
根據現有購股權計劃 已行使之購股權(b)	Share options exercised under the existing share option scheme (b)	13,000,000	1,300	650	1,950
於二零零五年三月三十一日 及二零零五年四月一日	At 31 March 2005 and 1 April 2005	764,965,903	76,496	510,987	587,483
根據現有購股權計劃 已行使之購股權(b)	Share options exercised under the existing share option scheme (b)	72,500,000	7,250	7,450	14,700
於二零零六年三月三十一日	At 31 March 2006	837,465,903	83,746	518,437	602,183

購股權

本公司現有購股權計劃之詳情及根據 計劃發行之購股權載於財務報表附註 31。

Share options

Details of the Company's existing share option scheme and the share options issued under the scheme are included in note 31 to the financial statements.



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31. 購股權計劃

本公司現時推行一個購股權計劃(「計劃」),為本集團成功營運作出貢獻之合資格參與者提供獎勵及回報。該計劃之合資格參與者包括本公司董事(包括獨立非執行董事)及本集團其他僱員。

目前准許根據該計劃授出之尚未行使 購股權最高數目,合共不得超過本公 司任何時間已發行股份之10%。

本公司之計劃概要如下:

目的

Purpose

參與者

Participants

可予發行之普通股總數及於年報發表 日期佔已發行股本之百分比

Total number of ordinary shares available for issue and the percentage of the issued share capital that it represents as at the date of the annual report

每名參與者之最高配額

Maximum entitlement of each participant

根據購股權必須認購證券之期限 Period within which the securities must be taken up under an option

於行使前必須持有購股權之最低期限 Minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised

於接納時應付款項

Amount payable on acceptance

31. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company currently operates a share option scheme (the "Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Eligible participants of the Scheme include the Company's directors, including independent non-executive directors, and other employees of the Group.

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the Scheme must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time.

A summary of the Scheme of the Company is as follows:

為鼓勵合資格參與者於達致本公司目標時作出最佳表現,同時讓彼等分享曾作出努力及貢獻而達致之本公司業務成果。

To encourage eligible participants to perform their best in achieving the goals of the Company while at the same time allow them to share the fruits of the Company's business achieved through their effort and contribution.

本公司或其任何附屬公司之行政人員、僱員或董事(包括執行董事及非執行董事)。

Executives or employees or directors (including both executive directors and non-executive directors) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

75,196,590股普通股及已發行股本之8.98%。

75, 196, 590 ordinary shares and 8.98% of the issued share capital.

不得超過於任何12個月期間本公司已發行股本之1%。

Shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company in any 12-month period.

由董事釐定及知會每名承授人,但於任何情況下不遲於授出購股權當日後十年內,惟受有關提前終止之條文所規限。

Determined and notified by the directors to each grantee, but shall end in any event not later than 10 years from the date of the grant of options subject to the provisions for early termination thereof.

由董事釐定及載於有關邀約函件中。

To be determined by the directors and included in the relevant offer letters.

無。

Nil.

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31. 購股權計劃 (續)

本公司之計劃概要如下: (續)

釐定行使價之基準

Basis for determining the exercise price

計劃之餘下年期

The remaining life of the Scheme

購股權並無賦予持有人收取股息或於 股東大會上投票之權利。

以下為年內根據計劃尚未行使之購股權:

31. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Cont'd)

A summary of the Scheme of the Company is as follows: (Cont'd)

由董事釐定,但必須為以下最高者(i)股份之面值;(ii)於邀請授出購股權當日(必須為營業日),在聯交所日報表所報普通股之收市價;及(iii)緊接授出購股權日期前五個營業日,普通股於聯交所日報表所報之平均收市價。

Determined by the directors but must be the highest of (i) the nominal value of shares; (ii) the closing price of the ordinary shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of offer the share of options, which must be a business day; and (iii) the average closing price of the ordinary shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant of options.

計劃維持有效,直至二零一二年八月二十七日。 The Scheme remains in force until 27 August 2012.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

The following share options were outstanding under the Scheme during the year:

本公司股份

	N	購股權數目 umber of share o	ptions				之價材 Price o Company's	of the
參與者姓名 Name of participant	於二零零五年 四月一日 At 1 April 2005	年內 已行使 Exercised during the year	於二零零六年 三月三十一日 At 31 March 2006	授出購股權日期 Date of grant of share options	購股權行使期限 Exercise period of share options	購股權 行使價** Exercise price of share options** 港元 HK\$	於購股相 At grant date of options HK\$	於購股權 行使日期 At exercise date of options 港元 HK\$
本公司之董事: Directors of the Company: 張舜堯先生 Mr. Francis Cheung	37,500,000	(37,500,000)	-	二零零四年 三月二十六日 26 March 2004	二零零四年 三月二十六日 至二零零九年 三月三十一日 26 March 2004 to 31 March 2009	0.252	0.240	0.350
馮潮澤先生 Mr. Fung Chiu Chak, Victor	10,000,000	(10,000,000)	_	二零零三年 三月三日* 3 March 2003*	二零零三年 三月二十八日 至二零零六年 三月三十一日 28 March 2003 to 31 March 2006	0.150	0.142	0.350



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31. 購股權計劃 (續)

本公司之計劃概要如下:(續)

以下為年內根據計劃尚未行使之購股權:(續)

31. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Cont'd)

A summary of the Scheme of the Company is as follows: (Cont'd)

The following share options were outstanding under the Scheme during the year: (Cont'd)

購股權數目
Number of share options

本公司股份 之價格 *** Price of the Company's shares***

	Į,	dolling of slight of	JIIOIIS				Company s	31101 63
參與者姓名 Name of participant	於二零零五年 四月一日 At 1 April 2005	年內 已行使 Exercised during the year	於二零零六年 三月三十一日 At 31 March 2006	授出購股權日期 Date of grant of share options	購股權行使期限 Exercise period of share options	購股權 行使價** Exercise price of share options** 港元 HK\$	於購股權 授出日期 At grant date of options 港元 HK\$	於購股權 行使日期 At exercise date of options 港元 HK\$
郭敏慧小姐 Miss Jennifer Kwok	12,000,000	(12,000,000)	-	二零零三年 三月三日 * 3 March 2003*	二零零三年 三月二十八日 至二零零六年 三月三十一日 28 March 2003 to 31 March 2006	0.150	0.142	0.350
趙展鴻先生 Mr. Chiu Chin Hung	5,000,000	(5,000,000)	-	二零零三年 三月三日* 3 March 2003*	二零零三年 三月二十八日 至二零零六年 三月三十一日 28 March 2003 to 31 March 2006	0.150	0.142	0.350
黃琦先生 Mr. Wong Kay	8,000,000	(8,000,000)	_	二零零三年 三月三日 * 3 March 2003*	二零零三年 三月二十八日 至二零零六年 三月三十一日 28 March 2003 to 31 March 2006	0.150	0.142	0.350

72,500,000 (72,500,000)

- * 每名承授人自授出購股權當日至二零 零四年三月三十一日(包括該日)可行 使高達30%之獲授購股權。其後,自 二零零四年四月一日至二零零五年三 月三十一日(包括該日)期間,每名承 授人可行使之購股權百分比增加至 60%,而由二零零五年四月一日至二 零零六年三月三十一日(包括該日)期 間則進一步增至100%。
- ** 購股權之行使價受供股或紅股發行或 本公司股本之其他類似變動而予以調整。
- *** 於授出購股權日期所披露之本公司股份價格為緊接授出購股權日期前之交易日在聯交所之收市價。於購股權行使日期所披露之本公司股份價格乃股份於聯交所收市價除以行使所有披露範疇內購股權之加權平均數。
- Each grantee was allowed to exercise up to 30% of the share options granted from the date of grant up to and including 31 March 2004. Thereafter, the percentage of the share options which may be exercised by each grantee was increased to 60% for the period from 1 April 2004 up to and including 31 March 2005, and further to 100% for the period from 1 April 2005 up to and including 31 March 2006.
- ** The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.
- *** The price of the Company's shares disclosed as at the date of the grant of the share options is the Stock Exchange closing price on the trading day immediately prior to the date of the grant of the options. The price of the Company's shares disclosed as at the date of the exercise of the share options is the weighted average of the Stock Exchange closing prices over all of the exercises of options within the disclosure line.

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32. 儲備

(a) 集團

於本年度及過往年度本集團儲備 金額及其變動於財務報表第33頁 之綜合權益變動表呈列。

根據中外合營企業之有關法例及 條例,本集團在中國註冊之附屬 公司之溢利部份已轉撥至限定使 用之法定儲備。

(b) 公司

32. RESERVES

(a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 33 of the financial statements.

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations for Sino-foreign joint venture enterprises, a portion of the profits of the Group's subsidiaries which are registered in the PRC has been transferred to statutory reserves which are restricted as to use.

(b) Company

吸份送價賬

		附註 Note	放货溢值版 Share premium account 千港元 HK\$'000	繳入盈餘 Contributed surplus 千港元 HK\$'000	保留溢利 Retained profits 千港元 HK\$'000	總計 Total <i>千港元</i> HK\$'000
於二零零四年 四月一日 發行股份 本年度淨虧損	At 1 April 2004 Issue of shares Net loss for the year	30	510,157 830 —	29,950 — —	33,098 — (1,994)	573,205 830 (1,994)
於二零零五年 三月三十一日 及二零零五年 四月一日	At 31 March 2005 and 1 April 2005	4	510,987	29,950	31,104	572,041
發行股份 本年度淨虧損	Issue of shares Net loss for the year	30	7,450		(2,356)	7,450
於二零零六年 三月三十一日	At 31 March 2006		518,437	29,950	28,748	577,135

本公司繳入盈餘指於本公司股份 上市前,根據於一九九一年之集 團重組所購入之附屬公司股份公 平值,較交換本公司已發行股份 之面值之餘額。根據一九八一年 百慕達公司法,在若干情況下, 本公司可自繳入盈餘分派予股 東。

The contributed surplus of the Company represents the excess of the fair value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group reorganisation in 1991 prior to the listing of the Company's shares, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor. Under the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, the Company may make distributions to its members out of the contributed surplus under certain circumstances.



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33. 經營租約安排

(a) 作為出租人

本集團根據經營租約安排,以租約年期介乎一至六年,出租其投資物業(附註14)及若干機器。租約條款一般亦要求租戶及客戶支付抵押訂金及按當時市況定期作出租金調整。

於結算日,本集團根據與租戶及 客戶訂立之不可撤銷經營租約於 以下年期之未來最低應收租金總 額如下:

一年內 第二至第五年 (包括首尾兩年)

33. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

(a) As lessor

The Group leases its investment properties (note 14) and certain machinery under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from one to six years. The terms of the leases generally also require the tenants and customers to pay security deposits and provide for periodic rental adjustments according to the then prevailing market conditions.

At the balance sheet date, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants and customers falling due as follows:

	集團			
	GR	OUP		
	二零零六年	二零零五年		
	2006	2005		
	千港元	千港元		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Within one year In the second to fifth years,	64,721	60,832		
inclusive	23,175	19,479		
	87,896	80,311		

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33. 經營租約安排(續)

(b) 作為承租人

本集團根據經營租約安排,以租 約年期介乎六至六十個月,承租 若干辦公室物業、貨倉及員工宿 舍。

於結算日,本集團根據不可撤銷 經營租約於以下年期之未來最低 租約付款總額如下:

一年內 第二至第五年, (包括首尾兩年)

本公司於結算日並無任何經營租約安排(二零零五年:無)。

33. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS (Cont'd)

(b) As lessee

The Group leases certain of its office properties, warehouses and staff quarters under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from six to sixty months.

At the balance sheet date, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

	集圏			
	GROUP			
	二零零六年 二零零五			
	2006	2005		
	千港元	千港元		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Within one year In the second to fifth years,	13,938	9,911		
inclusive	11,773	5,502		
	25,711	15,413		

The Company did not have any operating lease arrangements at the balance sheet date (2005: Nil).



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34. 承擔

除上文附註33(b)詳述之經營租約承擔外,於結算日,本集團就投資物業未於財務報表內作出撥備之已批准未來資本開支如下:

已授權,但未訂約 已訂約,但未作撥備

此外,本集團就發展中物業之已訂約 但未作撥備之承擔於二零零六年三月 三十一日為254,477,000港元。

於結算日,本公司概無任何重大承擔 (二零零五年:無)。

34. COMMITMENTS

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in note 33(b) above, the Group had the following authorised future capital expenditure for investment properties which had not been provided for in the financial statements at the balance sheet date:

集團

GR	GROUP		
二零零六年 二零零五			
2006	2005		
千港元	千港元		
HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
17,452	_		
15,924	44,960		
33,376	44,960		
	二零零六年 2006 千港元 HK\$'000 17,452 15,924		

In addition, the Group had contracted but not provided for commitments in respect of construction works relating to properties under development amounting to HK\$254,477,000 as at 31 March 2006.

The Company had no significant commitments at the balance sheet date (2005: Nil).

財務報表附註

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



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35. 或然負債

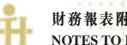
(a) 於結算日,未於財務報表內作出 撥備之或然負債如下:

35. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

(a) At the balance sheet date, contingent liabilities not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

		集團 GROUP		公司 COMPANY	
	=	零零六年	二零零五年	二零零六年	二零零五年
		2006	2005	2006	2005
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
就財務機構 向附屬公司批出 一般信貸貸款 及融資租約貸款 而給予之擔保	Guarantees given to financial institutions in connection with general credit facilities and finance lease facilities granted to subsidiaries	<u> </u>	_	507,859	450,767
就履約保證書 而作出之擔保	Guarantees in respect of performance bonds	76,492	41,306	76,492	41,306
	_	76,492	41,306	584,351	492,073

- (b) The Group had a contingent liability in respect of possible future long service payments to its employees under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance, with a maximum possible amount of HK\$3,094,000 as at 31 March 2006 (2005: HK\$5,319,000), as further explained under the heading "Employee benefits" in note 2.5 to the financial statements. The contingent liability has arisen because, at the balance sheet date, a number of current employees have achieved the required number of years of service to the Group in order to be eligible for long service payments under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance if their employment is terminated under certain circumstances. A provision has not been recognised in respect of such possible payments, as it is not considered probable that the situation will result in a material future outflow of resources from the Group.



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36. 關連人士交易

除財務報表所披露者外,本集團於年 內亦有下列關連人士交易:

(a) 與關連人士之未償還結存:

於結算日,本集團之聯營公司欠款之詳情載於財務報表附註18。

(b) 本集團主要管理人員之報酬如 下:

36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Save as disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group also had the following related party transactions during the year:

(a) Outstanding balance with a related party:

Details of the Group's amount due from its associate as at the balance sheet date are included in note 18 to the financial statements.

(b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group:

	集團 GROUP			
	二零零六年	二零零五年		
	2006	2005		
	千港元	千港元		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Short term employee benefits	16,301	15,418		
Post-employment benefits	120	108		
Total compensation paid to key management personnel	16,421	15,526		
munugemeni personner	10,421	13,320		



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37. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括現金及銀 行結存、應收貿易賬款及其他應付款項、應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項、 及銀行借貸。該等金融工具之詳情等 財務報表有關附註內披露。與該等金融工具有關之風險及如何減低管理 險之政策載列如下。管理層管理及地採 取適當措施。

信貸風險

本集團之主要金融資產為現金及銀行 結存、以及應收貿易賬款及其他應收 款項。

由於與本集團交易之銀行均具備國際 信貸評級機構授予之高信貸評級,故 銀行結存之信貸風險不大。

本集團之信貸風險主要來自其應收貿 易賬款及其他應收款項。管理層於各 結算日審閱每項個別貿易債項之可收 回金額,確保已就不可收回金額作出 足夠之減值虧損。就此而言,本公司 董事認為本集團之信貸風險已大幅減 小。

本集團並無信貸風險過度集中之情 況,所面對之風險分散至多個交易對 手及客戶。

現金流量利率風險

本集團所面對之利率變動風險主要來 自其附息銀行借貸。可變利率借款使 本集團面對現金流量利率風險。本集 團現時並無任何利率對沖政策。然 而,管理層監察本集團面對之利率風 險,並將於有需要時考慮對沖所面對 之重大利率風險。

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's major financial instruments include cash and bank balances, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables and bank borrowings. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes to these financial statements. The risk associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Credit risk

The Group's principal financial assets are cash and bank balances, trade and other receivables.

The credit risk on bank balances is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade and other receivables. Management reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at each balance sheet date to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk, with the exposure spreading over a large number of counterparties and customers.

Cash flow interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to changes in interest rates is mainly attributable to its interest-bearing bank borrowings. Borrowings at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, management monitors the Group's interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.



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37. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

外滙風險

本集團主要於香港及中國內地經營業務,其大部分交易均以港元及人民幣結算,故於年內毋須面對重大外滙風險。此外,人民幣兑換成外幣須受到中國政府所頒佈之外滙管制規則及法規所限。

管理層持續監察本集團所面對之貨幣 風險,並將於有需要時訂立對沖。

流動資金風險

本集團之目標為透過利用銀行借貸在 持續獲取資金與靈活性之間保持平 衡。本集團定期檢討其主要資金狀 況,確保有足夠財務資源應付其財務 承擔。

金融資產及金融負債之公平值

董事認為,於綜合資產負債表所報告 之金融資產及金融負債之賬面值與其 各自之公平值相若。

38. 比較數字

誠如財務報表附註2.2及2.4所進一步闡述,由於在本年度內採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則,財務報表內若干項目及結存之會計處理及呈列已作出修訂以遵守新規定。因此,已作出若干上年度及年初結存調整,並重新分類及重列若干比較數字以符合本年度之呈列及會計處理。

39. 財務報表之核准

董事局已於二零零六年七月二十八日 批准及授權刊發財務報表。

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates mainly in Hong Kong and Mainland China with most of its transactions settled in Hong Kong dollars and Renminbi and therefore did not have significant exposure to foreign exchange risk during the year. In addition, the conversion of Renminbi into foreign currencies is subject to the rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the PRC government.

Management monitors the Group's currency exposure on an ongoing basis and will enter into hedges when the need arises.

Liquidity risk

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank borrowings. The Group regularly reviews its major funding positions to ensure that it has adequate financial resources in meeting its financial obligations.

Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities

The directors consider that the carrying amounts of the financial assets and financial liabilities reported in the consolidated balance sheet approximate to their respective fair values.

38. COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS

As further explained in notes 2.2 and 2.4 to the financial statements, due to the adoption of new and revised HKFRSs during the current year, the accounting treatment and presentation of certain items and balances in the financial statements have been revised to comply with the new requirements. Accordingly, certain prior year and opening balance adjustments have been made and certain comparative amounts have been reclassified and restated to conform with the current year's presentation and accounting treatment.

39. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 28 July 2006.